

Works Access Permit

Registration Number: R1042766

Utility Reference: CBD-Generic Emergency Excavation / Non Excavation

Absolutely Positively
Wellington City Council
Me Heke Ki Pōneke

1. Details of Proposed Work

Activity: Open Trenching, Other (Specify Detail), Hand Digging, Pot Holing, Utility construction / maintenance, Utility Locating
Address: 0 Shell Lane, Wellington Central, Wellington, 6145
Location in road: Carriageway, Footpath, Berm, Nature Strip
WAP valid period: 01 November 2024 to 31 October 2025

2. The Parties

Wellington City Council being a body corporate in accordance with the Local Government Act 2002 ('the Corridor Manager;')
Wellington Water Alliance being an approved Utility Operator in accordance with Local Government Act 2002 submitting a request for access in accordance with that act;
Wellington Water Alliance being the agent of the Utility Operator submitting this request on behalf of the Utility Operator and in accordance with the Utility Operator's statutory rights ('the Applicant').

3. Attachments

Attachment 1 being the Schedule of Reasonable Conditions.
Attachment 2 being plan TMP reference: ATMS 2024-222 v3 CBD Emergency GTMP showing the agreed service location.

4. Background

(a) The Utility Operator wishes to carry out the works stated on CAR Number R1042766 and thereafter maintain the utility services established in the corridor;
(b) The Corridor Manager is required to provide a written consent in accordance with its governing legislation and to provide a schedule of reasonable conditions, if required, by the utility legislation under which the request for access has been made; and
(c) In accordance with the Code: Utilities' Access to the Transport Corridors and on behalf of the Corridor Manager, I give my written consent for access to the corridor at the agreed location and attach my schedule of reasonable conditions:
(d) In the case of State highways this Works Access Permit serves as the approvals required under sections 51 and 78 of the Government Roding Powers Act.
*All Contractors, Utility Operators and Principals are Persons Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU) under the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015. The National Code of Practice for Utility Operators Access to Transport Networks applies to all Utility Operators. The Wellington City Council Code of Practice for Working on the Road applies to all other parties working in the road corridor. All parties carrying out work in the roading corridor should be fully conversant with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the code under which they are carrying out their work.

Signed 

Date 01/11/2024

Amanda Wolfaardt acting pursuant to delegated authority.

FOR Corridor Manager APPROVAL USE ONLY

Time Spent Processing: 30 min(s)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Approved Contractor	<input type="checkbox"/>	Route Plan Submitted	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	TMP Submitted	<input type="checkbox"/>	Stockpiling Arrangements
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CONDITIONS

General Conditions

1. The Utility Operator must:

- (a) carry out all Work in Transport Corridors in accordance with the Code and KiwiRail's Specifications for Working in Railway Corridors;
- (b) undertake all Works in compliance with the Acts of Parliament and mandated codes of practice that relate to their industry and the type of Work described within the plans and methodology submitted;
- (c) install assets more or less in the location shown on the attached plans, and agree the exact location and position with the Road Corridor Manager before Work commences;
- (d) locate any Utility Structures in the Road Corridor in the agreed position shown on the drawings and clear of the Carriageway, Road Corridor furniture and kerbs, drains, manholes, etc. Utility Structures agreed to be within the trafficable part of the Road are to be flush with the surface and designed to withstand full heavy Traffic loading (NZTA's HN-HO-72 Traffic Loading);
- (e) provide a full description of the construction methodology, reinstatement, resurfacing and compaction and agree this with the Road Corridor Manager prior to Work commencing;
- (f) make the Works available at all times for inspection by any person representing the Road Corridor Manager;
- (g) if requested, pay the reasonable costs of the Road Corridor Manager in connection with the processing of this notice and for the monitoring and auditing of the Works; (See NZ Transport Agency Cost Structure under Clause 23)
- (h) keep a full copy of the Works Access Permit/ Permit to Enter and Reasonable Conditions on the Work Site at all times during the Works;
- (i) undertake remedial action on non-conforming Work within the timeframe set by the Road Corridor Manager, where reasonable and practicable;
- (j) gain all the necessary consents, approvals and permits from the relevant statutory and regulatory authorities at its own cost;
- (k) keep plans of the installed Work and make them available to the Railway Corridor Manager (in all cases) and Road Corridor Manager (on request);
- (l) compensate the Road Corridor Manager for any damage or costs incurred to the Road Corridor due to the Work or for costs resulting from the removal of abandoned installations, Utility Structures, components and equipment that belong to the Utility Operator;
- (m) repair all Road Corridor assets damaged as a result of the Works, should the Road Corridor Manager determine these are necessary prior to the end of the Warranty period;
- (n) restore to their original condition any surface or Utility Structure that was damaged or removed as a result of the Works;
- (o) control the surface water channels so as to cause minimal interference to existing flows;
- (p) fully restore the surface water channels at the completion of the Works;
- (q) notify the Road Corridor Manager of any maintenance Work it proposes to undertake within the two-year Warranty period;

- (r) have in place an approved TMP for Roads and Motorways at least two days prior to Work commencing on the Work Site;
- (s) provide the Road Corridor Manager with two Working Days' notice before commencement of Work on the Work Site;
- (t) ensure that the Work is carried out under the control of a warranted supervisor as required by the Code of Practice for Temporary Traffic Management and ensure that there are sufficient people on site specifically to control the flow of Traffic through the site in accordance with the TMP;
- (u) comply with instructions from an officer of the NZ Police Traffic Safety Branch or a duly authorised agent of the Road Corridor Manager in respect of Traffic management and safety;
- (v) complete Works in the Road Corridor in one continuous operation (suspension of Works over five continuous days requires the prior written permission of the Road Corridor Manager);
- (w) protect and maintain all Road Corridor signs, markers, signals, barriers and associated marking and replace them to the appropriate industry standard where they have been damaged by the Works;
- (x) complete and submit a Works Completion Notice form when the Works are complete; and
- (y) stop Work as necessary to meet the requirements of section 42 of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014.

2. Work must not take place on or near a State highway during and one day either side of a public holiday or public holiday weekend.
3. Where otherwise required due to Traffic volumes or specific residential or Central Business District requirements, the hours of Work must be as specified in the Local Conditions and Special Conditions.
4. The Warranty period starts from the date the Road Corridor Manager has given signed acceptance that the Work is complete or otherwise as provided in Section 4.7.1.7 of the Code.
5. Unless the Works stated in the WAP have started on the Work Site, the agreement relating to the Works will only remain valid for six months from the date of approval on the Works Access Permit.
6. The Road Corridor Manager must manage all applications relating to Road Corridor access in accordance with the timeframes and processes in the Code.
7. The Corridor Manager may:
 - (a) assess the suitability of any action proposed by the Utility Operator during the Warranty period and impose Reasonable Conditions that will maintain the integrity of the Road assets;
 - (b) arrange for remedial Work to be done and recover the costs incurred from the Utility Operator, if the Utility Operator fails to take action within the agreed timeframe; and
 - (c) instruct the Utility Operator to stop Work and leave the Work Site (having made the site safe) if the Works are not complying with the relevant Reasonable Conditions including any plans, relevant conditions or specifications contained in the Code, or permission requirements.

8. In granting this WAP, no vested right is created.
9. This WAP is not transferable without the written permission of the Road Corridor Manager.

Local Conditions

10. WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS REQUIREMENT

- * A letter drop must be made allowing 5 full business days before work commences.
- * Letters to be distributed to all residents, institutions and businesses within 100m of the work site.
- * The letter is to include 24/7 contact details for site management, the expected extent and duration of the work.
- * If there is an intention to relocate obstructing vehicles, this intention and how it will be carried out must be stated in the letter. Refer to relocation of vehicles for the full vehicle relocation procedure

11. HOURS OF WORK

This has been identified in section 8.1 the "WCC Code of Practice for working on the road". Please ensure these times are adhered to. If the timeframes can not be followed please discuss with the TMC. Failure will result in the removal of the site and charges will occur.

12. CODE OF PRACTICE FOR WORKING ON THE ROAD

Your activity must comply with the Wellington City Council Code of Practice for Working on the Road.

The Temporary Traffic Management Plan approval process is now independent of the Corridor Access Approval Process.

You will may receive two approvals for this works. Until you have received both your CAR and TTMP approval you may not commence work on site.

13. NOISE AND VIBRATION

* Special consideration must be made when carrying out noisy works outside the standard working hours i.e at night-time between 6:00pm-07:30am on any weekdays, Sunday's or Public Holidays and/or when using metal plates as temporary surfaces or undertaking noisy construction works

* Your approval to carry out noisy construction works outside standard working hours must be obtained and the original or copy uploaded to this CAR before work starts

* The provisions of the Resource Management Act with respect to noise control requirements must be met throughout the course of the work, which includes (but is not limited to) adopting the Best Practical Option (BPO) to manage and mitigate noise

* If unexpected emergencies mean the notification deadline cannot be met you must still contact and discuss with WCC's Acoustic Team. Contact can be made by emailing noiseteam@wcc.govt.nz or by calling 499-4444 and asking to speak to WCC's Acoustic Team.

* Any approved WAP is not a permit to make excessive or unreasonable noise or ignore the provisions of the Resource Management Act

* An approved TMP is not a permit to make excessive or unreasonable noise or do the work it is solely for traffic management.

* Any approved noise exemption is not a permit to ignore the provisions of the Resource Management Act with respect to the management of noise and vibration

You are required to apply for a noise exemption:

Please note that approval is provisional only and you must complete, submit and be granted noise exemption from the WCC Acoustic Team. Please find attached a copy

of the WCC Exemption Form to complete and submit. If work is conducted without exemption you are subject to enforcement action under the Resource Management Act.

14. **CHRISTMAS SHUTDOWN PERIOD FOR WORKING ON THE ROAD (Brown Out)**

This year's Christmas exemption period is 2nd to 27th of December 2024.

The last day for CAR/TMPs to be submitted before the Christmas period is 13th of December 2024 – any CARs submitted after this date will be cancelled and can be resubmitted the 6th of January 2025.

Christmas Hours / Brown Out map:

<https://wcc.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=103fb876b60f499fb5f0511673718a68>

To apply for exemption to work during the Christmas Shutdown Period, please apply online on the link below:

<https://forms.wellington.govt.nz/s3/brownout-period-exemption-form>

15. **TRAFFIC SIGNALS**

Wellington City Council TOC Process:

* Weekdays (Normal working hours Monday to Friday 09.00am to 04.00pm)

If temporary traffic management are within 100m of Traffic Signals, STMS will need to contact WCC TOC (Ahmed Alrawe 021 193 4758 or Scott Williams 021 229 6441) 10 minutes before installation/ removal of the closures

* Weeknights and Weekends (Outside of normal working hours):

If temporary traffic management are within 100m of Traffic Signals, STMS will need to contact WCC TOC (Ahmed Alrawe 021 193 4758 or Scott Williams 021 229 6441) 48-24 hours before closures start. If changes are required to the operation of the Traffic Signals, these will need to be scheduled with the TOC team. Please have a set timeframe ready when contacting TOC.

** Please note that if closures finish earlier than scheduled, the TTM will need to stay onsite until the signals turn back to normal.

* The Contractor is liable for the full cost of repairing loops, tobies, cables or other signal equipment damaged by their works.

Pedestrian Crossing Call Boxes

When signal callboxes are temporarily inaccessible (eg. due to footpath/ kerb and channel works).

There are several options available that TTM staff can use.

1/ Position a worker inside the work area to press the button.

2/ Taping over pushbuttons and asking the HTS contractor to auto-control (inside the cabinet) the phasing for pedestrians.

The issue with this option is, if left in place overnight it can cause noise complaints about the phases being called unnecessarily as well as disruption to traffic movements.

We now have the capability to apply a remote pushbutton press via SCATS. This is available for any selected crossing/s and any work period.

Please discuss the above options with our Traffic Signals (TOC) centre prior to the physical work starting.

16. **APPLICATION FOR AGREEMENT**

By signing the application for Agreement the principal/applicant/contractor takes full responsibility to notify/get permission from applicable departments as per application for agreement. If at any stage it has been noticed that approval was not given, the contractor may face a non-compliance penalty fee. WCC can ask for evidence in future application that communication needs to be uploaded to each CAR.

Special Conditions

17.

GENERIC - GENERAL

Prior to the expiry of this TMP, further work will be required to ensure that the actual TMDs used truly reflect the onsite conditions. It is expected that the approved TMDs will lessen over time based on your on-site checking assessments.

18.

GENERIC - APPROVED

Your approved generics have been accepted and approved, but these will require further enhancements, this is due to NZTA moving to a more risk-based approach for traffic management.

You are now required to show how this is mitigated in your generics and your onsite paperwork. It is expected that you will have developed a risk control plan (risk matrix) for your staff. All documentation on how this is achieved must be incorporated into your TMP. To help you develop your generics please see the new NZ guide to temporary traffic management document.

Your project may affect other key Wellington parties, such as GWRC bus companies (bus stop relocation, traffic management installation on bus routes) WCC Traffic Signals (temporary traffic management installation at or near permanent traffic signals) NZTA (when detour or additional traffic is on their network) Noise control (night works)

In such cases, please notify and document those that are affected. Also please ensure that your TMP has the process that your STMS will follow to complete a safe site.

GENERIC - ALL NON AND EXCAVATION WORKS. (All excavations works are to be completed using the minor excavation CAR. Any works greater than 20 metres require site specific CAR and TMP).

This Generic TMP is only approved with the specified conditions below.

1. This Generic TMP is only approved with the specified conditions below. All documentation required for this to be used on site shall be kept where it is always available for the Council's TMC to review or access. Failure to supply this information, will result in the cancellation of this Parent CAR.

2. Prior to any on-site works it is mandatory that the network user will upload their works programme by 12pm Thursday each week to council inbox, customercompliance@wcc.govt.nz. This will be uploaded to council's external webpage.

3. The use of a Generic CAR/TMPs does not automatically guarantee access to your worksite, check the online Road works report to make sure of any potential clashes: <https://wellington.govt.nz/services/parking-and-roads/road-works/road-works-and-road-closures>. With any onsite clashes agreement is to be reached and then uploaded onto the CHILD CAR.

4. This approval is conditional on the network user ensuring they meet the health and safety at work act.

Note: If any legislative or RCA changes are required to this TMP then notification

will be communicated through the CAR system.

The above could result in the current TMP not being suitable and could require redesigning. Please discuss directly with councils' officers.

19. **PARKING**

If contractors must move a parked vehicle from proposed work areas, they must follow the processes described below:

At least 24 hours before moving:

Complete a letter drop about the parking restrictions to all properties with 50m of the site.

Place a notice under the windscreen wipers of cars in the affected work site area.

At least 12 hours before moving:

Place signs displaying 'No Stopping' or 'Reserved Parking' at least every 6m along the road.

Note: for works on a Monday the no parking should be installed on a Friday, this will resolve the issues with No Parking installed on a Sunday afternoon and no time for locals to move their vehicles.

At the time of moving the vehicle:

Photograph existing damage to the vehicle

Have with them a person warranted in terms of Section 128D and section 128E of Land Transport Act 1998 to authorise the removal of the vehicle/s

Use a tow firm to relocate the vehicle/s to a nearby legal parking place

Notify the Council and Police immediately of the move and give details of the vehicle and relocation.

After the work is completed, the vehicle must be put back in the original location, unless other arrangements have been made with the owner of the vehicle.

Diplomatic parking will be affected and the following must be done:

- Diplomatic parking spaces must be relocated and legally sign posted
- The following must be advised of your intention and their concerns met. The advice must show where parks are to be relocated and the exact duration of the relocation.

o Murray.Peebles@police.govt.nz (O/C PS Wellington, NZ Police)

o Dale.Horner@Police.govt.nz (Residential Security Group Supervisor, PS Wellington, NZ Police)

o DPS@police.govt.nz

o PPO.PM@parliament.govt.nz

o Matthew.Fitzgerald@Police

o PPO.PM@parliament.govt.nz

o Matthew.Fitzgerald@Police.govt.nz (Snr Sgt – Road Policing, Wellington)

o Steve.Dyhrberg@dia.govt.nz (VIP Transport)

- If pay and display spaces are used as substitutes all pay and display signage must be replaced with DC CC FC parking signage and the pay and display machine for those spaces covered so that it cannot be used and a sign affixed to it advising the parking was now restricted to DC CC and FC plate vehicles only.

For more Information, please follow the link below

<https://wellington.govt.nz/services/parking-and-roads/road-works/work-on-the-roads/move-vehicles-for-road-works>

or call

Parking Enforcement (04) 499 4444

CAR Share Parks

If any Car Share Parks are affected because of your planned works, these car parks need to be replaced close to the original Car Share Spaces and the applicable Provider notified.

Appropriate and clear signage should be installed in the replacement spaces.

WCC has licences in place with Mevo and Cityhop. Contact details are as follows:

Alexandra Scott alex@cityhop.co.nz

Construction Loading Zone

Principal/Contractor to advise parking when site is completed and road markings and signage re-instated. Please email parkingrequests@wcc.govt.nz to request a site check. The CLZ fees/penalty fees may be charged until site is fully re-instated and enforceable by parking.

20. **GENERIC - NZTA**

Please ensure you follow NZTA conditions for working in WCC network, please check our weekly (online) road works report for any site conflicts.

Reminder: any work outside WCC standard working hours could require noise approval. Please discuss directly with our noise team.

21. **WAP & TMP EXTENSIONS**

Applicant/Principal to advise WCC (customercompliance@wcc.govt.nz) if a WAP extension is needed. An updated TMP to be uploaded to the CAR for review. If stages of the work have been completed, the relevant TTM setups are to be deleted out of the TMP and TMP updated for only the necessary TTM set ups. WAP extensions will only be granted if work is rescheduled within a one-month period. If an extension is needed out of the one-month grace period, a new CAR is to be created and a TMP to be uploaded.

22. **WORK CLASHES**

Applicant/Principal of CAR to check for any work clashes and liaise with the applicable work clash. WCC weekly RWR to be checked before work commence, follow link below:

<https://wellington.govt.nz/parking-roads-and-transport/roads/road-works/current-road-works-and-closures>

23. **UNDERGROUND ASSET DATA INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS**

1. **New Assets** - these are new assets which are placed in the transport corridor. This information should be supplied in a geospatial format to the Principal. The Principal is responsible for providing a copy of the as-built direct to Wellington City Council within 4 months of physical works completion. Contact wuam@wcc.govt.nz to arrange instructions on how to upload the data. Please note, the NUO is required to update their own asset records within the same time frame.

2. **Removed asset or moved asset** – these are assets that are removed from the transport corridor or moved to another location in the same corridor. This information should be supplied in a geospatial format to the Principal. The Principal is responsible for providing a copy of the as-built direct to Wellington City Council within 4 months of physical works completion. Contact wuam@wcc.govt.nz to arrange instructions on how to upload the data. Please note, the NUO who owns the asset that has been moved or removed is required to update their own asset records within the same time frame.

3. **Wrongly recorded assets** – these are assets which are discovered to be in a different location than shown in an asset register or on a utility plan or design drawing. This definition also extends to assets which have wrongly recorded attribution – such as an asset which is abandoned but is showing as operational on a plan. Section 5.2.2 of the National Code of Practice should be followed. Please note, the NUO who owns the wrongly recorded asset is required to update their own asset records within the time frame as specified in the Code.

4. **Unidentified buried assets and objects** – these are assets and objects which are

discovered during surveys or excavation but which are not identified on any plan prior. Section 5.2.2 of the National Code of Practice should be followed. If an asset owner is not found then details of the unidentified buried object should be provided to wuam@wcc.govt.nz. Format should include a geotagged photo and / or a marked up scaled plan. The provision of imagery shall include files in JPEG and PNG formats, with a minimum resolution of 1920x1080 pixels.

The provided imagery should include geo-referenced metadata in the form of embedded latitude and longitude coordinates, utilising the WGS 84 coordinate system (ensure your phone's location services are enabled, and activate the location setting in your camera app to include geographical data in your photos - this is might be a setting such as 'enable geotagging')

5. On-site observations of assets – an example of this data would be an image capture of excavated and exposed services in a transport corridor. E.g. buried well, or contaminated land. This information is useful for subsequent projects. The provision of imagery shall include files in JPEG and PNG formats, with a minimum resolution of 1920x1080 pixels. The provided imagery should include geo-referenced metadata in the form of embedded latitude and longitude coordinates, utilising the WGS 84 coordinate system (ensure your phone's location services are enabled, and activate the location setting in your camera app to include geographical data in your photos - this is might be a setting such as 'enable geotagging'). This information should be sent to wuam@wcc.govt.nz

24. Retrospective CARS to be submitted within 2 working days.

A3: Corridor Access Request (CAR) for Roads		No: R1042766
Utility Operator	Wellington Water Alliance	
Contact Name	Bob Wilson	
Contact Details	027 3355 334 – Bob.Wilson@wellingtonwater.co.nz	

Bill Payer	Wellington Water Super Account – Wellington Water Alliance
Contact Details	04 912 4470 – wwlandaccess@wellingtonwater.co.nz

Notifies

Corridor Manager/s	Jarred Kirk Amanda Wolfaardt
Contact details	

of our intention to undertake the following Work:

Type of Work (tick):

Project	<input type="checkbox"/>	Major	<input type="checkbox"/>	Minor	<input type="checkbox"/>	Emergency	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Details of proposed Work (tick all relevant aspects):

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Open Trenching	<input type="checkbox"/>	Installing Cabinets / Pedestals
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horizontal / Vertical Drilling	<input type="checkbox"/>	Installing other Structure/s (Specify Below)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Installing Chamber/s	<input type="checkbox"/>	Removing/pole/cabinet/Pedestal/Structure/s
<input type="checkbox"/>	Installing Poles / Posts / Piles	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other (Specify Below)

Description Of Works

P1/2 Emergency Excavation/Non-Excavation Works:

This generic global is to allow Wellington Water and approved contractors to work within the road corridor under the conditions below.

National Code Definition of Emergency Works:

Works that require an immediate response to restore the integrity of the Utility Structure or secure the situation for the safety of the Public and relates to:

- Restoration of supply following an unplanned outage or interruption of supply.
- Rectification of a dangerous situation including support requested by an emergency service.
- Unplanned events that have a significant impact on a Road, a Railway, a bridge, public health, public safety, or the security of supply to a network.

1. Works not covered under this generic:

The works below will require a different generic, else a site specific and a planned CAR.

- Minor excavation and non-excavation work including reinstatement (refer to minor & non-excavation generics).
- If a contractor not listed in the approved list and isn't approved by Wellington Water will be used for the work.
- Works that impact traffic in a way not covered under any generic TMDs.
- All emergency works that cannot be completed in 48 hours after initial response.

Site specifics must be approved by RCA before works can commence.

2. Emergency excavation/non-excavation works covered under this generic that utilise generic TMDs:

Refer to section 3 on whether a generic TMD or retrospective is required after initial response.

- Emergency access/repair/replacement to an asset on State Highway or Kiwi Rail land (**initial response only at the discretion RCA/Kiwi Rail before attending**).
- Repair/replacement of a broken, faulty, or missing water network asset that is:
 - a health and safety risk.
 - causing low to no water pressure resulting in no water service to one or more properties.
 - causing damages to a property, asset, or the road corridor.
 - resulting in a significant loss of water from the network.
 - this includes but is not limited to pipe or fitting leaks, seized/snapped handles of valves, buried tobies, faulty water pump stations, or missing hydrant lids.

- Repair/replacement of a broken, faulty, or missing stormwater or wastewater network asset that is:
 - a health and safety risk.
 - overflowing or leaking wastewater.
 - blocked and resulting in either limited or no use of that asset by properties or utilises that use it.
 - causing flooding to a property or the road corridor.
 - causing damages to a property, asset, or the road corridor.
 - this includes but is not limited to blocked stormwater mains resulting in active flooding, overflowing wastewater manholes, loose or dangerous manhole covers, or faulty wastewater pumps.
- Accessing and operating 3-water network assets to:
 - operate valves on the network to complete an emergency repair/replacement, prevent property/asset damage, stop a significant loss of water or restore water service.
 - locate unknown, missing or buried assets as part of an emergency repair/replacement or shutdown.
 - flush out debris, foreign objects or blockages of any kind preventing the use of that asset.
 - flush out discoloured water or air pockets to resume the usual service of the water network.
 - access a chamber/manhole to complete an emergency repair.
 - this includes but is not limited to flushing water hydrants, flushing wastewater/stormwater mains, or operating a valve to shut water off to allow a repair to a leaking service.
- Filling potholes to avoid damage to buried assets and utility lines.
- Urgent utility/asset mark outs, leak detection and asset location (e.g., toby).
- Potholing to identify buried utility lines and avoid damage to them.
- Assessing pollution into the stormwater network, waterways or streams.
- Third party damages to council assets.
- Permanent reinstatement following an emergency excavation, that can be completed the same day/night that the excavation occurs.

3. **Works covered under this generic, but may require a retrospective TMD after initial response:**

Initial response can utilise a generic TMD to allow access and repair unless RCA advises otherwise.

- Emergency works that impact traffic or pedestrians in a way not covered under any generic TMD.
- Emergency works on State Highway (requires prior communication with RCA).
- Emergency works within Kiwi Rail Property (requires prior communication from Kiwi Rail).
- Works that involve relocating a bus stop or mobility parking.
- Works that are not completed within 48 hours.

4. **Works requiring notification before commencing:**

If you cannot directly contact the people below, these notifications can be directed to Land Access 7:00am - 5:00pm Monday - Friday, or the Night Supervisor/On-Call Team Leader outside these hours and weekends.

- Removal of mobility parking to RCAs.
- Footpath and Road Closures to RCAs.
- Works or traffic signage/TTM on State Highways to NZTA/WTAs for a Wrike number.
- Works or traffic signage/TTM within 100m of Kiwi Rail property to Kiwi Rail.
- Works impacting bus stops or bus routes (e.g., stop-go) to Metlink.
- Works impacting a school during school hours to RCAs.
- Emergency night works to Land Access (day) or night supervisor/Council (night).
- Daytime water shutdowns to the HUB.
- Afterhours shutdowns to night supervisor/Council.

5. **Generic TMDs that can be set up by service crew:**

An external traffic management company will be required if you do not carry correct signage.

CC1	Work on berm or footpath – light vehicle parked in carriageway.	F2.1	Footpath diverted onto berm behind working space.
CC2	Traffic not crossing road centre – heavy vehicle parked in carriageway.	F2.2	Footpath diverted onto berm between workspace and carriageway.
CC3	Work on berm or footpath – vehicle parked on berm	F2.5	Shoulder and roadside activities – work on berm and/or footpath.
CC4	Footpath diverted onto shoulder or parking lane	F2.6	Shoulder and roadside activities – work in parking lane
CC5	Footpath controller guiding pedestrians	F2.7	Shoulder closure
CC7	Valve in shoulder or berm.	J2.16a	Cul-de-sac closure
CC8	Valve towards left of the lane.		
CC9	Valve towards right of the lane.		
CC12	Less than 75m clear sight distance (CSD)		

Any TMD not listed above will require an external traffic management company to set up.

6. Vehicles/Crews required for works:

- Standard crews have 1-2 service vehicles equipped with beacons onsite along with any small plant and equipment, with crew setting up own TMD.
- Extended crew include but are not limited to hydro vac truck, digger, jet flusher, mini combo, and/or water tanker in addition to standard crew vehicles.
- Traffic management vehicles if standard crew are unable to set up own traffic.
- Reinstatement vehicles or plant vehicles when possible/required.

7. Corridor Access Request (CAR):

- All works completed under this generic should have a retrospective child CAR raised within 2 working days of works completion.
- Emergency State Highway work may require a retrospective emergency CAR raised before works commence the same day, else the next working day.
- Excavation works that require a site specific will need a planned excavation CAR raised and approved prior to works commencing.
- Reinstatement following emergency works can utilise the retrospective CAR if it can be completed under the minor generic or within the traffic site set up for the initial emergency works, otherwise for all site-specific reinstatements a new CAR will need to be raised.
- If a retrospective TMP is requested, traffic management will be added to the CAR to upload relevant documents.
- Weekly spreadsheet reports sent to the WTA RCA advising them of all excavations that have occurred under the generic within their road corridor including open excavations, tempseals, and permanent reinstatements.

8. Crew and sub-contractor responsibilities:

Sub-contractors to notify Team Leader prior to carrying out their work activity.

- Ensure proper traffic and pedestrian management is in place with correct TMD to suit work site.
- Complete a new RCP form for every excavation.
- Carry out safety induction as per RCP process for each job.
- Ensure safety is always prioritised and adhered to.
- Ensure all efforts are made to minimise disruption to residents, businesses, and pedestrians.
- Make sure relevant documents are on site, including service/utility plans.
- Mark out utility/council assets before carrying out excavation work.
- Provide at minimum one of each: before photo, wide street view of location photo, repair photo, after repair, and how site was left (e.g. tempseal, backfill, complete reinstatement).
- Provide additional photos as required.
- Write clear notes of what was repaired.
- Complete reinstatement of site after excavation where possible.
- Site is pack up and left clean and tidy.
- Temporary surface must be installed same day, else appropriate signage/fencing must be used in areas where tempsealing is not possible.

Address:	All Roads / Footpaths / Berms within: Wellington City Council Region CENTRAL ZONE
----------	--

Location in Road (tick):

Carriageway	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Footpath	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Berm	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
-------------	-------------------------------------	----------	-------------------------------------	------	-------------------------------------

Estimated timing	Start Date Time	01/11/24 – 24Hrs	End Date	31/10/25 – 24Hrs	Duration Days	365
Reference No's:	Utility		Consents			
Utility Structures likely to be affected by the Work	Name of UO	Contact person	Contact details		UO has been notified and consulted with.	

Applicant's details


Role in Work (tick):	<input type="checkbox"/>	Utility Operator	<input type="checkbox"/>	Consultant	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Contractor	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other
----------------------	--------------------------	------------------	--------------------------	------------	-------------------------------------	------------	--------------------------	-------

Company name	Wellington Water Alliance	Contact person	Daniel Paulo
Postal address	Level 4 - 25 Victoria Street, Petone, Lower Hutt		
Phone (W)	04 912 4470	Phone (Mob)	021 949 871
E-mail	wwlandaccess@wellingtonwater.co.nz	Fax number	N/A

If the above information is not provided, processing of the CAR may be suspended until such time as the required information is provided.

We hereby agree for/or on behalf of the Utility Operator to comply in full with the requirements of the Code: *Utility*

Operators' Access to the Transport Corridors, and any other Reasonable Conditions required by the Corridor Manager and to keep this notice on site while Work is in progress. This request is valid for 6 months from date of issue.

Signed		Date	25/10/2024
--------	---	------	------------

Health and Safety Policy



Our Purpose |

Creating excellence in regional water services for healthy communities

Our Vision

Our people, suppliers and affected parties go home healthy and safe

Our Beliefs

- Health and safety is our top priority
- We look after ourselves; everyone takes personal responsibility for their own health and safety
- We look out for each other, suppliers and the public; we make sure everyone is safe
- Wellington Water takes a methodical approach to health and safety; we continuously review our systems to ensure they are up-to-date and ensure that health and safety is foremost in infrastructure planning and design
- We're committed to health and safety at all times; nobody walks past an unsafe activity or work site - we make it safe

Our Commitments

Leadership

- We make sure our people work in a safe environment
- We make sure our work sites are safe for suppliers, neighbours and the general public
- We empower our people to manage health and safety in all situations and to stop unsafe acts as they happen; we make sure there's a safe working environment before work continues
- We proactively identify and manage hazards and ensure safe behaviour
- We support the safe and early return to work of any of our people who are injured or sick, and support and follow up on anyone who is injured on a Wellington Water site
- We recognise staff and suppliers who practice excellence in health and safety

Systems

- We make sure our people have the training, skills and resources to work safely
- We ensure infrastructure managed by Wellington Water is designed, constructed, operated and maintained safely, and will remain safe for our people, suppliers and the community
- We accurately record, investigate and report incidents and learn from them
- We monitor our health and safety performance and that of our suppliers as a basis for continuous improvement and identifying new and safer ways of working

Working with others

- Our suppliers are required to commit to our vision of our people and suppliers going home healthy and safe
- We make sure all suppliers working on behalf of Wellington Water have high quality health and safety systems in place
- We comply with and exceed all relevant legislation, regulations, codes of practice and industry standards
- We interpret health and safety broadly and work with all stakeholders to achieve our health and safety vision

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Colin Crampton'.

COLIN CRAMPTON
CHIEF EXECUTIVE



Living Safely Policy

People at the heart of everything we do

Living safely is how we go about every aspect of our lives; all day, every day. It is more than work, it is about integrating our work, home and interests, our desire to get the best out of life, and to be the best we can. It is recognising our strengths and weaknesses, and making positive choices that benefit our wellbeing and way of life, including those of others in the communities in which we live and work.

We will:

- Demonstrate our commitment through active and visible leadership
- Abide by a simple safety management system that encourages health and safety ownership by each and every individual
- Incorporate health and safety into the way we design, plan and do our work
- Work collaboratively with our subcontractors to meet the required health and safety standards
- Enhance our health and safety skills and behaviours through training and development
- Foster a culture of reporting, learning and sharing
- Be empowered to maintain a safe and healthy workplace
- Promote a positive health and wellbeing mindset
- Meet or exceed relevant standards and legal requirements
- Set measurable objectives and targets to ensure continual improvement



C W Bruyn
Managing Director

Date:		Site	Address / Location	First Aider(s)	Name	Permits Required	
Person in charge of task(s)	Name & Number	Assembly Point:	Location	First Aid Kit	Location	Permit	Expiry
Person in charge of site	Name & Number (if different from above)	Nearest Hospital or Clinic:	Address / Location	Fire Equipment	Location	Permit	Expiry
Emergency Contact	Name & Number	STMS	Name & Number	Spill Kit & Chemical Inventory	Location	Permit	Expiry
Maximo Number		Brief Description of Work				E.g. Digging, heights, confined spaces, hot work, asbestos, close approach, other...	

Prompts: Traffic Management | Working at Heights | Mobile Plant | Utility Services | Fixed Plant | Excavations | Wellbeing | Confined Spaces | Chemicals | Lifting | Environmental

What is the plan for the day?

Sketch - plan - map - image

Prompts:

Take 5 & think about your work - Assess the job/site, Analyse the risks, Take action

What am I doing? What could go wrong? How could I make it safer? Discuss with everyone

Consider everyone's wellbeing - Are you fit for work? Is everyone else?

HOLD POINT

Could this work adversely affect the treatment plant process?

YES / NO

Work on a system with no redundancy

Work on chemical dosing equipment

Excavation works with 1 m of a critical asset (e.g. Bulk Water Transmission main)

Isolation of any equipment critical to water supply

Work that can affect drinking water compliance

If answer yes:

Have you reviewed the [High Risk](#)/[Low Risk](#) Work at Water Treatment Plants flow charts?

YES / NO

What is the process adversely affected?

What is the potential risk?

Contact the Duty Controller/Operator prior to start work. Ensure a mitigation plan is in place

Physical Distancing – At **Orange** and **Red** maintain at least 1 m from other people, or if this isn't practical wear a mask.

Stay home if unwell – if you have any cold or flu symptoms, stay home and call Healthline on 0800 358 5453 for advice. Speak with your manager.

Record your movements – Take note of your movements using the NZ Covid Tracer App and Who's on Location.

Wash your hands with soap and water often (for at least 20 seconds). Then dry. **OR** use hand sanitiser

Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces and objects, such as doorknobs, toilets, gates

QPulse Ref: HSET-0011

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Risk Control Plan v1

Review of the controls is required when job extends beyond one day (open for maximum 7 days)

Date								
Reviewer								









Note: The reviewer is the person taking responsibility of the job/work (does not have to be a team leader)

[illegible]

Have you... Read, understood, and signed below before starting work?
If you answered NO to any questions PAUSE and check with Site Manager / your Team Leader

[illegible]

		Likelihood					
		Category	Rare 1	Highly Unlikely 2	Unlikely 3	Possible 4	Likely 5
Consequence	Substantial 100	Moderate (100) - 15	High (500) - 19	High (1000) - 22	Extreme (5000) - 24	Extreme (10000) - 25	
	Major 70	Moderate (50) - 10	Moderate (250) - 14	High (500) - 18	High (2500) - 21	Extreme (5000) - 23	
	Moderate 40	Low (10) - 6	Moderate (50) - 9	Moderate (100) - 13	Moderate (500) - 17	High (1000) - 20	
	Minor 10	Low (5) - 3	Low (25) - 5	Low (50) - 8	Low (250) - 12	Low (500) - 16	
	Minimal 1	Low (1) - 1	Low (5) - 2	Low (10) - 4	Low (50) - 7	Low (100) - 11	

	Compulsory Day-glo vests, shirts or overalls are mandatory on all work sites (worn done up)		P2 mask to worn when working with wastewater or around dust and fumes Face coverings are required where 1 m physical distancing can't be maintained, and in certain public settings.
	Compulsory Steel or composite capped lace up boots are mandatory on all work sites (steel capped gumboots in wet conditions)		Full cover clothing or overalls must be worn where there is a risk of abrasions, sun, heat, and other contaminants
	Must be worn if lifting machinery is on site and when something could fall on you, or you could fall		Must be worn when risk of dust or foreign objects entering the eye. Wrap around eye protection compulsory when working with wastewater.
	Must be worn when you need to raise your voice to be heard by someone 1 m away		Must be worn for material handling and when handling hazardous materials (not to be when there is a risk of entanglement)

Subcontractor	<input type="text"/>	Date	<input type="text"/>
Project/Contract	<input type="text"/>	Time	<input type="text"/>
WWA Site Manager/ Supervisor	<input type="text"/>	Auditor	<input type="text"/>
Subcontractor Personnel contacted on Site: <input type="text"/>			

ALL "NO" RESPONSES ARE REQUIRED TO HAVE ACTIONS ENTERED INTO CAMS.

PRE-SITE CHECKS	Comments / Observations / Verifications	
Signed, current subcontract agreement. (View record in CAS Register)	Record scope of works in agreement :	
Check CAMs cases for subcontractor over last 12 months. Record any significant issues/ items to follow up on and review on site.		
ON-SITE DOCUMENTATION/ OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS Relevant to subcontractors AND any sublet subcontractors.		
	Comments / Observations / Verifications	Achieved Yes/No/NA
What work is the subcontractor doing on site ? Verify work being completed by the subcontractor is covered by the scope of the subcontract agreement. NB: If NOT in scope a written /signed amendment to agreement is required.		
Number of subcontractor workers on site.		
Are any sublet workers (subbies subbie) on site? Record Company name, number on site and if approval for their use is documented.		
Are all subcontractor (and sublet) workers inducted onto site. (check Prestart Tailgate record / Induction register)		
Prestart / Risk Control Plan has been completed and all subcontractor (and sublet) workers have signed on. If using their own Risk Assessment forms are hazards risk rated, controls well defined and effective?		
Approved TMP or vehicle and pedestrian management plan is on site, fully implemented and effective.		
There is an emergency plan on site which includes emergency contact numbers and first aiders on site.		
Applicable H&S permits/notifications been completed correctly, available on site and used by subcontractors e.g. Worksafe notifications, Permit to Dig, Confined Space etc.		
Subcontractor has been provided with job specific details including job instructions, plans, specs and drawings etc. Check have current version numbers.		
Required tests, inspections and quality checks are being completed and documented by subcontractor including conformance of products and materials being used in the Subcontract works.		
All subcontractor incidents/non-compliances are being recorded and reported through CAMS.		
All relevant environmental resource consents/permits on site and conditions complied with by subcontractor-consider discharge to land, water or air.		

PPE/PPC worn on site by subcontractor workers is compliant with FH and client/activity requirements.		
Subcontractor workers have the correct licences/certifications for the plant they are operating. Seat belts worn where applicable.		
Subcontractor workers have relevant operational competencies for tasks they are doing e.g. Construct Safe card / TC or STMS / electrical registration		
Safety critical items of Subcontractors plant and equipment on site has been checked for compliance with FH / Regulatory requirements? e.g. Rego/ COF, flashing lights, reversing beepers, seatbelts, protective structures, anti-burst valves, emergency equip, plant in good condition, no visible wear on hydraulic hoses etc.	List Safety Critical Items of Plant and Equipment	
Subcontractors Vehicle/Plant daily pre-start checks completed and documented for all plant on site.		
Critical safety and quality equipment is calibrated or tagged e.g lasers, lifting gear, harnesses, gas meters		
Plant & Equipment is correctly isolated and Lock Out Tag Out procedures followed where required.		
Safe work methodologies implemented and observed adherence to Life Saving Rules e.g. working at heights, excavations, lifting, safety zones etc		
Hazardous substances are labelled, stored correctly and safe handling methods implemented		
General site condition – housekeeping standard, lighting,safe access/ egress		

General Comments/Observations:

ACTIONS TO ENTER IN CAMS: CAMs No: _____

Original to be placed on Contract file and a copy forwarded to SQE Department/Subcontractor Administrator:

Audit entered into CAMs ☐ Copy forwarded to Subcontractor ☐ Copy placed on Subcontractor File ☐

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN (TMP) – FULL FORM

Use this form for complex activities. Refer to the NZ Transport Agency's Traffic control devices manual, part 8 Code of practice for temporary traffic management (CoPTTM), section E, appendix A for a guide on how to complete each field.

Organisations /TMP reference	TMP reference:	Contractor (Working space):	Principal (Client):		
	ATMS 2024-222 v3 CBD Emergency GTMP	As per attached list	Wellington Water		
		Contractor (TTM):	RCA:		
		As per attached list	Wellington City Council		
Location details and road characteristics	Road names and Suburb		House no./RPs	Road level	Speed Limit
			From and to		
	Various roads/ streets within the WCC CBD Zone area (excluding SH)		Various	01	10,30, 40 & 50km/h
Traffic details (main route)	AADT		Peak flows		
	Various		<div>Start</div> <div>End</div>		
			<div>AM</div> <div>0700am</div> <div>0900am</div>		
			<div>PM</div> <div>1600pm</div> <div>1800pm</div>		

Description of work activity

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WCC CBD Emergency GTMP

P1/2 Emergency Excavation/Non-Excavation Works:

This generic global is to allow Wellington Water and approved contractors to work within the road corridor under the conditions below.

National Code Definition of Emergency Works:

Works that require an immediate response to restore the integrity of the Utility Structure or secure the situation for the safety of the Public and relates to:

- Restoration of supply following an unplanned outage or interruption of supply.
- Rectification of a dangerous situation including support requested by an emergency service.
- Unplanned events that have a significant impact on a Road, a Railway, a bridge, public health, public safety, or the security of supply to a network.

• **Works not covered under this generic:**

The works below will require a different generic, else a site specific and a planned CAR.

- Minor excavation and non-excavation work including reinstatement (refer to minor & non-excavation generics).
- If a contractor not listed in the approved list and isn't approved by Wellington Water will be used for the work.
- Works that impact traffic in a way not covered under any generic TMDs.
- All emergency works that cannot be completed in 48 hours after initial response.

Site specifics must be approved by RCA before works can commence.

• **Emergency excavation/non-excavation works covered under this generic that utilise generic TMDs:**

Refer to section 3 on whether a generic TMD or retrospective is required after initial response.

- Emergency access/repair/replacement to an asset on State Highway or Kiwi Rail land (*initial response only at the discretion RCA/Kiwi Rail before attending*).
- Repair/replacement of a broken, faulty, or missing water network asset that is:
 - a health and safety risk.
 - causing low to no water pressure resulting in no water service to one or more properties.
 - causing damages to a property, asset, or the road corridor.
 - resulting in a significant loss of water from the network.
 - this includes but is not limited to pipe or fitting leaks, seized/snapped handles of valves, buried tobies, faulty water pump stations, or missing hydrant lids.
- Repair/replacement of a broken, faulty, or missing stormwater or wastewater network asset that is:
 - a health and safety risk.
 - overflowing or leaking wastewater.
 - blocked and resulting in either limited or no use of that asset by properties or utilises that use it.
 - causing flooding to a property or the road corridor.
 - causing damages to a property, asset, or the road corridor.
 - this includes but is not limited to blocked stormwater mains resulting in active flooding, overflowing wastewater manholes, loose or dangerous manhole covers, or faulty wastewater pumps.
- Accessing and operating 3-water network assets to:
 - operate valves on the network to complete an emergency repair/replacement, prevent property/asset damage, stop a significant loss of water or restore water service.
 - locate unknown, missing or buried assets as part of an emergency repair/replacement or shutdown.
 - flush our debris, foreign objects or blockages of any kind preventing the use of that asset.
 - flush out discoloured water or air pockets to resume the usual service of the water network.
 - access a chamber/manhole to complete an emergency repair.
 - this includes but is not limited to flushing water hydrants, flushing wastewater/stormwater mains, or operating a valve to shut water off to allow a repair to a leaking service.
- Filling potholes to avoid damage to buried assets and utility lines.
- Urgent utility/asset mark outs, leak detection and asset location (e.g., toby).
- Potholing to identify buried utility lines and avoid damage to them.
- Assessing pollution into the stormwater network, waterways or streams.
- Third party damages to council assets.
- Permanent reinstatement following an emergency excavation, that can be completed the same day/night that the excavation occurs.

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- **Works covered under this generic, but may require a retrospective TMD after initial response:**

Initial response can utilise a generic TMD to allow access and repair unless RCA advises otherwise.

- Emergency works that impact traffic or pedestrians in a way not covered under any generic TMD.
- Emergency works on State Highway (requires prior communication with RCA).
- Emergency works within Kiwi Rail Property (requires prior communication from Kiwi Rail).
- Works that involve relocating a bus stop or mobility parking.
- Works that are not completed within 48 hours.

- **Works requiring notification before commencing:**

If you cannot directly contact the people below, these notifications can be directed to Land Access 7:00am - 5:00pm Monday - Friday, or the Night Supervisor/On-Call Team Leader outside these hours and weekends.

- Removal of mobility parking to RCAs.
- Footpath and Road Closures to RCAs.
- Works or traffic signage/TTM on State Highways to NZTA/MTA RCAs for a Wrike number.
- Works or traffic signage/TTM within 100m of Kiwi Rail property to Kiwi Rail.
- Works impacting bus stops or bus routes (e.g., stop-go) to Metlink.
- Works impacting a school during school hours to RCAs.
- Emergency night works to Land Access (day) or night supervisor/Council (night).
- Daytime water shutdowns to the HUB.
- Afterhours shutdowns to night supervisor/Council.

- **Generic TMDs that can be set up by service crew:**

An external traffic management company will be required if you do not carry correct signage.

CC1	Work on berm or footpath – light vehicle parked in carriageway.	F2.1	Footpath diverted onto berm behind working space.
CC2	Traffic not crossing road centre – heavy vehicle parked in carriageway.	F2.2	Footpath diverted onto berm between workspace and carriageway.
CC3	Work on berm or footpath – vehicle parked on berm	F2.5	Shoulder and roadside activities – work on berm and/or footpath.
CC4	Footpath diverted onto shoulder or parking lane	F2.6	Shoulder and roadside activities – work in parking lane
CC5	Footpath controller guiding pedestrians	F2.7	Shoulder closure
CC7	Valve in shoulder or berm.	J2.16a	Cul-de-sac closure
CC8	Valve towards left of the lane.		
CC9	Valve towards right of the lane.		
CC12	Less than 75m clear sight distance (CSD)		

Any TMD not listed above will require an external traffic management company to set up.

- **Vehicles/Crews required for works:**

- Standard crews have 1-2 service vehicles equipped with beacons onsite along with any small plant and equipment, with crew setting up own TMD.
- Extended crew include but are not limited to hydro vac truck, digger, jet flusher, mini combo, and/or water tanker in addition to standard crew vehicles.
- Traffic management vehicles if standard crew are unable to set up own traffic.
- Reinstatement vehicles or plant vehicles when possible/required.

- **Corridor Access Request (CAR):**

- All works completed under this generic should have a retrospective child CAR raised within 2 working days of works completion.

- Emergency State Highway work may require a retrospective emergency CAR raised before works commence the same day, else the next working day.

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- Excavation works that require a site specific will need a planned excavation CAR raised and approved prior to works commencing.
- Reinstatement following emergency works can utilise the retrospective CAR if it can be completed under the minor generic or within the traffic site set up for the initial emergency works, otherwise for all site-specific reinstatements a new CAR will need to be raised.
- If a retrospective TMP is requested, traffic management will be added to the CAR to upload relevant documents.
- Weekly spreadsheet reports sent to the WTA RCA advising them of all excavations that have occurred under the generic within their road corridor including open excavations, tempseals, and permanent reinstatements.

- **Crew and sub-contractor responsibilities:**

Sub-contractors to notify Team Leader prior to carrying out their work activity.

- Ensure proper traffic and pedestrian management is in place with correct TMD to suit work site.
- Complete a new RCP form for every excavation.
- Carry out safety induction as per RCP process for each job.
- Ensure safety is always prioritised and adhered to.
- Ensure all efforts are made to minimise disruption to residents, businesses, and pedestrians.
- Make sure relevant documents are on site, including service/utility plans.
- Mark out utility/council assets before carrying out excavation work.
- Provide at minimum one of each: before photo, wide street view of location photo, repair photo, after repair, and how site was left (e.g. tempseal, backfill, complete reinstatement).
- Provide additional photos as required.
- Write clear notes of what was repaired.
- Complete reinstatement of site after excavation where possible.
- Site is pack up and left clean and tidy.
- Temporary surface must be installed same day, else appropriate signage/fencing must be used in areas where tempsealing is not possible.

ALL COMPLETED WORKS MUST COMPLY TO WAP CONDITIONS.

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(Signature)

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(Signature)

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Planned work programme							
Start date	01/11/2024	Time	24hrs	End date	31/10/2025	Time	24hrs
Consider significant stages , for example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> road closures detours no activity periods. 	<p>STMS to complete a risk assessment form prior to installing the TTM closure to ensure there is minimal disruption to road users.</p> <p>Residential Roads</p> <p><i>Due to unpredictability of emergency works, no site installation/removal times have been specified.</i></p> <p><i>Night works (18:00pm - 07:30am) require Landaccess/Council notification ASAP.</i></p> <p>Main Road</p> <p><i>Due to unpredictability of emergency works, no site installation/removal times have been specified.</i></p> <p><i>Night works (18:00pm - 07:30am) or peak hour works (07:00am - 09:00am & 16:00pm - 18:00pm) require Landaccess/Council notification ASAP.</i></p> <p><i>During School Times RCA Notification is required and notify the School as soon as practicable:</i></p> <p><i>8:30am – 9:30am or 2:45pm – 3:15pm.</i></p> <p>This TMP is to cover 1 day attended Emergency works.</p> <p>Photos of the active site set up and onsite documents may be requested by the TMC to upload to CAR (these photos are to include both ends of the site (inclusive of any side roads), pedestrian/cycle management and the working area).</p> <p>Based on the photos provided, if the incorrect TTM has been installed (and/or considered dangerous) and/or outside of the approved TMP requirements, a Notice of Non-conformance may be considered.</p> <p>Any changes to the approved TMP must be documented on the Onsite Record/Risk Assessment form (example below of how this will be recorded)</p>						

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10/11/2024 10:00am

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Parking Restrictions

For emergency works WCC Parking to be notified as soon as possible and Parking restrictions are to be installed in advance of the works occurring if possible. Parking restrictions are to use the attached template.

Kerb Side Collection:

Kerb side collection occurs Monday to Friday. Works to halt when kerb side collection vehicle is working in the area or onsite personnel to assist with the collection.

- A risk assessment is to be applied prior to selecting/installing TMDs.
- Checking-process-for-GTMPs checklist form (attached) is to be completed prior to using the GTMP.
- Reinstatement is to be planned same day or as soon as practicably possible. Pedestrian management (remaining on the path/berm) and shoulder closures can remain in place with fencing. Any works requiring pedestrian diversion onto the road or larger than a Shoulder Closure must be backfilled to road level with aftercare left in place or temporary sealed.
- Refer to WCC local code for backfilling trenches.

10. BACKFILLING

10.1 General

Materials and compaction used are to be such that no discernible settlement occurs.

No cement, lime, or backfill materials containing them, may be used in backfilling work unless specifically required by this code or unless necessary around poles for stability purposes.

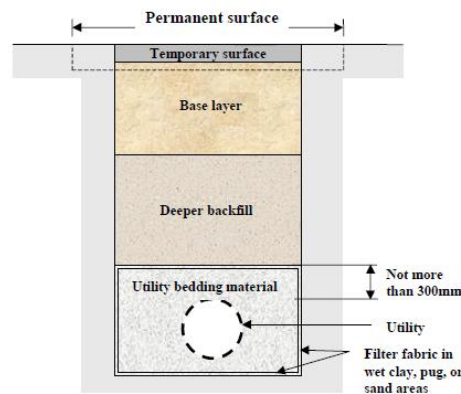


Figure 7 - Typical cross-section of a backfilled excavation

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Waka Kotahi Traffic Control

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Inspection activities must be completed as detailed in the approved TMP.			
Type of road	On shoulder or roadside – no time limit	On live lane – up to 5 minutes	Over 5 minutes
Low volume (less than 500vpd) category A or B road environment	Spotter optional – can be one person activity Onsite control must be by either a practising STMS of any category, a practising TMO or an Inspector <i>and in the interim until the warrants are phased out, an STMS of any level or a TC-Inspector.</i>		Inspection not permitted. Must use a mobile, semi-static, or static closure.
Category A	Spotter optional – can be one person activity	Spotter required – minimum two person activity	
	Onsite control must be by either practising STMS of any category, practising TMO or Inspector <i>(and in the interim until the warrants are phased out):</i>		
	Road level	Onsite control	
	Level 1 road	TC, TC-Inspector or STMS	
	Level 2 road	L2/3 STMS, STMS-NP, or TC-Inspector	
Category B	Spotter optional – can be one person activity	Spotter required – minimum two person activity	
	Onsite control must be by either a practising STMS of any category, a practising TMO or an Inspector <i>and in the interim until the warrants are phased out:</i>		
	Road level	Onsite control	
	Level 1 road	TC, TC-Inspector or STMS	
	Level 2 road (shoulder, roadside or on the lane with speed 60km/h or less)	L2/3 STMS, STMS-NP or TC-Inspector	
	Level 2 road (on the lane with speed 70km/h or more)	L2/3 STMS or STMS-NP	
Category C	Spotter optional – can be one person activity: Onsite control must be by either a practising STMS (C) or an Inspector <i>(and in the interim until the warrants are phased out, a L2/3 STMS, STMS-NP, or TC-Inspector).</i>	Inspection not permitted. Must use a mobile, semi-static, or static closure.	

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	<p>General rules (apply to all the above)</p> <p>Inspectors must move to avoid traffic. They must not expect traffic to move or slow down to avoid them.</p> <p>There must be CSD to the inspector when on the live lane.</p> <p>On busy roads where traffic volumes and speed affect access to the live lane, peak periods should be avoided or a higher level of TTM considered.</p> <p>Crossing a level LV, 1 or 2 road does not constitute being on a live lane but crossing a level 3 road does, unless a pedestrian crossing facility is being used.</p> <p>Vehicle</p> <p>Advance warning in the form of an inspection vehicle fitted with one and preferably two amber flashing beacons and a rear-mounted sign indicating the type of activity taking place must be positioned in advance of the inspection site.</p> <p>A vehicle is not required on a level LV or level 1 road with a permanent speed of less than 65km/h if the inspector remains on a footpath.</p> <p>On roads with a permanent speed of less than 65km/h an amber flashing beacon is not required on the vehicle if the inspector or non-invasive works is on an unsealed shoulder (or further away from the carriageway - including a footpath).</p> <p>Spotter</p> <p>A spotter is not required for inspections and non-invasive works on level LV roads.</p> <p>Unless otherwise approved by the RCA, all inspections on the live lane of level 1 and level 2 roads require a spotter. The RCA may provide a list of level 1 roads, times and/or activities suitable for inspection by a single inspector (eg where no level LV roads have been declared by the RCA)</p> <p>Where an unaccompanied inspector is not able to maintain adequate attention (eg due to work tasks or poor visibility), a spotter will be required or another type of traffic management operation used.</p>
Alternative dates if activity delayed	N/A – works will be carried out within the times/dates as listed.

Road aspects affected (delete either Yes or No to show which aspects are affected)					
Pedestrians affected?	Potentially	Property access affected?	Potentially	Traffic lanes affected?	Potentially
Cyclists affected?	Potentially	Restricted parking affected?	Potentially	Delays or queuing likely?	Potentially
Proposed traffic management methods					

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Installation
(includes parking of
plant and materials
storage)

Once on site, the TMP will be implemented as follows:

- Parking legally and assessing the site and hazards using the on-site hazard form and using the risk matrix then picking a TMD to suit the emergency works with the lowest matrix score.
- STMS to check the TMP is appropriate to the worksite. Where the TMP is not suitable, halt proceedings until the necessary actions have been taken
- All vehicles are to have correct signage and flashing beacons. They also need to have continuous and appropriate communication with the STMS and each other on an agreed channel at all times
- Work vehicles required on site will be parked within the site or parked legally nearby.
- Where bus stops are affected STMS to contact Metlink (021 896 375 in first instance during business hours or 0800 801 700 afterhours) 30 minutes prior to site installation .
- Where Traffic signals on WCC network are affected STMS to contact WCCTOC (Ahmed Alrawe 021 193 4758 or Scott Williams 021 229 6441) 10 minutes prior to installation of works near or at traffic signals. *Signage within 150m of traffic signals need WCCTOC approval. Any affected signal loops must be first approved by WCCTOC and notified to WCCTOC during the pre-installation call to allow them to adjust signal management if required.*
- Where Traffic signals on or near Waka Kotahi-NZTA network are affected STMS to contact WTOC (0800 869 286) 10 minutes prior to site installation of works near or at traffic signals on highways. *Signage within 150m of any traffic signals located on highways need approval from WTOC (0800 869 286). Any affected signal loops must be first approved by WTOC and notified to WTOC during the pre-installation call to allow them to adjust signal management if required.*

Layout Procedure

When it is not possible to walk the required signage out then the Installation of the site will be done under a level 1 mobile closure, Rolling block and mobile operations with appropriate work vehicles and crew.

- A site drive through will be conducted first to confirm layout, conditions and environment are all appropriate for works to proceed.
- Vehicle positioning will be as far to the left as practical and the installation vehicle will be stationary at the installation of each sign, with activity occurring only on the non-traffic side of the vehicle.
- Advanced warning signage will be installed first on the left, followed by progressive signage installation in a 'loop' fashion around the site area.
- Once ALL signage for the site has been installed delineation and direction signage will be installed in the following order;
 - Workspace/ Longitudinal Delineation (Along the lane)
 - Tapers & RD6 signage

Once all delineation is installed and prior to personnel, vehicle, plant and machinery populating the worksite, a drive through check must be performed by the STMS to ensure the site has been set up as per the selected TMDs, this should include the checking of worksite layout distances.

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Attended (day)

- An STMS or delegated TMO must be onsite at all times.
- TC/STMS to assist pedestrians/cyclists/driveways and any resident/business driveways.
- For MTC Stop/Stop &, Stop/Go cyclists will be sent prior to any vehicles via a safe and sufficient route such as a footpath/berm based on risk assessment.
- STMS/TMO will complete 2 hourly site checks and document on the onsite record. Site checks are to be completed based on the risk assessment form and documented on the onsite record.
- e-Stop portable traffic signals to be monitored and controlled at all times.
- Where Mobility parking are affected alternative parking to be provided (same side of road, as close as possible), TM personnel to assist and guide users as required.

Works near Signals:

- Signage within 150m of traffic signals need to notify WCCTOC of emergency works.
- Any affected signal loops must be notified to WCCTOC during the pre-installation call to allow them to adjust signal management if required.

Works near Pedestrian Crossings:

Only required per selected generic diagram

- Footpath Restricted / Diverted behind berm
- Pedestrians may be directed to a temporary footpath in the carriageway.
- Pedestrians may be escorted through the site.
- Pedestrians may be directed to use the path on the other side of the road.
- Pedestrians may be directed to use the path on the other side of the road, temporary refuge installed.
- If a short-term closure of the footpath (<5min) for site access is required, a spotter is to be used and any pedestrians are either asked to wait or walked around the plant when safe to do so.
- Pedestrians will be directed to use an alternative crossing at the traffic lights on

Works near a Bus Stop:

- GWRC/Metlink to be notified prior to work taking place if a bus stop will be affected.
- Refer to below GWRC guidelines for bus stops affected by worksites

Bus stop integrated into MTC Stop Point

- TC's on stop/go are to stop each bus and assist with loading & unloading of passengers as required.
- Bus stop signage is to direct pedestrians towards the stop point

Bus stop relocated away from site

- Bus stop signage is to be placed to show patrons where the relocation is.
- TC in place to assist bus patrons when required.
- Temporary bus stop signage is to be used
- Parking restrictions are to be in place at the relocated bus stop

CYCLIST:

- Where a 30kph TSL will be established when cyclists are to be merged with traffic during these works.
- Whilst Stop/Go is in affect cyclists to be held by MTC staff and guided to wait on the side of the road to be sent separately to traffic for safety.
- Where the lane width will be over 4.0m and a TSL will not be required. We will establish a Cyclist merging sign before the work site.

RUBBISH COLLECTION:

- STMS to be mindful of rubbish collection days and assist when required.

SCHOOLS:

- Will be notified of emergency works
- All work must cease within 50m of the school 30minutes before and after the start and end of each school day
- The working space is fenced and work will continue within the fenced area, no vehicles movements will take place 30minutes before and after the start and end of each school day

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The work area must take into account the increased number of pedestrians and cyclists and should be reduced to accommodate this 30 minutes before and after the start and end of the school day
Attended (night)	<p>Generic closures as per attached diagrams Site will be attended by a minimum of a level 1, AB STMS or higher. All staff on the site shall be briefed on the traffic management requirements before starting work on any site. If lighting towers are required, the STMS must ensure they do not cause a glare hazard for traffic. The STMS must consider the following on night shifts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All night works are excluded from this TMP without the approval of noise and TMC. An STMS or delegated TMO must be onsite at all times. TC/STMS to assist pedestrians/cyclists/driveways and any resident/business driveways. For MTC Stop/Stop & Stop/Go cyclists will be sent prior to any vehicles via a safe and sufficient route such as a footpath/berm based on risk assessment. STMS to risk assess each site for any hazards and document them all on the risk assessment form. STMS/TMO will complete 2 hourly site checks and document on the onsite record. Site checks e-Stop portable traffic signals to be monitored and controlled at all times. Additional lighting is required. <p>Works near Signals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Signage within 150m of traffic signals need WCCTOC approval. Any affected signal loops must be notified to WCCTOC during the pre-installation call to allow them to adjust signal management if required. <p>Works near Pedestrian Crossings: Only required per selected generic diagram</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Footpath Restricted / Diverted behind berm Pedestrians will be directed to a temporary footpath in the carriageway. Pedestrians will be escorted through the site. Pedestrians will be directed to use the path on the other side of the road. Pedestrians will be directed to use the path on the other side of the road, temporary refuge installed. If a short-term closure of the footpath (<5min) for site access is required, a spotter is to be used and any pedestrians are either asked to wait or walked around the plant when safe to do so. Pedestrians will be directed to use an alternative crossing at the traffic lights on <p>Works near a Bus Stop:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GWRC/Metlink to be notified prior to work taking place if a bus stop will be affected. Refer to below GWRC guidelines for bus stops affected by worksites <p>Bus stop integrated into MTC Stop Point</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TC's on stop/go are to stop each bus and assist with loading & unloading of passengers as required. Bus stop signage is to direct pedestrians towards the stop point <p>Bus stop relocated away from site</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bus stop signage is to be placed to show patrons where the relocation is. TC in place to assist bus patrons when required. Temporary bus stop signage is to be used Parking restrictions are to be in place at the relocated bus stop <p>CYCLIST:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Where a 30kph TSL will be established when cyclists are to be merged with traffic during these works. Whilst Stop/Go is in affect cyclists to be held by MTC staff and guided to wait on the side of the road to be sent separately to traffic for safety. Where the lane width will be over 4.0m and a TSL will not be required. We will establish a Cyclist merging sign before the work site.

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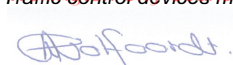
Unattended (day)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All emergency excavations to be fully reinstated or back filled & temp sealed to WCC requirements same day. STMS to risk assess potential unattended closure requirements and if a suitable/safe unattended closure/site can be installed prior to starting work. This is to be documented on the risk assessment form. Where hazards are present an appropriate aftercare closure would be installed as required. Contractor to perform risk assessment on site and determine if additional lighting sources are required. A site check must be completed a minimum of once every 24hrs or as required due to adverse weather or complaints. Driveway access to be maintained where possible before leaving the site. If unable to, alternative arrangements to be made with residents, businesses, others. <p>As part of preparing the worksite to be left unattended, also consider the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce the size of the worksite as much as possible If TSLs have been installed, consider whether these are still required or whether the TSL should be changed (remember that changes to the TSL must be approved) Sweep any loose material from the sealed road surface Check that the road is trafficable for all types of traffic Check that the footpaths are trafficable and that the cone bars have been removed and the appropriate fencing has been installed if required Check that all signs are sand bagged and positioned correctly Check that all delineation devices are clean and positioned correctly. Consider the site visibility for hours of darkness or poor weather conditions. <p>All equipment and materials must be positioned well clear of the live lanes and adequate protection for road users must be maintained at all times. Check that site lines for traffic is not blocked by plant or material</p> <p>Where possible, site is to be reduced to lessen impact to road users as and when possible</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Road Space Booking</i> (attached), CAR and email notification to the TMC & Corridor access manager will be required for any works required to be left unattended.
Unattended (night)	As per unattended Day
Detour route	A detour route may be required during emergency works – approval must be given from the TMC prior to installation.
	<p>Does detour route go into another RCA's roading network? When required upon TMC approval.</p> <p>If Yes, has confirmation of acceptance been requested from that RCA? When required upon TMC approval.</p> <p>Note: Confirmation of acceptance from affected RCA must be submitted prior to occupying the site.</p>

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<p>Removal</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Where bus stops are affected the STMS is to contact Metlink (0800 801 700) for any works on a bus route or impacting bus stops 30 mins prior to removal – Refer to the attached GWRC bus stop guidelines. Where traffic signals on WWC network are affected the STMS is to contact WCCTOC (Ahmed Alrawe 021 193 4758 or Scott Williams 021 229 6441) 10 mins prior to removing the closure. Where traffic signals near Waka Kotahi – NZTA network are affected the STMS is to contact WTOC (0800 869 286) 10 minutes prior to site removal. STMS to contact Emergency Services (*555) 30 minutes prior to site removal. If work is being completed at night, the above contacts are to be notified by 4pm of the expected finish time. <p>Work plant / vehicles to be removed from site before closure is removed</p> <p>When it is not possible to walk the required signage in, Removal of the site will be done under a level 1 mobile closure with appropriate work vehicles and crew.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workspace delineation to be removed first (by either removing to the kerb for later collection or directly onto a stationary working vehicle) Centreline delineation may now be removed using the same method as installation Once all delineation is removed – sign removal may commence in a clockwise 'loop' fashion (leaving advanced warning signage in place till last) A full site check being conducted prior to site departure. <p>The STMS will carry out the final check before leaving the site.</p>
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Proposed TSLs (see TSL decision matrix for guidance)				
	TSL details as required Approval Temporary Speed Limits (TSL) of Section 7 of Land Transport Rule: Setting of Speed Limits 2022. (additional rows may be added if required)	Times (From and to)	Dates (Start and finish)	Diagram ref. no.s (Layout drawings or traffic management diagrams)
<p>Attended day/night</p>	<p>A temporary maximum speed limit of 30km/h is hereby fixed for motor vehicles travelling over a maximum contiguous length of 800m on local roads within the Wellington City Council CBD Area as noted on the on-site record on a site-by-site basis.</p> <p>STMS to document on the Onsite Record daily.</p>	<p>24hrs</p>	<p>01/11/2024 To 31/10/2025</p>	<p>F2.8, F2.9, F2.11, F2.12, F2.13, F2.14, F2.15, F2.16, F2.17, F2.18, F2.19, F2.20, F2.21, F2.22, F2.26, F2.27, F2.28, F2.29, F2.30, F2.31, F2.40, F2.41, ATMS02, ATMS03, ATMS04, J2.19a, J2.20a, J2.20b, J2.20c, J2.20d, J2.20e & J2.42a</p>

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Unattended day/night	A temporary maximum speed limit of 30km/h is hereby fixed for motor vehicles travelling over a maximum contiguous length of 800m on local roads within the Wellington City Council CBD Area as noted on the on-site record on a site-by-site basis. STMS to document on the Onsite Record daily.	24hrs	01/11/2024 To 31/10/2025	F2.8, F2.9, F2.11, F2.12, F2.13, , F2.18, F2.19, F2.20, F2.21, F2.26, F2.27, F2.28, F2.29, F2.30, F2.31 J2.20a, J2.20b, J2.20c, J2.20d, J2.20e
TSL duration	Will the TSL be required for longer than 12 months? If yes, attach the completed checklist from section I-18: Guidance on TMP Monitoring Processes for TSLs to this TMP.			No

The STMS onsite will ensure Positive Traffic Management Measures are in place to control vehicle speeds, increase public awareness and minimize disruption by providing clear and positive guidance.



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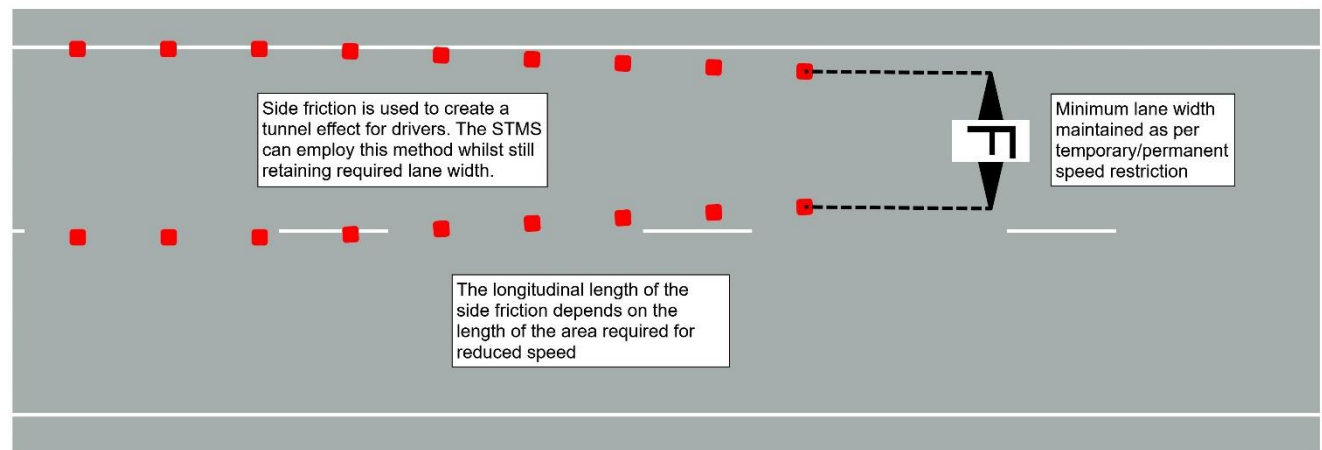
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The STMS onsite will ensure Positive Traffic Management Measures are in place to control vehicle speeds, increase public awareness and minimize disruption by providing clear and positive guidance.

This can include but not limited to:

- Side friction is used to create a tunnel effect for vehicles travelling past work sites to reduce the speed limit of the travelling vehicles, therefore providing a safer environment for the public and the contractors
- Closer spacing's of delineation devices.
- Using flashing beacons, flares, illuminated signs or temporary speed humps - must be discussed with respective RCA prior using onsite.
- If queuing or unforeseen disruption occurs, additional advanced signage may be used and further sign spacing (or more) outside
- Cone offset delineation - where cones are placed either side of a lane(s), the cones on one side are placed longitudinally offset from the other by a half cone spacing.
- STMS to install additional TM i.e. thresholds or pinch points to help reduce the speed of passing vehicles
- STMS/TMO/TTM worker's to monitor and assist pedestrian activity around work areas so they safely pass works without interference with traffic
- Police assistance may be sought if excess speed is a significant issue and presents a real and immediate danger to the activity or the public. Work may be suspended if driver behaviour at any time presents excess risk.
- Additional lighting to be installed at MTC positions (mandatory at night).

Reduced cone spacing (2.5m)
can be utilised to increase impact



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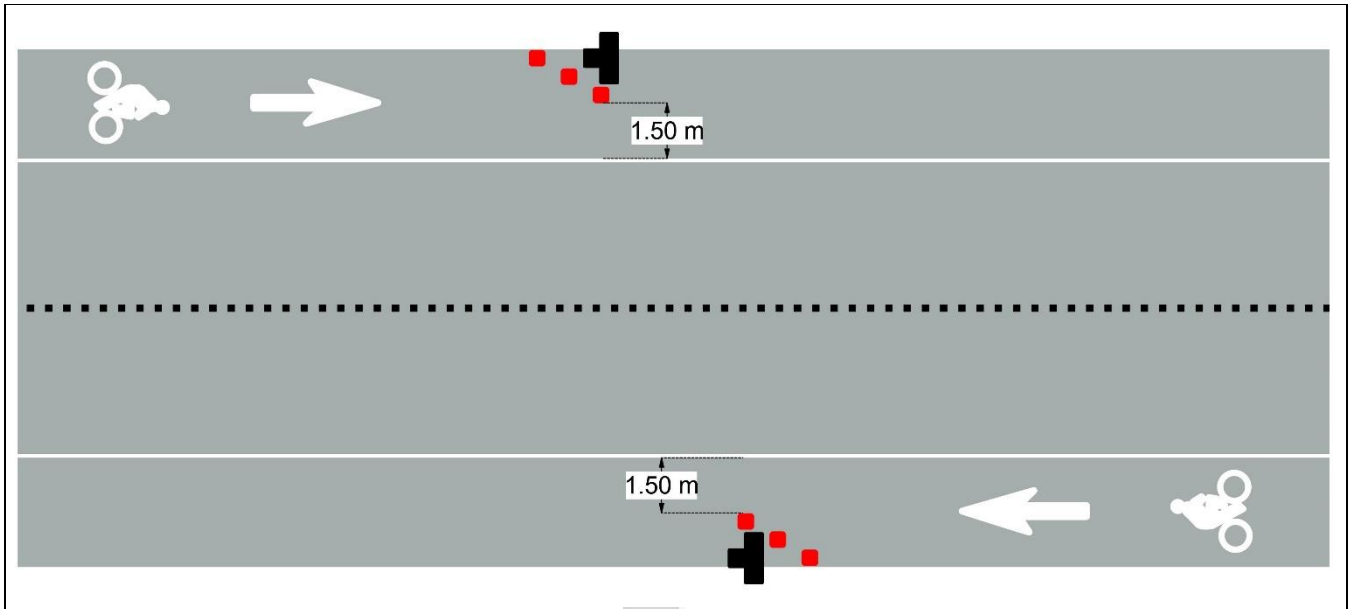
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Contingency plans

Generic contingencies for:

- major incidents
- incidents
- pre planned detours.

Remove any options which do not apply to your job

Major Incident

A major incident is described as:

- Fatality or notifiable injury - real or potential
- Significant property damage, or
- Emergency services (police, fire, etc) require access or control of the site.

Actions

The STMS must immediately conduct the following:

- stop all activity and traffic movement
- secure the site to prevent (further) injury or damage
- contact the appropriate emergency authorities
- render first aid if competent and able to do so
- notify the RCA representative and / or the engineer
- under the guidance of the officer in charge of the site, reduce effects of TTM on the road or remove the activity if safe to do so
- re-establish TTM and traffic movements when advised by emergency authorities that it is safe to do so
- Comply with any obligation to notify WorkSafe.

Incident

An incident is described as:

- excessive delays - real or potential
- minor or non-inquiry accident that has the potential to affect traffic flow
- structural failure of the road.

Actions

The STMS must immediately conduct the following:

- stop all activity and traffic movement if required
- secure the site to prevent the prospect of injury or further damage
- notify the RCA representative and / or the engineer
- STMS to implement a plan to safely remove TTM and to establish normal traffic flow if safe to do so
- re-establish TTM and traffic movements when it is safe to do so and when traffic volumes have reduced.

Detour

If because of the on-site activity it will not be possible to remove or reduce the effects of TTM once it is established a detour route must be designed. This is likely for:

- excessive delays when using an alternating flow design for TTM
- redirecting one direction of flow and / or
- total road closure and redirection of traffic until such time that traffic volumes reduce and tailbacks have been cleared.

The risks in the type of work being undertaken, the risks inherent in the detour, the probable duration of closure and availability and suitability of detour routes need to be considered.

The detour and route must be designed including:

- pre- approval from the RCA's whose roads will be used or affected by the detour route
- ensure that TTM equipment for the detour - signs etc are on site and pre-installed.

Actions

When it is necessary to implement the pre-planned detour the STMS must immediately undertake the following:

- Notify the RCA and / or the engineer when the detour is to be established
- Drive through the detour in both directions to check that it is stable and safe
- Remove the detour as soon as it practicable and safe to do so and the traffic volumes have reduced and tailbacks have cleared
- Notify the RCA and / or the engineer when the detour has been disestablished and normal traffic flows have resumed.

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	<p>Note also the requirements for no interference at an accident scene:</p> <p>In the event of an accident involving serious harm the STMS must ensure that nothing, including TTM equipment, is removed or disturbed and any wreckage article or thing must not be disturbed or interfered with, except to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • save a life of, prevent harm to or relieve the suffering of any person, or • make the site safe or to minimise the risk of a further accident; or • maintain the access of the general public to an essential service or utility, or • prevent serious damage to or serious loss of property, or • follow the direction of a constable acting in his or her duties or act with the permission of an inspector.
<p>Other contingencies to be identified by the applicant (i.e. steel plates to quickly cover excavations)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If for any reason traffic delays exceed 5 minutes the STMS in charge of the site is to assess the traffic levels and the site will be either (in order of preference); modified, postponed or cancelled. Until traffic volumes reach an acceptable level • All reasonable steps will be taken immediately to open the site if emergency vehicles need to gain access or use the work site as thoroughfare • If adverse weather occurs while the site is still active, the STMS in charge of the site is to assess the weather conditions and the site will be either (in order of preference); modified, postponed or cancelled. Until weather conditions are acceptable for work to carry on • Site fencing will also be available if required • follow the direction of a constable acting in his or her duties or act with the permission of an inspector.

Authorisations				
Parking restriction(s) alteration authority	Will controlled street parking be affected?	potentially	Has approval been granted?	N/A
	Where Mobility parking are affected alternative parking to be provided (same side of road, as close as possible), TM personnel to assist and guide users as required.			
Authorisation to work at permanent traffic signal sites	Will portable traffic signals be used or permanent traffic signals be changed?	potentially	Has approval been granted?	No
	WCCTOC to be notified if traffic signals are to be phased out or changed.			
Road closure authorisation(s)	Will full carriageway closure continue for more than 5 minutes (or other RCA stipulated time)?	TMC approval needed	Has approval been granted?	No
	TMC approval is needed prior to installation. Emergency services will be notified of installation and removal.			
Bus stop relocation(s) – closure(s)	Will bus stop(s) be obstructed by the activity?	potentially	Has approval been granted?	No
	STMS to contacts metlink (0800 801 700) prior to installation and removal of site if buses and/ or bus stops are affected.			
Authorisation to use portable traffic signals	Make, model and description/number	eSTOP Portable Traffic Signals: model# • 627 - 1, 627 - 2 • 628 - 1, 628 - 2 • 629 - 1, 629 - 2 • 630 - 1, 630 - 2 • 631 - 1, 631 - 2		
	NZTA compliant?	Yes		

EED			
Is an EED applicable?	No	EED attached?	N/A

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Delay calculations/trial plan to determine potential extent of delays

e-STOP & Stop Go Closures:

Risk assessment form to include if delays are likely to occur based on the assessment completed by the STMS prior to installing the TTM closure. Delay management to be documented on the risk assessment form where more than 500 VPD.

Delays of up to 5 minutes can be expected due to the nature of the TTM implemented. The STMS is to take measures to ensure delays remain under 5 minutes at all times, and queues do not extend past the advance warning signage.

If delays are occurring or excessive queueing is apparent, the STMS is to implement one of the following contingency plans;

- 1) Contact TMC.
- 2) Traffing Metering
Send only a specific amount of vehicles per side instead of clearing the entire queue
- 3) Pause works and open site
Make the site safe, remove plant and vehicles from the carriageway and open the tapers
- 4) Prioritise high flow route
Send vehicles from the approach with the highest flow first. Hold side street traffic for slightly longer if required.
- 5) Install additional signage
Install T2A/T234 "Warning – Hidden Queue" signage up to 2xB from the initial advance warning signage for additional advance warning

STMS will continuously monitor for delays – TMC will be notified of any excessive delays.

Public notification plan

Door knocking if required - Residents/businesses will be notified on the day of emergency works via face-to-face discussions.

Public notification plan attached?	No
------------------------------------	----

On-site monitoring plan

Attended

(day and/or night)

The STMS must fulfil the qualification requirements listed in the section above
STMS will be on site at all times.
2 Hourly Site Checks to be documented on the on-site record.
STMS/TC to monitor and assist pedestrians, cyclists and driveways when needed.

Unattended

(day and/or night)

An unattended site is not required for Emergency works.

Method for recording daily site TTM activity (eg CoPTTM on-site record)

The attached "On-Site Record" sheet is to be used to record the monitoring of the TTM to ensure the traffic management measures remain fit for purpose, suitable, installed and used correctly. Monitoring will follow the prompts provided on the recording sheet, and if multiple STMS' check this site, each STMS must initial and sign for the respective times.

The worksite monitoring including:

- the site set-up and removal
- 2-hourly monitoring
- Hazard ID sheet
- Risk assessment form
- On-site record form
- Checking process for Generic TMPs form to be completed prior to set up of a worksite when using this TMP.
- This will be retained with approved TMP for 12 months and is available on request at any time.

Site safety measures

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PPE requirements are as per the clients minimum standard and this MAY include the following:

- Hard Hat (when within 5m of moving machinery / at risk of falling objects)
- High ankle lace up steel cap boots
- Hi-Vis vest as per CoPTTM, (eg TTMC-W)
- Long pants, long sleeves
- Safety glasses
- Gloves (task specific, when there is risk of hand injuries)
- All other PPE will be as per standard work activity requirements
- The STMS will wear a CoPTTM compliant STMS vest.

TTM Induction Briefing

Before occupation of the working space, staff on-site will be given a TTM Induction Briefing at a safe location that is clear of the live lane (tool-box meeting) by the STMS on the conditions of the accepted traffic management plan. This will include but not limited to, entry to the worksite, material delivery, role responsibilities, PPE, hazards and controls, safety (no go) zones and first aid / emergency procedures.

Site Visitors

All visitors are to report to (or be directed to) the STMS who will advise the safety procedures and hazards specific to the temporary traffic management deployed. Visitors are required to wear a compliant high visibility vest but may require additional PPE to enter the working space. All visitors must sign the TTM Induction Briefing as acknowledgment of understanding the safety and hazard requirements.

Working Space / PPE

Compliant PPE (as specified by the site fore person) must be worn before entering the working space. All personnel entering the working space must be briefed by the site fore person on the hazards present and any emergency procedures (e.g., location of first aid kit, staff with first aid certification and nearest medical centre).

Night works

- Staff working at night will use personal lighting to improve visibility where required
- Overhead lighting will be required for all MTC staff
- Overhead lighting will be in place for work crew to highlight the work area hazards
- Arm bars to be installed around the work area.
- STMS/TMO/TC to monitor and assist pedestrians, cyclists and driveway access at all times when required.
- Pedestrian ramps to be installed when required

Temporary safety barrier system	Will a temporary safety barrier system be used at this worksite?	No	If yes, has the temporary safety barrier system been designed by an installation designer and independently reviewed as being fit for purpose?	N/A
	Statement from temporary safety barrier installation designer attached			N/A

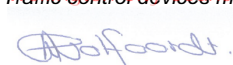
Other information

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LEVEL 1 LAYOUT DISTANCES TABLE

Permanent speed limit or RCA-designated operating speed (km/h)		≤50	60	70	80	90	100		
Traffic signs									
A	Sign visibility distance (m)	50	60	70	80	90	100		
B	Warning distance (m)	50 or 30*	80	105	120	135	150		
C	Sign spacing (m)	25 or 15*	40	50	60	70	75		
Safety zones									
D	Longitudinal (m)	10 or 5*	15	30	45	55	60		
E	Lateral (m)	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Tapers									
G	Taper length (m)*	30	50	70	80	90	100		
K	Distance between tapers (m)	40	50	70	80	90	100		
Delineation devices									
Cone spacing in taper (m)		2.5	2.5	5	5	5	5		
Cone spacing: Working space (m)		5	5	10	10	10	10		
<p>* Larger minimum distances apply on all state highways and also on all multi-lane roads. The smaller minimum distances may be applied on other roads to accommodate road environment constraints.</p> <p># On non-state highways with speeds 50km/h or less, a 10m taper (with cones at 1m centres) may be used when there are road environment constraints (eg intersections and commercial accesses).</p> <p>On all roads where shoulder width is less than 2.5m and the activity does not affect the live lane, a 10m shoulder taper is permitted (with at least 5 cones at no greater than 2.5m centres).</p> <p>A taper of 30m (with cones at 2.5m centres) must be used where manual traffic control (stop/go), portable traffic signals or priority give way are employed.</p>									
Lane widths									
Speed (km/h)		30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
F	Lane width (m)	2.75	2.75	3.0	3.0	3.25	3.25	3.5	3.5

Except for delineation device spacings, which are maximum values, the distances specified in the above tables are minimum values.

Diagrams

Number	Title
CC1	Work on berm or footpath - light vehicle parked in carriageway
CC2	Traffic not crossing centre- heavy vehicle parked in carriageway
CC3	Work on berm and/or footpath – work vehicle parked on berm
CC4	Footpath diverted onto Shoulder or parking lane
CC5	Footpath controller guiding pedestrians past the working space
CC7	Value in shoulder or on berm
CC8	Valve towards left of the lane

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CC9	Valve towards right of the lane
CC12	Less than 75m CSD
F2.1	Footpath – Footpath diverted onto berm behind working space
F2.2	Footpath – Footpath diverted onto berm between working space and carriageway
F2.3	Footpath – Footpath diverted onto carriageway
F2.4	Footpath – Footpath closed – permanent speed less than 65km/h – TMC approval required
F2.5	Shoulder and Roadside Activities – Work in berm and/or footpath
F2.6	Shoulder and Roadside Activities – Work in parking lane
F2.7	Shoulder and Roadside Activities – Shoulder closure
F2.8	Cycle Lane – Traffic not crossing road centre
F2.9	Cycle lane – Traffic crossing road centre – Diverted cycle lane – coned lane control
F2.11	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Traffic not crossing road centre
F2.12	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Traffic not crossing road centre – Signs on median
F2.13	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Traffic crossing road centre
F2.14	MTC alternating flow – Single lane
F2.15	MTC temporary stop
F2.16	Priority giveway – TMC approval required
F2.17	Portable traffic lights – TMC approval required for unattended
F2.18	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work in centre of the road
F2.19	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – Road works on side road after intersection – TSL on side road – Traffic not crossing road centre
F2.20	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – Road works on side road after intersection – TSL on main road – Traffic not crossing road centre
F2.21	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – work in middle of intersection
F2.22	INT – MTC at intersection
F2.24	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Road Closures and detours – TMC approval required
F2.25	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Typical road closure and detour signage – TMC approval required
F2.26	Other Hazards – Flooding, washout, slips
F2.27	Unattended new seal
F2.28	Unattended surface hazard
F2.29	Unattended seal repairs
F2.30	One-Way Two-Lane Divided or Two-Lane Road – Left-lane closure
F2.31	One-Way Two-Lane Divided or Two-Lane Road – Right-lane closure
F2.40	One-way Three Lane Road – One Lane Closure – Left Lane Closure
F2.41	One-way Three Lane Road – One Lane Closure – Left & Centre Lane Closure
F4.1	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work vehicle is more than five (5) metres from the edgeline
F4.2	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work vehicle is within five (5) metres from the edgeline
F4.3	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work vehicle is within five (5) metres from the edgeline – Speed limit over 65km/h
F4.4	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work vehicle is in a lane
F4.10	Inspection Activities and Non-Invasive works
ATMS02	Single – Lane alternating flow – Portable e-Stops – TMC approval required for unattended
ATMS03	Cycle lane – Cycle lane closed – Portable e-STOP

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1/1/2024 10:10:00 AM

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ATMS04	Closure at intersection or round-about – Portable e-Stops with MTC on side roads.
ATMS05	Pedestrian Provision – Footpath closed – Pedestrian escorted
ATMS06	One-Way Two-Lane divided or Two-Lane Road – Part or all of a lane occupied – Semi-static closure – work for up to 1 hour
ATMS07	Inspection Activities and Non-Invasive works – Centre of road
ATMS08	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Cul De Sac Closure
J2.16a	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – short no exit road
J2.19a	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – intersection or roundabout – Major obstruction close to intersection
J2.20a	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – After intersection – Traffic not crossing road centre
J2.20b	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – After intersection – Traffic crossing road centre
J2.20c	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – Before intersection – Traffic not crossing road centre
J2.20d	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – Before intersection – Traffic crossing road centre
J2.20e	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – On median near intersection
J2.25a	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Partial Road closure – One-way - TMC approval required
J2.42a	One-way Three Lane Road – Middle Lane Closed on roads 50km/h or less
Mobile Closure	Install and removal
ATMS10	Bus Stop relocation

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10/11/2024 (10:05 AM)

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Contact details						
	Company / Council	Name	24/7 contact number	CoPTTM ID	Qualification	Expiry date
Principle	Wellington Water	Bob Wilson	021 451 104	-	-	-
TMC	Wellington City Council	Jarred Kirk	021 197 9146	130337	Cat (AB) NP	01/02/27
On-Call TMC	Wellington City Council	On-Call	021 348 036	-	-	-
Engineers' representative	Wellington Water	Bob Wilson	027 3355 334	-	-	-
Service Delivery Manager	Wellington Water	Alistair Forsyth	021 507 440	-	-	-
Contractors and TTM Interim Contacts	A1 Locates	Brad Thomas	021 296 9477	-	-	-
	Action Civil	Dave Murtagh	027 442 2971	-	-	-
	Agricontracts Hutt Ltd (CAS)	Jaden Munn	027 319 4575	-	-	-
	Aidan Kelly Contracting (AKC)	Cory Hikuroa	021 455 361	-	-	-
	All Traffic Management Service	David Quintela	027 213 5654	-	-	-
	Alliance Services Ltd	Chris Barlow	021 640 282	-	-	-
	Anzel Limited - Trench less Pipe Lining	Darryl Tatana	021 281 1102	-	-	-
	Aqua Analytics	Hugh Chapman	021 841 841	-	-	-
	Arthur D Riley & Co Ltd	Chris Parkinson	04 472 7614	-	-	-
	AT1	Jim Gounder	021 247 0996	-	-	-
	Brian Perry Civil	Blair Mould	027 229 3270	-	-	-
	Cardinos	AJ Weir Andrea Brett Eaton	027 331 9930 021 222 8756 021 861 772	-	-	-
	City Care Ltd	Mark Thompson	027 542 6244	-	-	-
	Constructions Contracts Limited	David Howard	021 243 6656	-	-	-
	Cubic Metre Limited	Andrew McWhirter	021 345 79	-	-	-
	Daniel Renshaw Drainage Contractor Ltd	Daniel Renshaw	027 450 8799	-	-	-
	Davies Waste Solutions	Evan Davies	027 283 8831	-	-	-
	Dawson Waste Services Ltd	Jan Godfrey	04 528 9909	-	-	-
	Detection Services Wellington Ltd	Ross Beckett	04 915 0530	-	-	-
	Downer New Zealand	Sam Farnworth	021 896 603	-	-	-
	Drain Doctor NZ Ltd	Ian Pauley	027 484 8887	-	-	-
	E Carson & Sons	Eddie Carson	027 442 4343	-	-	-
	E N Ramsbottom Ltd	Michelle Hoffman	027 471 6246	-	-	-
	Fulton Hogan	Duncan Mundell	027 4786 203	-	-	-
	G & C Diggers	Mark Dennes	022 350 7550	-	-	-
	G P Friel Ltd	Dave Philipson	022 657 2402	-	-	-
	Greenstone Contracting Ltd	David Williams	04 566 0890	-	-	-

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	Groundworks Ltd	Hamish Rees	027 765 6139	-	-	-
	Hanging Around Traffic Management	Sam Redhill	021 505 900	-	-	-
	Horokiwi Paving Limited	Peter Green	027 443 2206	-	-	-
	TDG Environmental/Hyrotech	David Neru	09 600 0888	-	-	-
	Inline Drainage Limited	Patrick Carson	027 294 0952	-	-	-
	Intergroup Ltd	Alex Phelan	021 927 801	-	-	-
	Ives Plumbing Ltd	Daniel Barnett	021 758 621	-	-	-
	JB's Environmental Ltd	John Matangi	021 750 920	-	-	-
	Jet Black Asphalts Ltd	Neville Playford	027 208 9309	-	-	-
	Juno Civil	Jim Juno	021 227 7001	-	-	-
	Kaitaki Group Limited/Central TTM	Luke Chapman	021 0873 2790	-	-	-
	Kelcon Limited	Wayne Kelland	027 263 8731	-	-	-
	Laser Plumbing Wellington East	Simon Walker	027 449 1180	-	-	-
	Leading Taranaki Recruitment / Traffic Management	Chantelle Mereriana Ngaia Ben Teika	027 2555 002 027 555 0997	-	-	-
	Mac Engineering	Regan McMurchie	021 1567 908	-	-	-
	Marais Laying NZ Ltd	Adrien Merceron	027 555 7802	-	-	-
	McCormack Group	Willy McCormack	027 449 3985	-	-	-
	McLatchie & Sharp Ltd	Adam Clarke	027 443 3760	-	-	-
	McMaster Civil	Richard McMaster	021 963 509	-	-	-
	E N Ramsbottom Ltd	Michelle Hoffman	027 471 6246	-	-	-
	Horokiwi Paving Limited	Peter Green	027 443 2206	-	-	-
	McCormack Group	Willy McCormack	027 449 3985	-	-	-
	Men At Work	Luke Lee	027 210 2079	-	-	-
	Mottmac	Patrick Wharewera-Jones Matthew Cooper	027 746 8395 021 688 013	-	-	-
	Nova Traffic	Rhys Blanch	021 028 30471	-	-	-
	Plimmer Plumbing Ltd	Steven Fawcett	027 215 3667	-	-	-
	P & N Siteworks Ltd	James Hosie	027 235 8363	-	-	-
	Pope & Gray Contractors	Sid Taylor	027 255 1948	-	-	-
	RS Cabling Limited	Nathan Rose	027 275 4317	-	-	-
	Rasmac Contractors Ltd	Lawrence Rasmussen	027 444 3041	-	-	-
	Reline NZ Ltd	Paul Southern	021 175 021	-	-	-
	S & R Asphalts Ltd	Scott Hay	027 440 2405	-	-	-
	S B Maintenance Ltd	David O'Sullivan	027 2810 9998	-	-	-
	SAP Contractors Limited	Glenn Churches	027 272 1666	-	-	-
	Sierra Delta Civil Ltd	Sam Dews	027 592 2290	-	-	-
	Silver Lining Contracting Ltd	Renee Wilkie	021 0828 0647	-	-	-

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	Stapp Contracting	Shane Pihema	027 249 9882	-	-	-
	Steve Quinn Professional Lawn Mowing Ltd	Steve Quinn	027 451 6343	-	-	-
	Stewart Electrical	Tim Stewart	021 507 245	-	-	-
	Stone Contractors Ltd	Allan Glover	021 529 681	-	-	-
	T E D Drainage Ltd	Karl Taylor-Edwards	027 675 5996	-	-	-
	Tasman Civil	Keith Robertson	027 4384 536	-	-	-
	Tatana Contracting	Darryl Tatana	0800 368 938	-	-	-
	Traffic Management NZ	Steven Loftus	027 491 9494	-	-	-
	Trafficflow	Steven Huriwaka	021 944 037	-	-	-
	Vac-U-Digga	Kathy Fandham	021 246 3615	-	-	-
	Wal Gordon Plumbing Ltd	Wal Gordon	wal.gordon@xtra.co.nz	-	-	-
	Wellington Pipelines Limited	James Fruean	027 499 9223	-	-	-
	Wellington Developments Ltd	Harold Paul	021 0273 7643	-	-	-
	Wet Worx Limited	Walter Alexander	021 239 4211	-	-	-
	JT Trenching Limited	Justin Wilson	027 7421629	-	-	-
Others as required	Wellington Traffic Control	Martyn Sauaiga	027 462 8630	72781	(AB) P	19/08/25
	WCC TOC	Ahmed Alrawe Scott Williams	021 193 4758 021 229 6441	-	-	-
	Metlink Contact Centre		0800 801 700	-	-	-

TMP preparation

Preparation	Pania Werahiko	01/11/2024	<i>P. Werahiko</i>	149481	STMS (A) NP STMS (B) NP	TTMP-NP 26/10/2024	11/01/2026 25/01/2026
	Name (STMS qualified)	Date	Signature	ID no.	Qualification	TTMP	Expiry date
* additional column added to indicate the attended (or confirmed booking) date of the named designer on the NZTA Temporary Traffic Management Planners (TTMP) workshop as required by the NZTA technical note, issued 9 December 2019							

This TMP meets CoPTTM requirements

Number of diagrams attached

63

TMP returned for correction (if required)

Name	Date	Signature	ID no.	Qualification	Expiry date
------	------	-----------	--------	---------------	-------------

Engineer/TMC to complete following section when approval or acceptance required

Temporary safety barrier system	The attached temporary road safety barrier design has been independently reviewed as being fit for purpose				Not required	
TMP Approved	Name	Date	Signature	ID no.	Qualification	Expiry date
	Name	Date	Signature	ID no.	Qualification	Expiry date
Acceptance by TMC (only required if TMP approved by engineer)	Name	Date	Signature	ID no.	Qualification	Expiry date

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Qualifier for engineer or TMC approval

Approval of this TMP authorises the use of any regulatory signs included in the TMP or attached traffic management diagrams.

This TMP is approved on the following basis:

1. To the best of the approving engineer's/TMC's judgment this TMP conforms to the requirements of CoPTTM.
2. This plan is approved on the basis that the activity, the location and the road environment have been correctly represented by the applicant. Any inaccuracy in the portrayal of this information is the responsibility of the applicant.
3. The TMP provides so far as is reasonably practicable, a safe and fit for purpose TTM system.
4. The STMS for the activity is reminded that it is the STMS's duty to postpone, cancel or modify operations due to the adverse traffic, weather or other conditions that affect the safety of this site.

Notification to TMC prior to occupying worksite/Notification completed

Type of notification to TMC required	Wellington Water to notify customer compliance team every day of where crews are, alternatively this will be submitted to WCC via email of upcoming works by Thursday 12pm	Notification completed	<div>Date</div> <div>Every Thursday</div> <div>Time</div> <div>By 12pm</div>
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Traffic control devices manual

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ROAD SPACE BOOKING

Address:				
Contractor:				
Dates & Times (attended):	From:		To:	
Dates & Times (unattended):	From:		To:	
Generic TMP used:				
Diagram (s) used:				
CAR #				
Work Activity and Reasons TTM to remain in place:				
Contractor Name:				
Contractors Signature:				
TMC Approval:				

Please attach photos of site active site set up (these photos are to include both ends of the site (inclusive of any side roads), pedestrian/cycle management and the working area.



Risk Control Plan

Date:

Client: Company Name



STMS:	Name & Number	Client Forman Onsite:	Name & Number	ATMS Vehicle/s:	
Site:	Address	Job Number:		First Aider(s):	Name
Suburb:	Location	RCA:	Local Council or NZTA	First Aid Kit:	Location
TMP Reference Number:		Diagram Being Used:		Nearest Hospital or Clinic:	Address / Location
Closure Type:		TSL Installed:		Assembly Point:	Name & Number
Is Generic Check List Needed?		Is Mobile Onsite Record Needed?		Fire Equipment:	Location
Site Installation Time:	Time	Site Fully Dismantled Time:	Time	Spill Kit:	Location

What is the plan for the day? Noted changes.

PPE Requirements for the task (tick all that apply)

	Compulsory Day-glo vests, shirts or overalls are mandatory on all work sites (worn done up) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		P2 mask to worn when in the vicinity of machinery that can cause dust and fumes <input type="checkbox"/>
	Compulsory Steel or composite capped lace up boots are mandatory on all work sites <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Full cover clothing or overalls must be worn where there is a risk of abrasions, exposure to heat, CAL rated clothing to be worn in on electrical work sites <input type="checkbox"/>
	Must be worn on site when something could fall on you, or you could fall <input type="checkbox"/>		Must be worn when risk of dust or foreign objects entering the eye. Or when handling hazardous materials. <input type="checkbox"/>
	Must be worn when operating all machinery or when you need to raise your voice to be heard by someone 1 m away <input type="checkbox"/>		Must be worn when handling hazardous materials or when handling sharp objects (not to be worn when there is a risk of entanglement) <input type="checkbox"/>
	Compulsory if working off the deck Harness and lanyards must be used correctly when on the deck of work vehicles. <input type="checkbox"/>	Other PPE Required:	

RISK MATRIX - Consider the likelihood of the event happening

Consider the consequence, severity of injury, illness, or damage			Very unlikely to happen.	Unlikely to happen.	Possibly could happen.	Likely to happen.	Very likely to happen.	Hierarchy of controls
	Catastrophic/Extreme (e.g. Fatal, damage to plant, environment, organisation)	Medium	High	Critical	Critical	Critical	You can lower the risk by using the most effective controls. Always start from the top (Eliminate), and if it is not practicable, then consider the next control in the hierarchy. Eliminate: 1. Eliminate the hazard Minimise: 2. Substitute the hazard 3. Isolate the hazard 4. Use engineering controls 5. Use administrative controls 6. Use PPE	
	Major (e.g. Permanent disability, damage to plant, environment, organisation)	Low	Medium	High	Critical	Critical		
	Moderate (e.g. Hospitalisation/short- or long-term disability, damage to plant, environment, organisation).	Low	Medium	High	Critical	Critical		
	Minor (e.g. First aid, damage to plant, environment, organisation).	Low	Low	Medium	High	Critical		
	Superficial/minimal (e.g. No treatment required, damage to plant, environment, organisation).	Low	Low	Low	High	High		

Important contact numbers: in an emergency call 111

Mana Harding – HR/H&S Manager – 027 213 5654

Jade Ng – General Manager – 021 767 541

Karl Beglin – Fleet/Operations – 021 529 729

STOP

Is there a critical risk onsite?

- High/Critical chance of falling from height (no harness onsite)
- High/Critical chance of entrapment or lack of escape route
- High/Critical chance of there being a safety zone/live lane breach.

YES / NO ☐

If answer yes:

Supervisor/Manager Called/Time
Outcome? Continue with controls or stop work

Contact Management prior to start work. Ensure a mitigation plan is in place



Physical Distancing – At Orange and Red maintain at least 1 m from other people, or if this isn't practical it is strongly encouraged to wear a mask.

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Wellington City Council

01 November 2024



Stay home if unwell – if you have any cold or flu symptoms, stay home and call Healthline on 0800 358 5453 for advice. Speak with your manager.



Wash your hands with soap and water often (for at least 20 seconds). Then dry. OR use hand sanitiser




Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces and objects, such as doorknobs, toilets, gates

Final Risk Rating:
If high or critical, PAUSE and check with your manager before proceeding

[illegible][illegible]

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01 November 2024

Daily On-Site Record Must be retained for 12 months	TMP Reference			Today's Date:			
	TMP Start Date			Risk Sheet Done?	Y / N		
	TMP Expiry Date			Timesheet Done?	Y / N		
Location Details	Road Name(s)	House Numbers / RP's				Suburb	
Workspace Supervisor							
	Name		Contact Phone Number		Signature		
STMS							
	Name		NZTA ID Number & Qualification		Expiry Date		Signature
STMS/TMO (Handover)							
	Time of handover: _____		NZTA ID Number & Qualification		Expiry Date		Signature
Closure Type (circle one)	Mobile / Semi-Static / Shoulder / Two Lane Diversion / Stop/Go / Lane / Contraflow / No Entry / Road Closure / Other						
Notifications to Services & Approvals (Refer to TMP for applicable sections & requirements)							
TMP Approved?	Y	N	N/A	WAP Approved?	Y	N	N/A
Parking Services	Y	N	N/A	Kiwirail	Y	N	N/A
Temporary Speed Limits <i>It is a legal requirement to accurately record the placement and location of TSL's</i>							
Road Names	RP's / House Numbers		TSL Action	Date	Time	Speed (km/h)	Length (m)
	To (RP/Num)	From (RP/Num)	Installed	/ /			
			Remains in Place	/ /			
			Removed	/ /			
	To (RP/Num)	From (RP/Num)	Installed	/ /			
			Remains in Place	/ /			
			Removed	/ /			
	To (RP/Num)	From (RP/Num)	Installed	/ /			
			Remains in Place	/ /			
			Removed	/ /			
	To (RP/Num)	From (RP/Num)	Installed	/ /			
			Remains in Place	/ /			
			Removed	/ /			
	To (RP/Num)	From (RP/Num)	Installed	/ /			
			Remains in Place	/ /			
			Removed	/ /			
	To (RP/Num)	From (RP/Num)	Installed	/ /			
			Remains in Place	/ /			
			Removed	/ /			

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ATMS On Site Record

01 November 2024



[illegible]

01 November 2024

Version 2, May 2022

CC5 Footpath controller guiding pedestrians past the working space

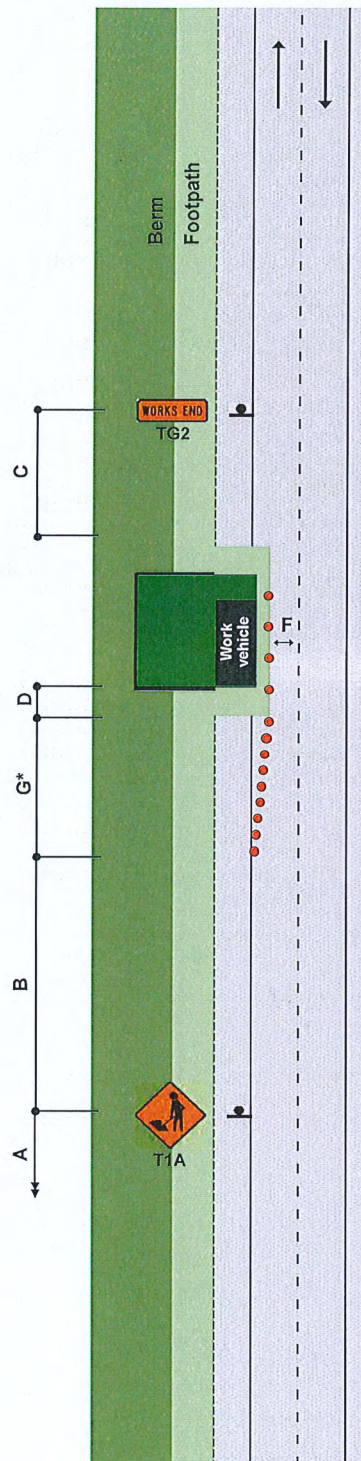
Static operations

FOOTPATH

Footpath controller used to guide pedestrians safely past the working space
Not to be used on a Main Road as classified by WCC

CC5

1. To be used where foot traffic is low (no more than 15 people per hour - 1 person every 4 minutes)
2. No footpath directional signs required
3. Footpath controller must stop work and guide pedestrians past the working space (providing assistance as required)
4. Depending on the volume of foot traffic, an extra person may be required to act as Footpath controller
5. For all attended sites, cones can be used to delineate the edge of the working space and traffic side of the temporary walkway
6. The 1m lateral safety zone between the traffic side of the footpath and the live lane will not be required if the:
 - pedestrian diversion is into a shoulder (including parking lane) of carriageway (and not encroaching into the live lane), or
 - the temporary footpath encroaches into carriageway, but there is good alignment of traffic (taper) past temporary walkway, and
 - is not on a Main Road (as classified by WCC), a Major or Minor Distributor (as classified by HCC) or a Primary Arterial (as classified by UHCC)
6. Use kerb ramps (or available driveways) to assist mobility vehicles, pushchairs etc
7. A safety fence is required around any excavations, falling hazards (e.g. open manhole) or mechanical equipment
8. This TMD may be used in conjunction with other forms of pedestrian management
9. This TMD must be used in conjunction with appropriate TTM for any work carried out on the shoulder or in the live lane



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01 November 2024

CC7 - Valve in shoulder or on berm

Mobile operations

TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

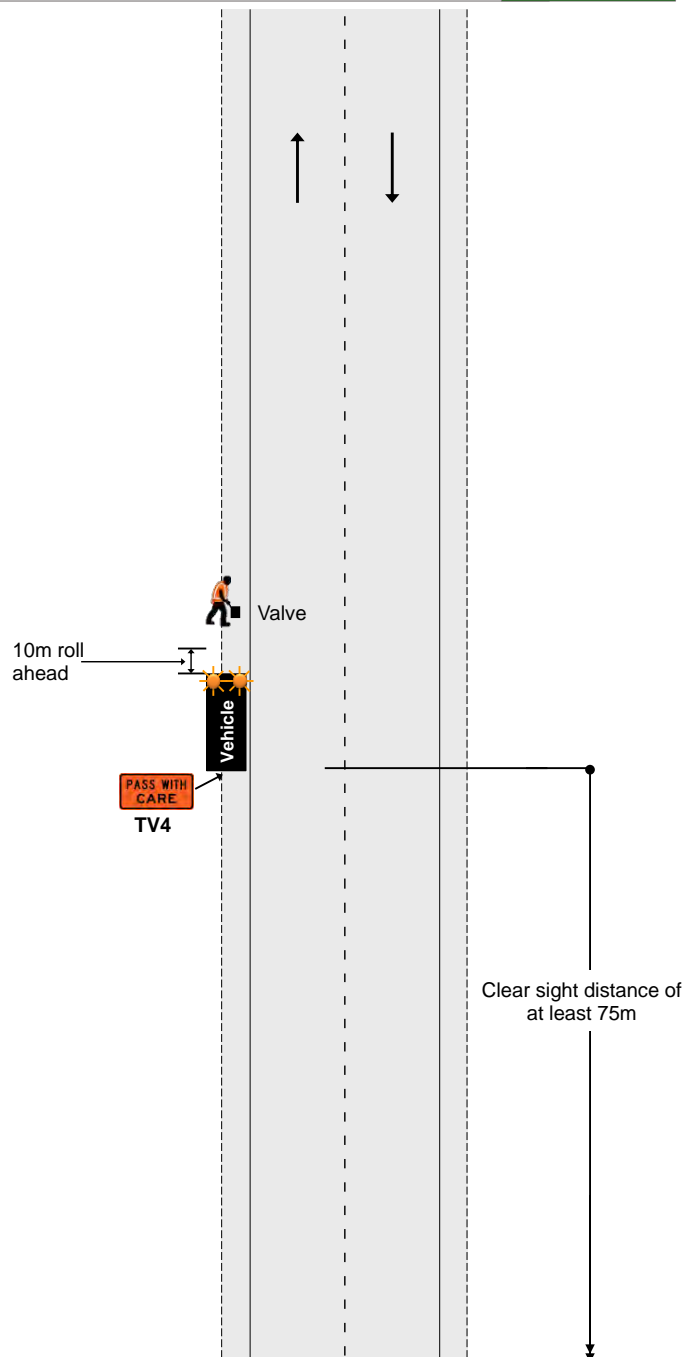
Personnel on berm - Valve in shoulder or on berm

50km/h or less

CC7
Level 1

Notes

1. The vehicle must be able to be driven with a Class 1 drivers license
2. There must be clear sight distance to the vehicle of at least 75m. This means that this operation cannot be completed within 75m of a corner or the brow of a hill
3. Worker to exit and enter the vehicle when there is a gap in traffic
4. The worker must not work within 10m of the vehicle (10m roll ahead)



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Traffic control devices manual part 8 CoPTTM

Section E, appendix A: Traffic management plans

Edition 4, April 2020

A. Wolfaardt

01 November 2024

CC8 - Valve towards left of the lane

Mobile operations

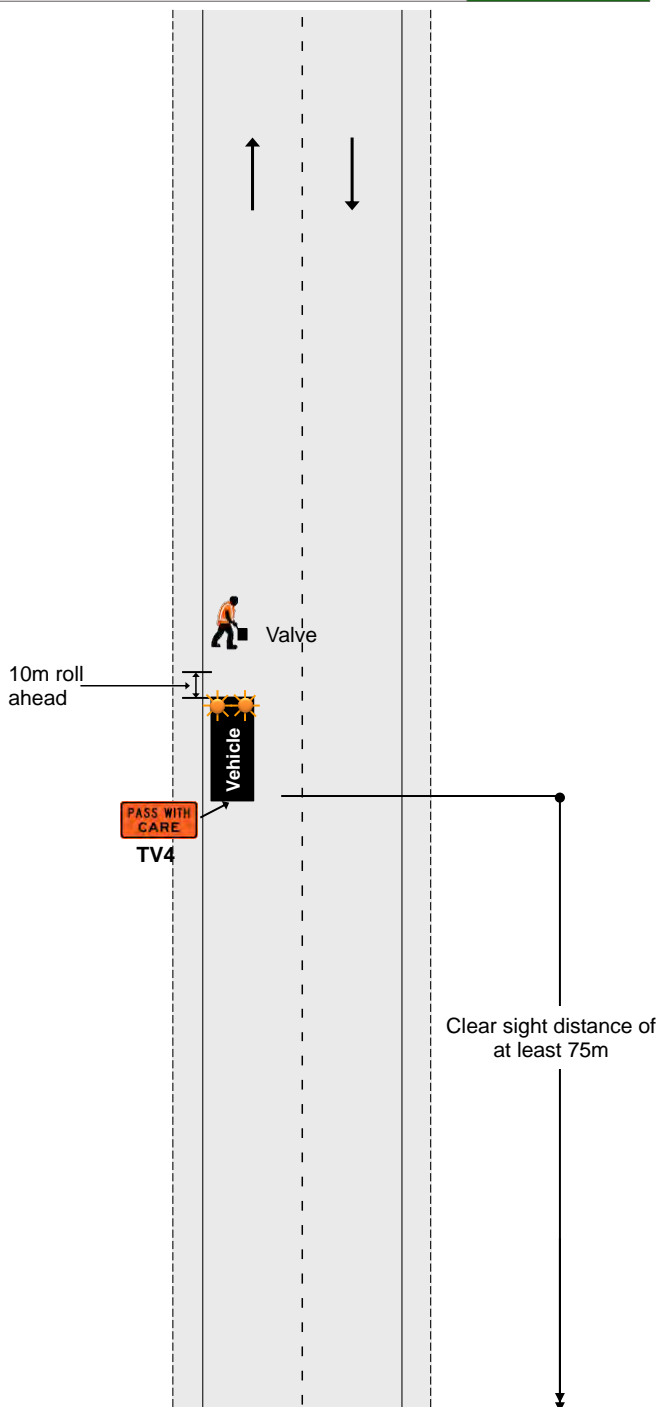
TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Personnel on the road - Valve towards left of the lane
50km/h or less

CC8
Level 1

Notes

1. The vehicle must be able to be driven with a Class 1 drivers license
2. There must be clear sight distance to the vehicle of at least 75m. This means that this operation cannot be completed within 75m of a corner or the brow of a hill
3. Worker to exit and enter the vehicle when there is a gap in traffic
4. The worker must not work within 10m of the vehicle (10m roll ahead)
5. The worker cannot be behind the vehicle unprotected in the live lane



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Traffic control devices manual part 8 CoPTTM

Section E, appendix A: Traffic management plans

Edition 4, April 2020

A. Wolfaardt

01 November 2024

CC9 - Valve towards right of the lane

Mobile operations

TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Personnel on the road - Valve towards right of the lane

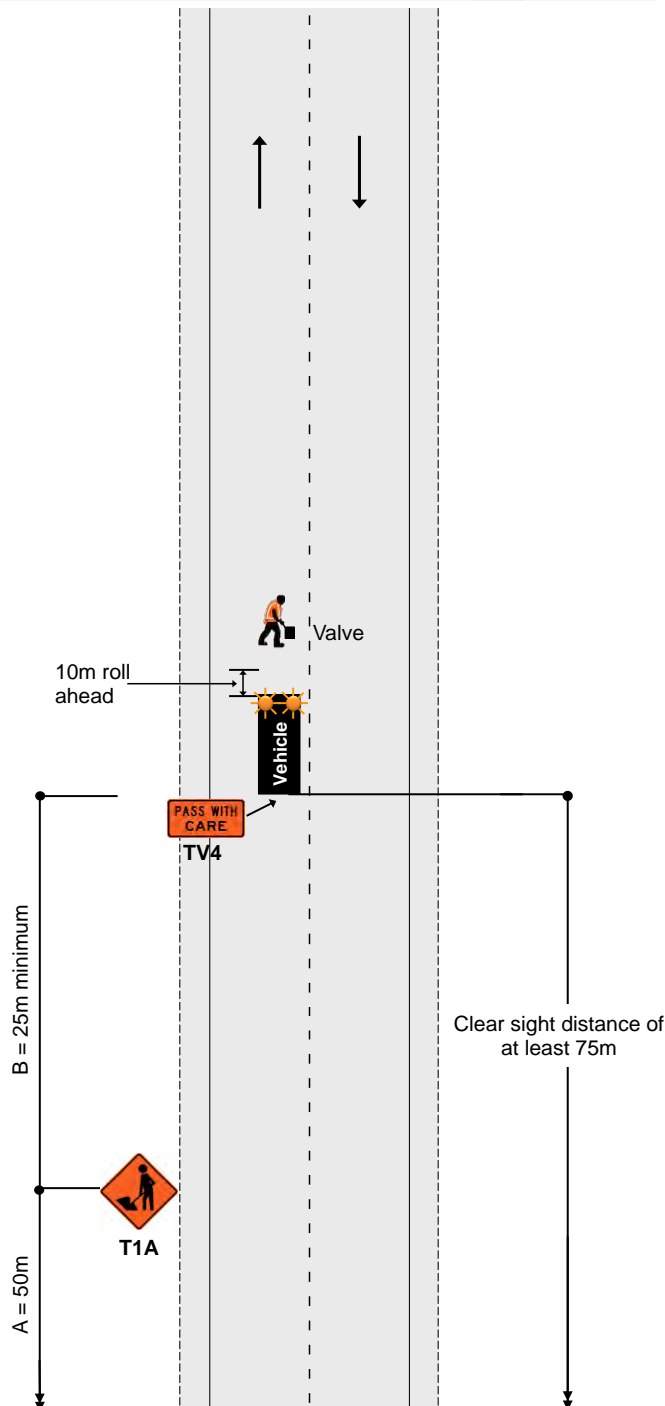
50km/h or less

CC9

Level 1

Notes

1. The vehicle must be able to be driven with a Class 1 drivers license
2. There must be clear sight distance to the vehicle of at least 75m. This means that this operation cannot be completed within 75m of a corner or the brow of a hill
3. Worker to exit and enter the vehicle when there is a gap in traffic
4. The worker must not work within 10m of the vehicle (10m roll ahead)
5. The worker cannot be behind the vehicle unprotected in the live lane
6. TG2 WORKS END sign has been omitted for this mobile operation as end of works notification is achieved when road users can no longer see the flashing amber beacons



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11/11/2020 11:00 AM

Traffic control devices manual part 8 CoPTM

Section E, appendix A: Traffic management plans

Edition 4, April 2020

Amanda Wolfhardt

01 November 2024

CC12 - Less than 75m CSD

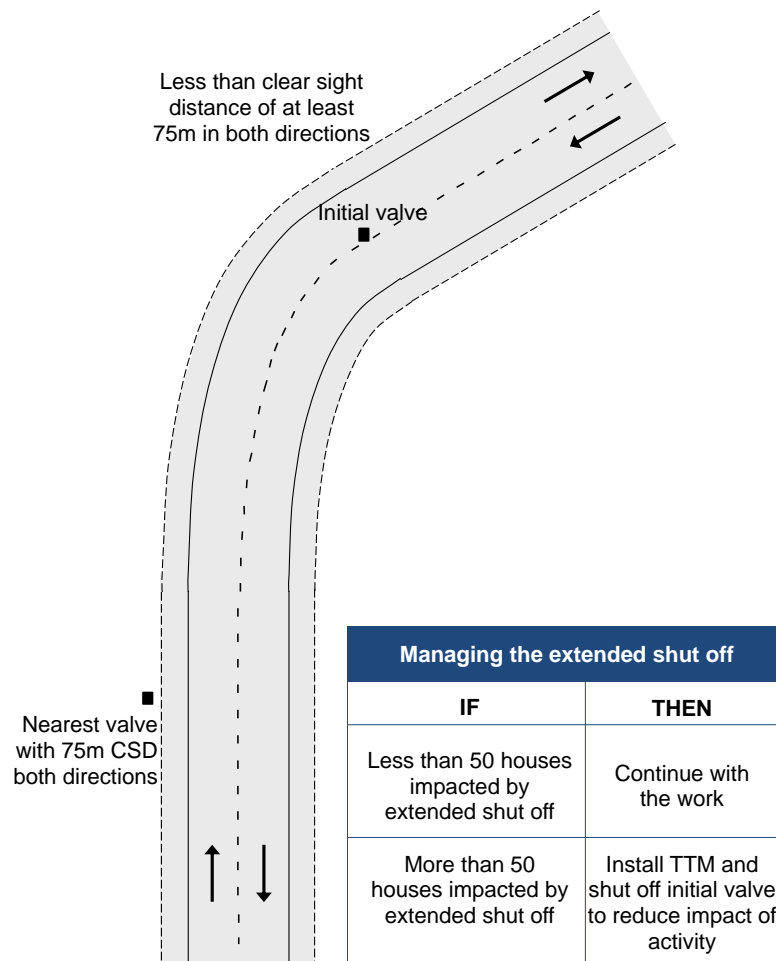
Mobile operations

TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD
Less than 75m CSD
50km/h or less

CC12
Level 1

Notes

1. Where a valve needs to be turned off where there is less than 75m clear sight distance in both directions (eg crest of a hill, on a corner or at a roundabout) then extend the shut off by turning off the nearest valve where 75m clear visibility can be achieved
2. If 50 houses or less are impacted by this extended shut off, then continue with the work activity
3. If more than 50 houses are impacted by this extended shut off, then get the TTM contractor to install TTM to enable the initial valve to be turned off/on safely



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A. Wolfaardt

01 November 2024

FOOTPATH

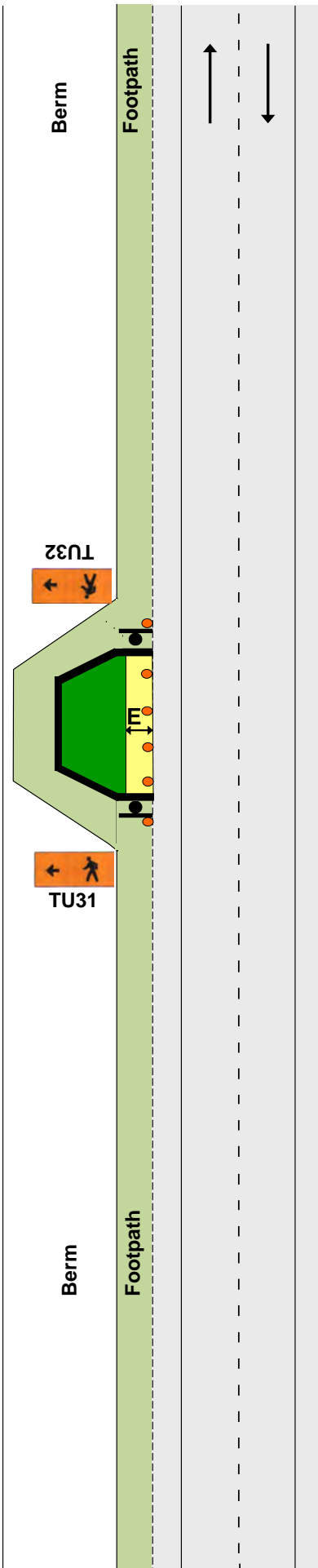
Footpath diverted onto berm behind working space

First preference

F2.1
Level 1

Notes

1. Minimum pedestrian footpath widths:
 - Residential/Rural/Suburban Centre - 1.2m
 - CBD - 2m
2. Where the length of the temporary footpath exceeds 20m, these widths may have to be increased so footpath users do not have to wait to pass
3. Temporary footpath surfaces must be suitable for footpath users
4. Use safety fence to enclose the working space, or at **attended** worksites, cones connected with cone bars can be used to enclose the working space but only for a short period of time
Note: Cone bars are not recommended where heavy equipment (eg a digger) is being used. A safety fence is preferred in these cases
5. This TMD must be used in conjunction with appropriate TTM for any work carried out on the shoulder or in the live lane



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FOOTPATH

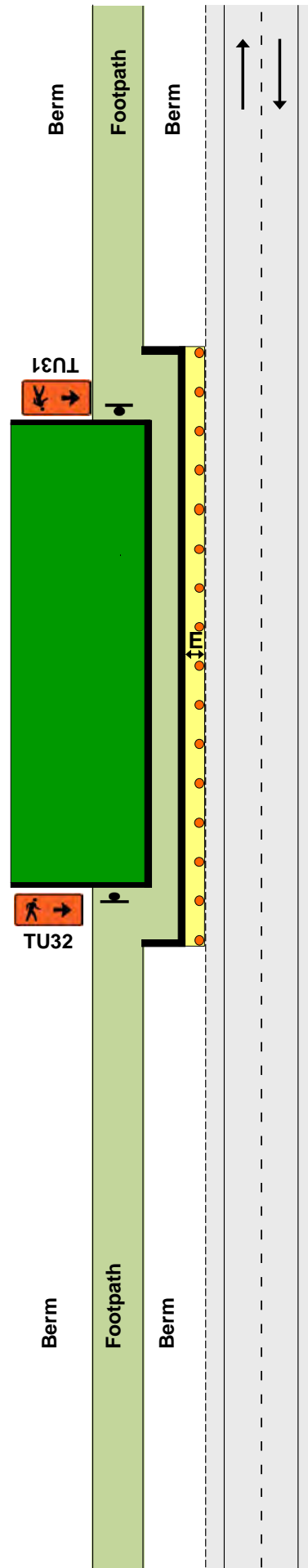
Footpath diverted onto berm between working space and carriageway

Second preference

F2.2
Level 1

Notes

1. Minimum pedestrian footpath widths:
 - Residential/Rural/Suburban Centre - 1.2m
 - CBD - 2m
2. Where the length of the temporary footpath exceeds 20m, these widths may have to be increased so footpath users do not have to wait to pass
3. Temporary footpath surfaces must be suitable for footpath users
4. Use safety fence to enclose the working space, or at **attended** worksites, cones connected with cone bars can be used to enclose the working space but only for a short period of time
Note: Cone bars are not recommended where heavy equipment (eg a digger) is being used. A safety fence is preferred in these cases
5. Use barrier or safety fence to delineate the traffic side of the footpath, or at **attended** worksites cones connected with cone bars can be used to delineate the traffic side of the footpath for a short period of time (not for use on state highways)
6. There must be a lateral safety zone between the traffic side of the footpath and the live lane:
 - 0.5m for barrier
 - 1m for safety fence or cone bars
7. This TMD must be used in conjunction with appropriate TTM for any work carried out on the shoulder or in the live lane



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FOOTPATH

Footpath diverted onto carriageway

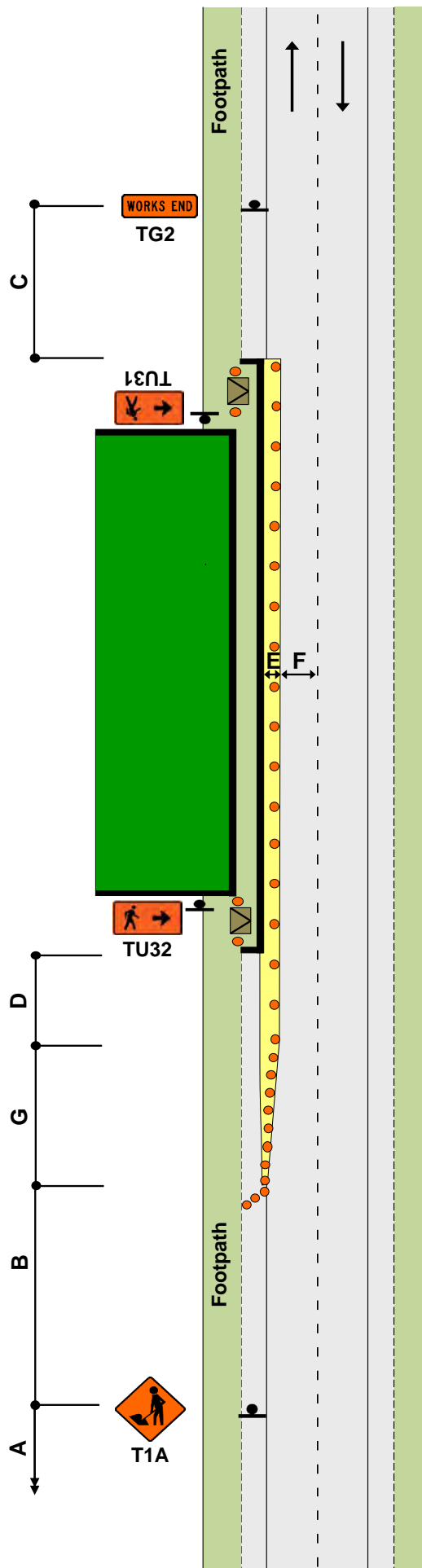
Third preference

F2.3
Level 1

Notes

1. Minimum pedestrian footpath widths:
 - Residential/Rural/Suburban Centre - 1.2m
 - CBD - 2m
2. Where the length of the temporary footpath exceeds 20m, these widths may have to be increased so footpath users do not have to wait to pass
3. Use safety fence to enclose the working space, or at **attended** worksites, cones connected with cone bars can be used to enclose the working space but only for a short period of time

Note: Cone bars are not recommended where heavy equipment (eg a digger) is being used. A safety fence is preferred in these cases
4. Use barrier or safety fence to delineate the traffic side of the footpath, or at **attended** worksites cones connected with cone bars can be used to delineate the traffic side of the footpath for a short period of time (not for use on state highways)
5. There must be a lateral safety zone between the traffic side of the footpath and the live lane:
 - 0.5m for barrier
 - 1m for safety fence or cone bars
6. Use kerb ramps to assist mobility vehicles, pushchairs, etc
7. At night-time, corners of safety fence may be illuminated with flashing amber warning lights
8. This TMD must be used in conjunction with appropriate TTM for any work carried out on the shoulder or in the live lane



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SHOULDER AND ROADSIDE ACTIVITIES

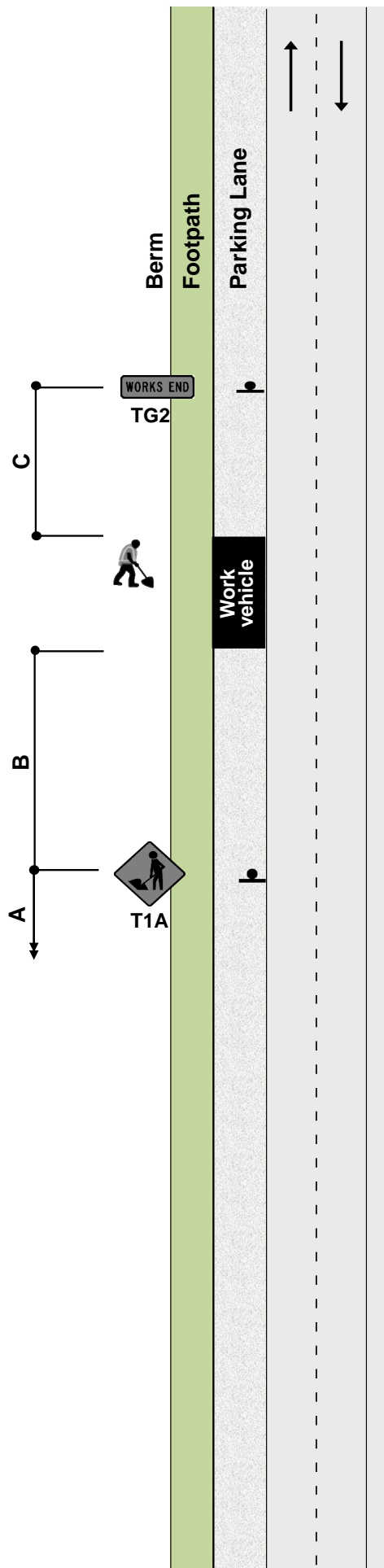
Work on berm and/or footpath

Permanent speed less than 65km/h

F2.5
Level 1

Notes

1. Where work is carried out on the berm or footpath and a work vehicle is parked in a legal parallel car park, provided the vehicle is only accessed from the off traffic side, advance warning T1A road works and TG2 WORKS END are optional
2. Traffic management must be provided where footpath users or cyclists are affected
3. This layout may only be used during daylight hours
4. Large plant and machinery must not be used in this situation, a more substantial closure is required



Section F

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SHOULDER AND ROADSIDE ACTIVITIES

Work in parking lane

Permanent speed less than 65km/h

F2.6
Level 1

Notes

1. Where work is carried out in the legal parking lane (a place where a vehicle would normally park with a footpath and/or kerb and channel alongside), the following minimum standard of TTM must be provided:

- a 10m taper in front of the work vehicle
- cones alongside the work vehicle and the working space
- a longitudinal safety zone
- a 1m lateral safety zone along the working space
- a T1A (or other appropriate advance warning sign) mounted on the back of the work vehicle

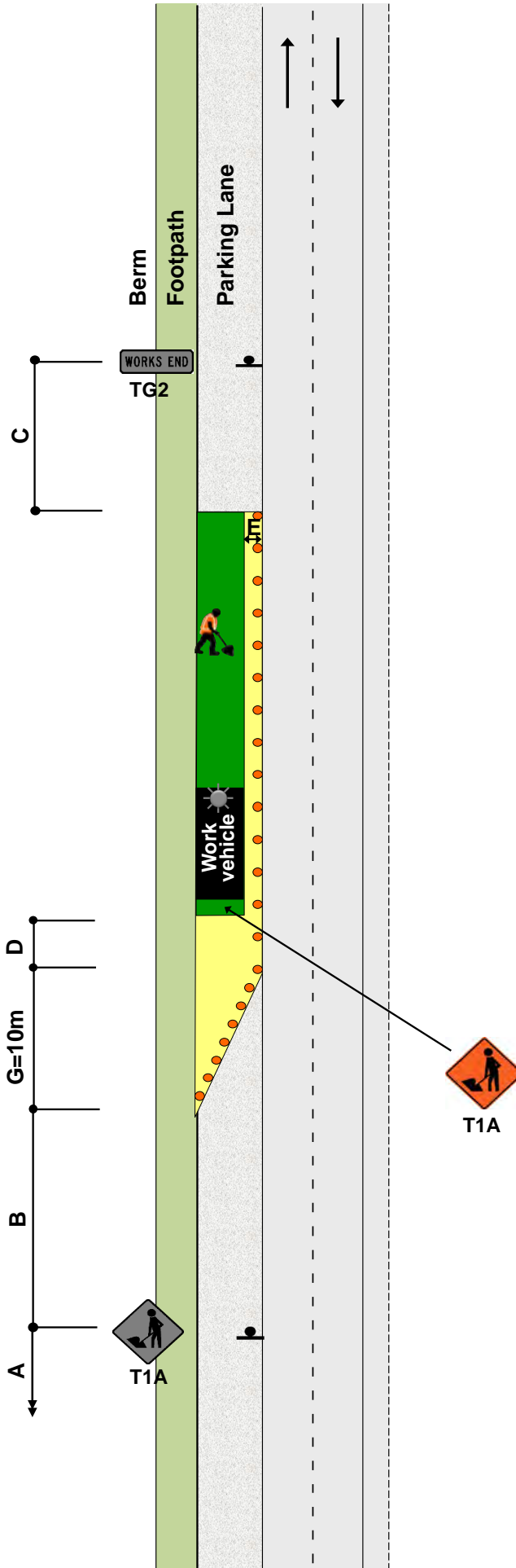
2. T1A road works and TG2 WORKS END signs are optional

3. The work vehicle must be no larger than a light truck and may have an amber flashing beacon

4. Traffic management must be provided where footpath users or cyclists are affected

5. This layout may only be used during daylight hours

6. Large plant and machinery must not be used in this situation, a more substantial closure is required



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SHOULDER AND ROADSIDE ACTIVITIES

Shoulder closure

F2.7

Level 1

Notes

1. A 10m taper is allowed where shoulder width is less than 2.5m

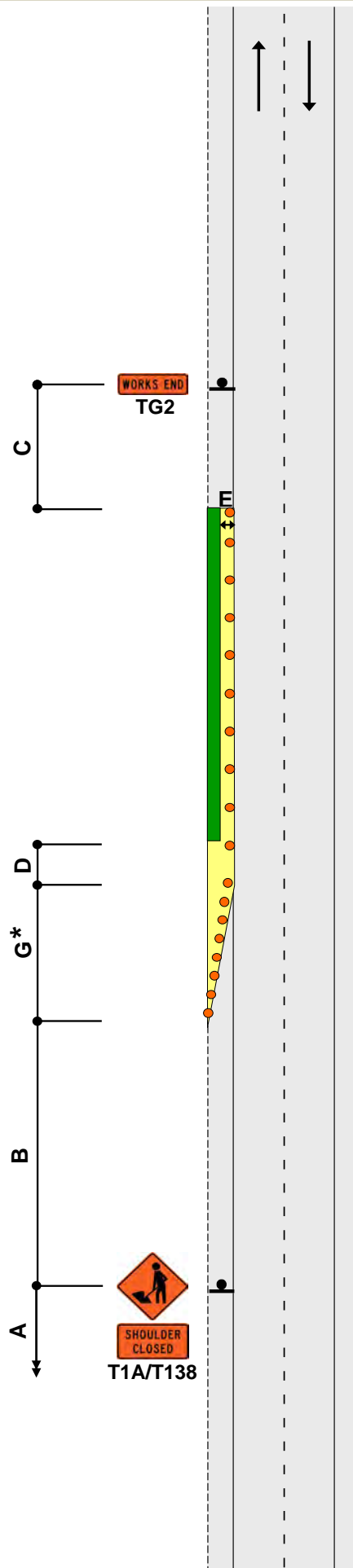
2. *For shoulders exceeding 2.5m width, apply the following calculation; calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

3.5

W = Width of shoulder

G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table



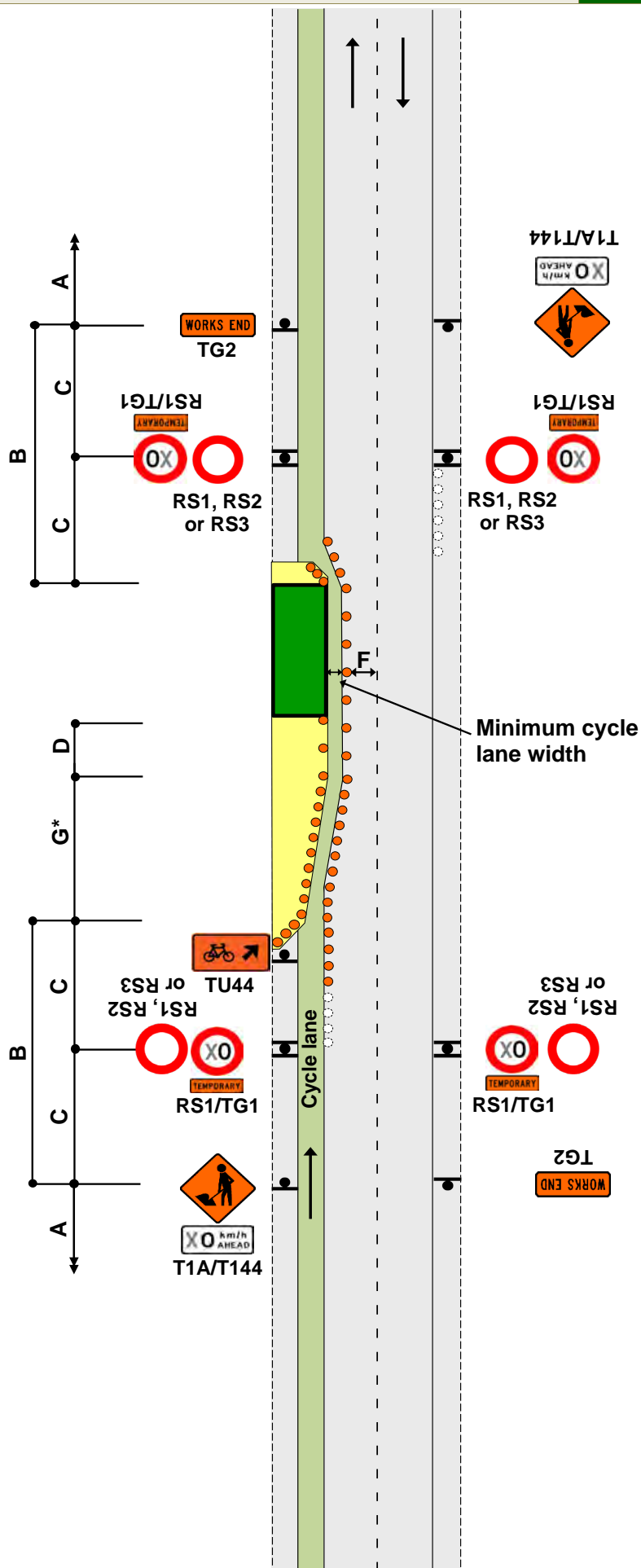
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1. Minimum cycle lane width must be:
 - 1m - 50km/h or less
 - 1.5m - 60km/h or more
2. A minimum cycle lane width of 1.5m is required if the temporary cycle lane is uphill
3. *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:
$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

W = Width of lateral shift
G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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CYCLE LANE
Traffic crossing road centre
Diverted cycle lane - coned lane control

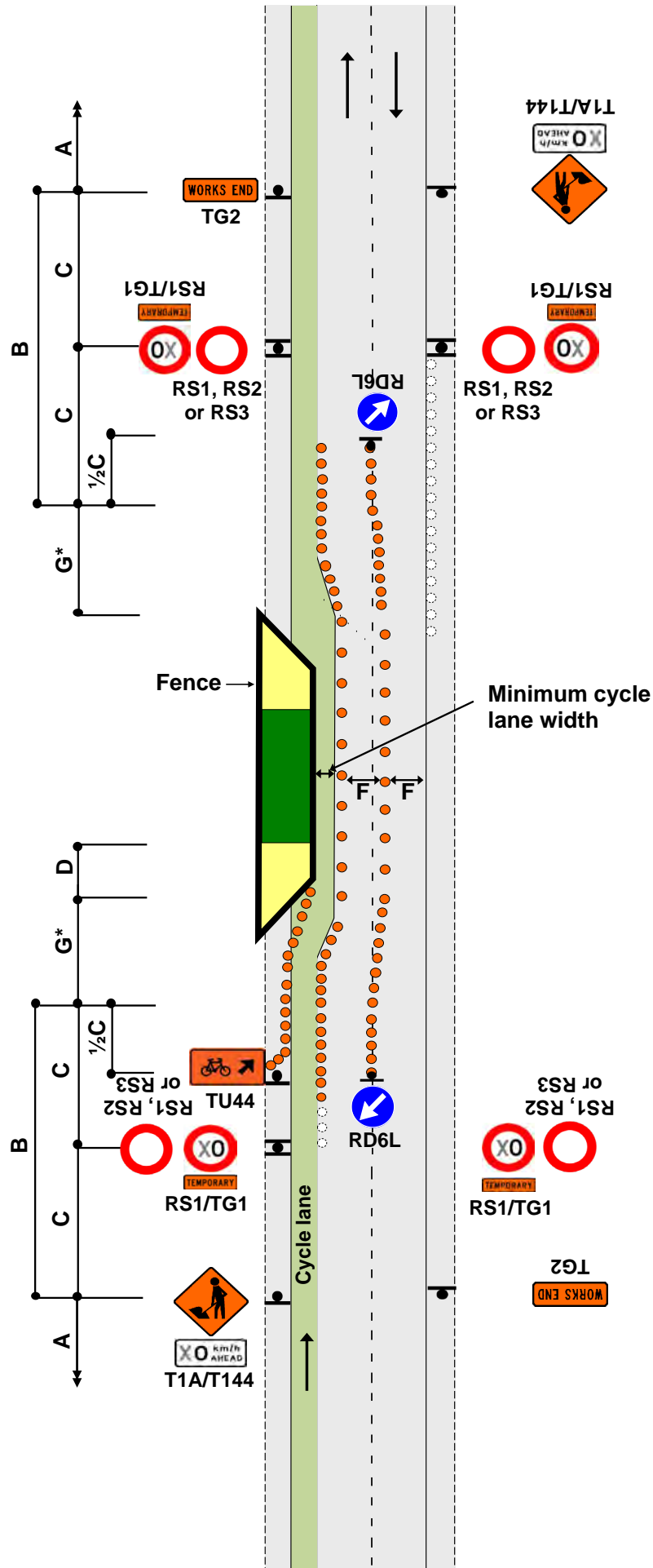
F2.9
Level 1

Notes

1. Minimum cycle lane width must be:
 - 1m - 50km/h or less
 - 1.5m - 60km/h or more
2. A minimum cycle lane width of 1.5m is required if the temporary cycle lane is uphill
3. *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

W = Width of lateral shift
 G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
4. To allow heavy vehicles to manoeuvre, cones in the channel must be offset by at least 10m where the direction changes. Refer C8.2.12
5. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
6. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD
Traffic not crossing road centre

F2.11
Level 1

Notes

1.*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

3.5

W = Width of lateral shift

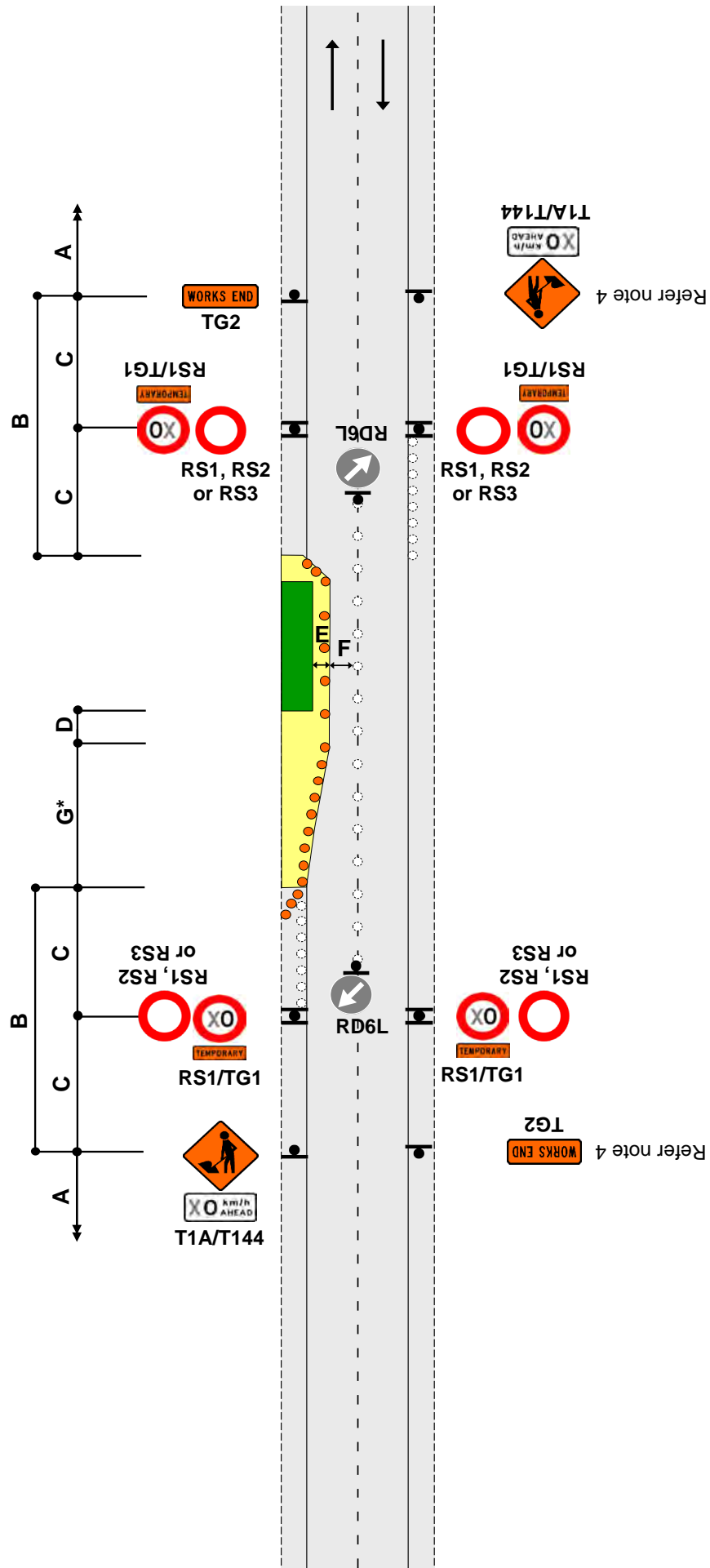
G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table

2.If traffic likely to cross the centreline, place cones on the centreline with RD6L signs at each end

3.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix

4.If TSLs not required, the T1A and TG2 signs on the right hand side of the road are also not required

5.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD
Traffic not crossing road centre
Signs on median

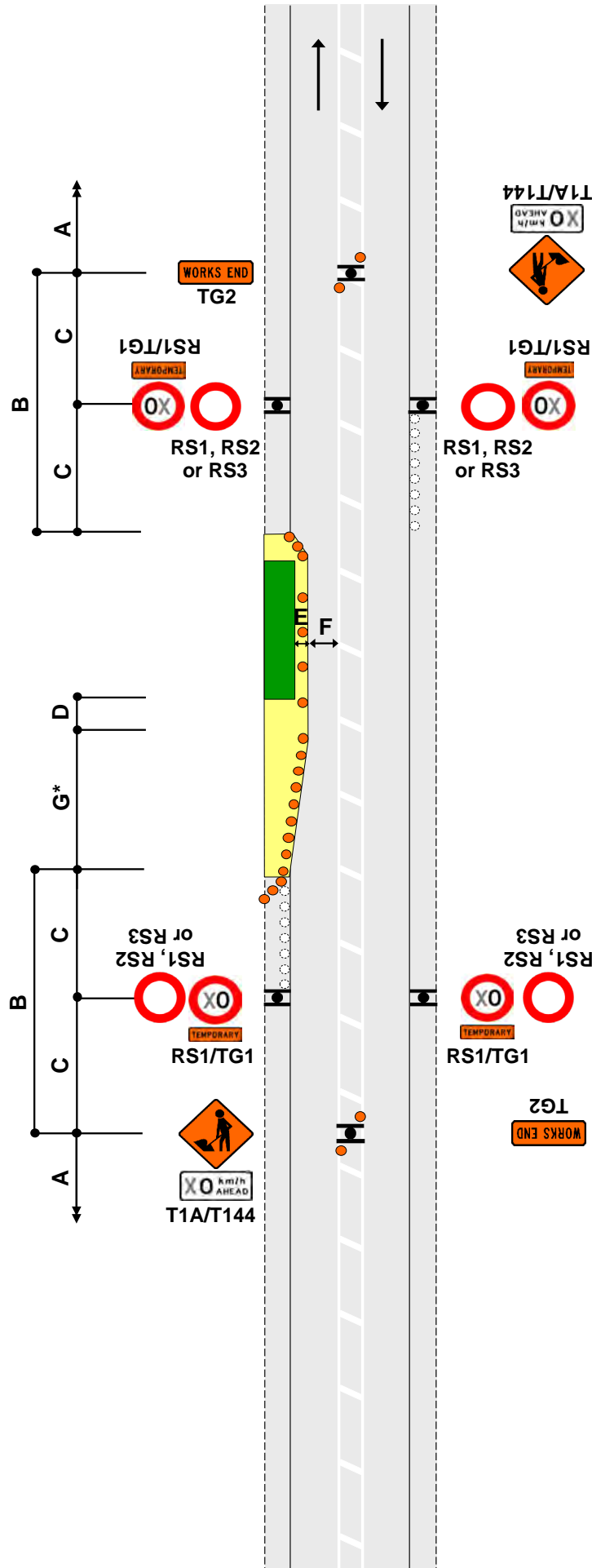
F2.12
Level 1

Notes

1. Use this diagram if signs will not be visible on left-hand side of road, or if it is safer to place signs on median and this will not interfere with turning traffic movements
2. Where a median exists which is more than 2m wide, the signs may be positioned on the median. Signs must be placed back-to-back unless on a solid median
3. Where there is a solid median, signs are not required in the opposing direction
4. *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

W = Width of lateral shift
 G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
5. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
6. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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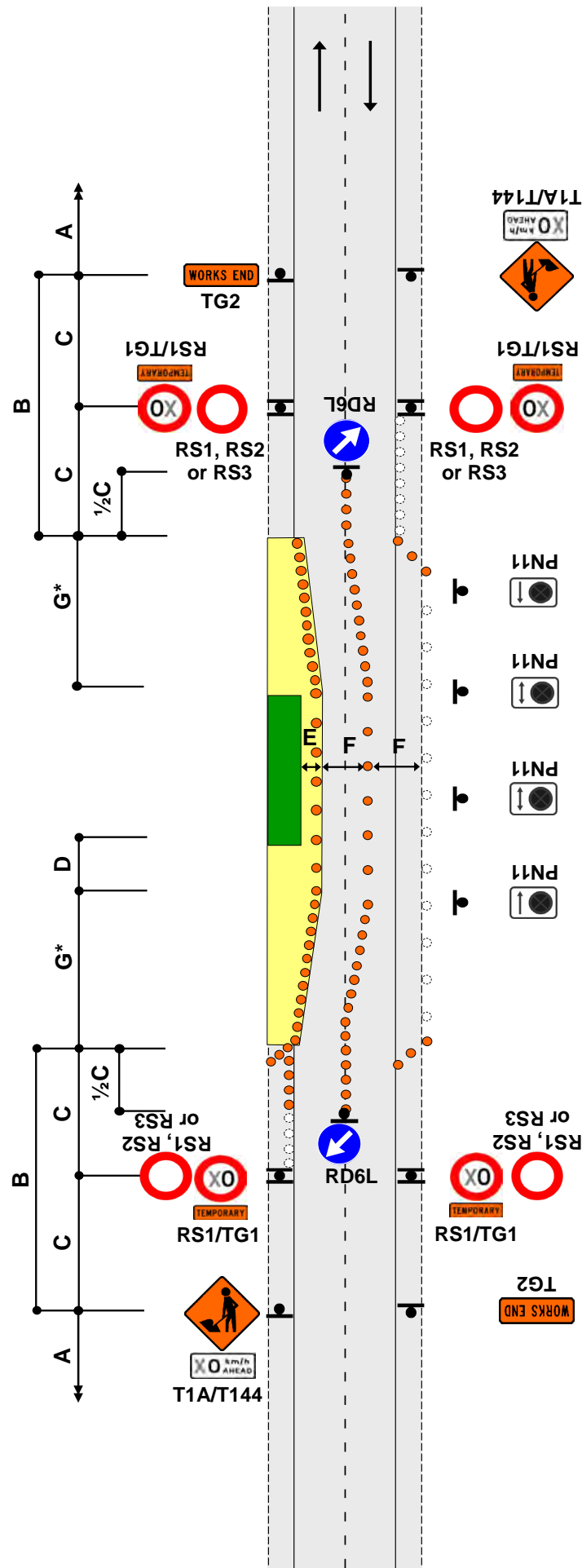
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Notes

1. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
2. Return taper at end of closure may be shortened
3. *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

W = Width of lateral shift
 G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
4. To allow heavy vehicles to manoeuvre, cones in the channel must be offset by at least 10m where the direction changes. Refer C8.2.12
5. Use PN11 No Stopping signs, if necessary
6. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
7. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Single-lane alternating flow

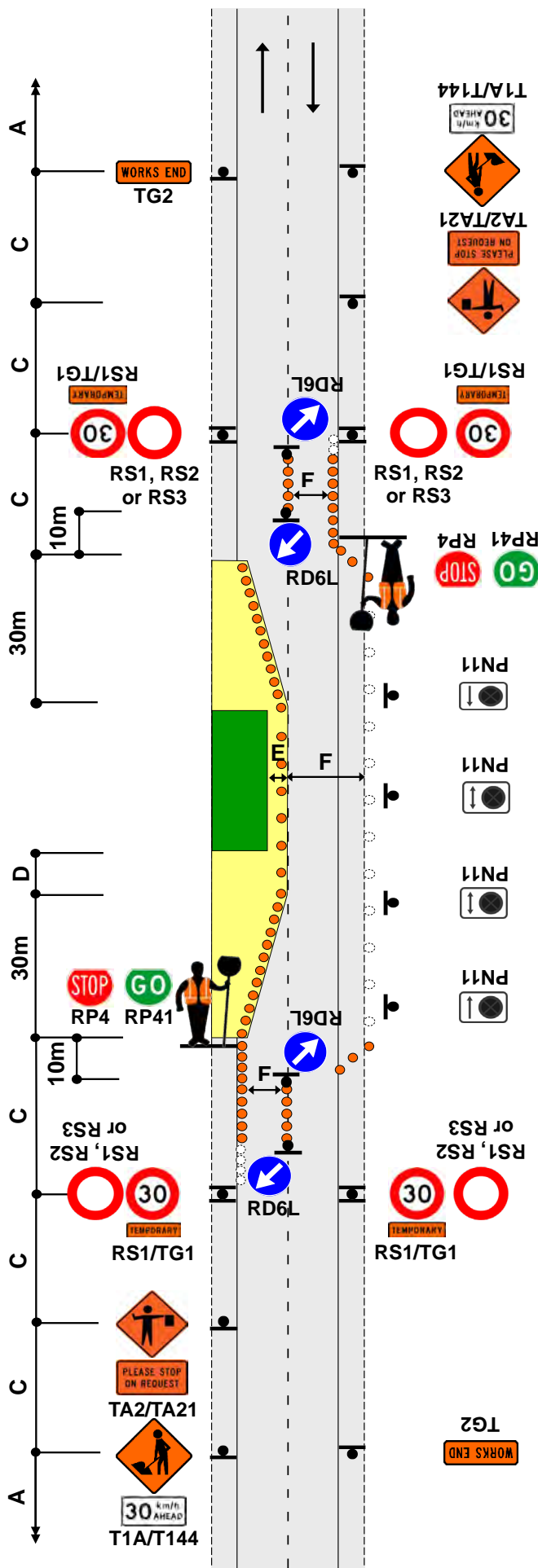
Manual traffic control (STOP/GO or STOP/SLOW)

F2.14

Level 1

Notes

1. Extend or place extra advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues
2. A 30m return taper at the end of the closure is mandatory
3. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
4. To allow heavy vehicles to manoeuvre, cones in the channel must be offset by at least 10m where the direction changes. Refer C8.2.12
5. Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary
6. MTC with RP4/RP41 STOP/GO or RP4/RP42 STOP/SLOW paddle on road shoulder located between 1st and 2nd cone in the cone threshold closest to the working space
7. Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold at:
 - 2.5m centres - less than 65km/h
 - 5m centres - more than 65km/h
8. Refer to C10.2.3 MTC essentials for further information
9. Delays cannot exceed the time approved by the RCA (normally 5 to 10 minutes)
10. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

All traffic stopped temporarily

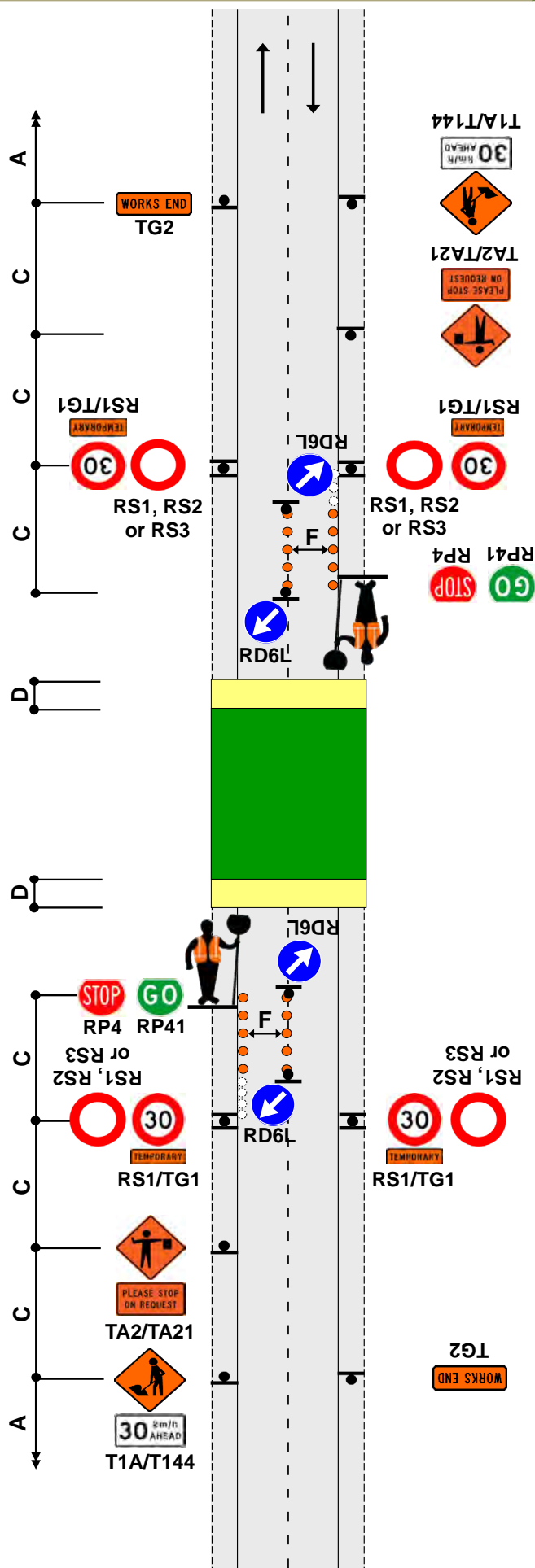
Manual traffic control (STOP/GO or STOP/SLOW)

F2.15

Level 1

Notes

1. Closure period not to exceed the limit set or approved by the RCA
2. Extend advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues
3. MTC with RP4/RP41 STOP/GO or RP4/RP42 STOP/SLOW paddle on road shoulder located between 1st and 2nd cone in the cone threshold closest to the working space
4. Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold at:
 - 2.5m centres - less than 65km/h
 - 5m centres - more than 65km/h
5. MTCs must show same message to oncoming traffic (eg STOP/STOP or GO/GO)
6. Refer to C10.2.3 MTC essentials for further information
7. When road users are passing the working space in alternating flow, all construction equipment must be stopped on same side of the road if there is no separation from the live lane
8. Where damage is likely to occur to passing traffic eg during sealing, traffic must be stopped in both directions
9. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Single-lane (traffic volume less than 1000vpd - 80vph)

Give way control

F2.16

Level 1

Notes

1. The RP51/RP22 and RP52 controls must be placed in the following priority order:

- downhill traffic must give way to uphill traffic
- traffic that has to cross into the opposing lane gives way, however where visibility for this vehicle is marginal the contractor may require the other vehicle with better visibility to give way

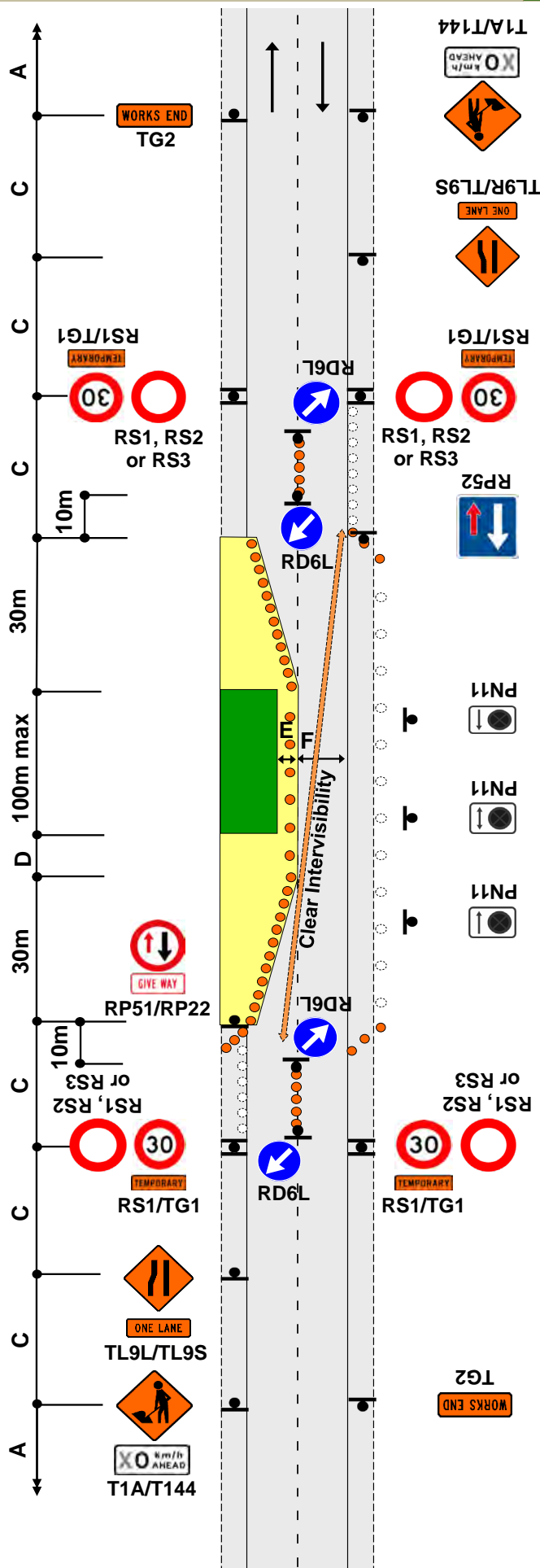
2. Intervisibility is required as indicated on diagram. This means that a vehicle at one sign is able to see whether the way ahead is clear

3. A 30m return taper at the end of the closure is mandatory

4. Use PN11 No Stopping signs, if necessary

5. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined

6. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Single-lane alternating flow

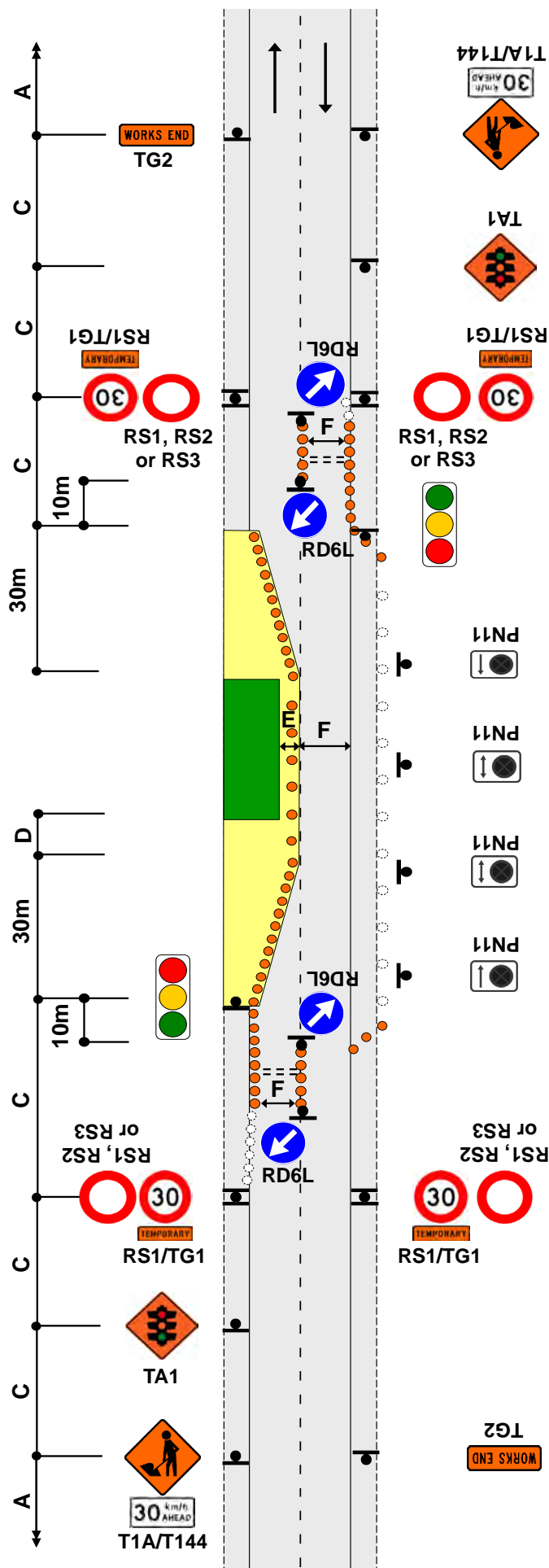
Portable traffic signals

F2.17

Level 1

Notes

1. Provide details of make and model of portable traffic signals in the TMP
2. Install temporary limit lines (must be able to be removed upon completion) or use RP61/RP62 signs
3. Approved temporary speed humps may also be used. Consider use of MTC while speed humps are installed
4. A 30m return taper at the end of the closure is mandatory
5. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
6. Extend or place extra advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues
7. Use PN11 No Stopping signs, if necessary
8. Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold at:
 - 2.5m centres - less than 65km/h
 - 5m centres - more than 65km/h
9. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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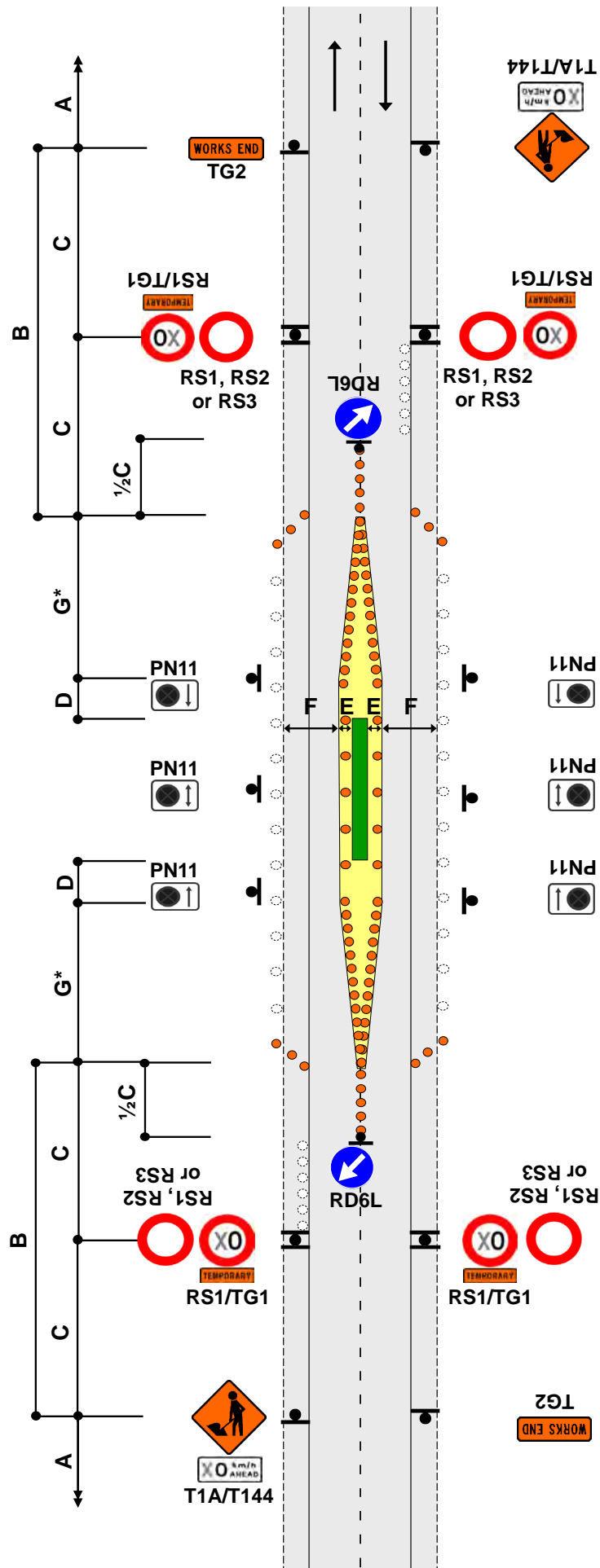
TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD
Work in centre of road

F2.18
Level 1

Notes

1. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
2. *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:
$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

W = Width of lateral shift
G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
3. Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary
4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

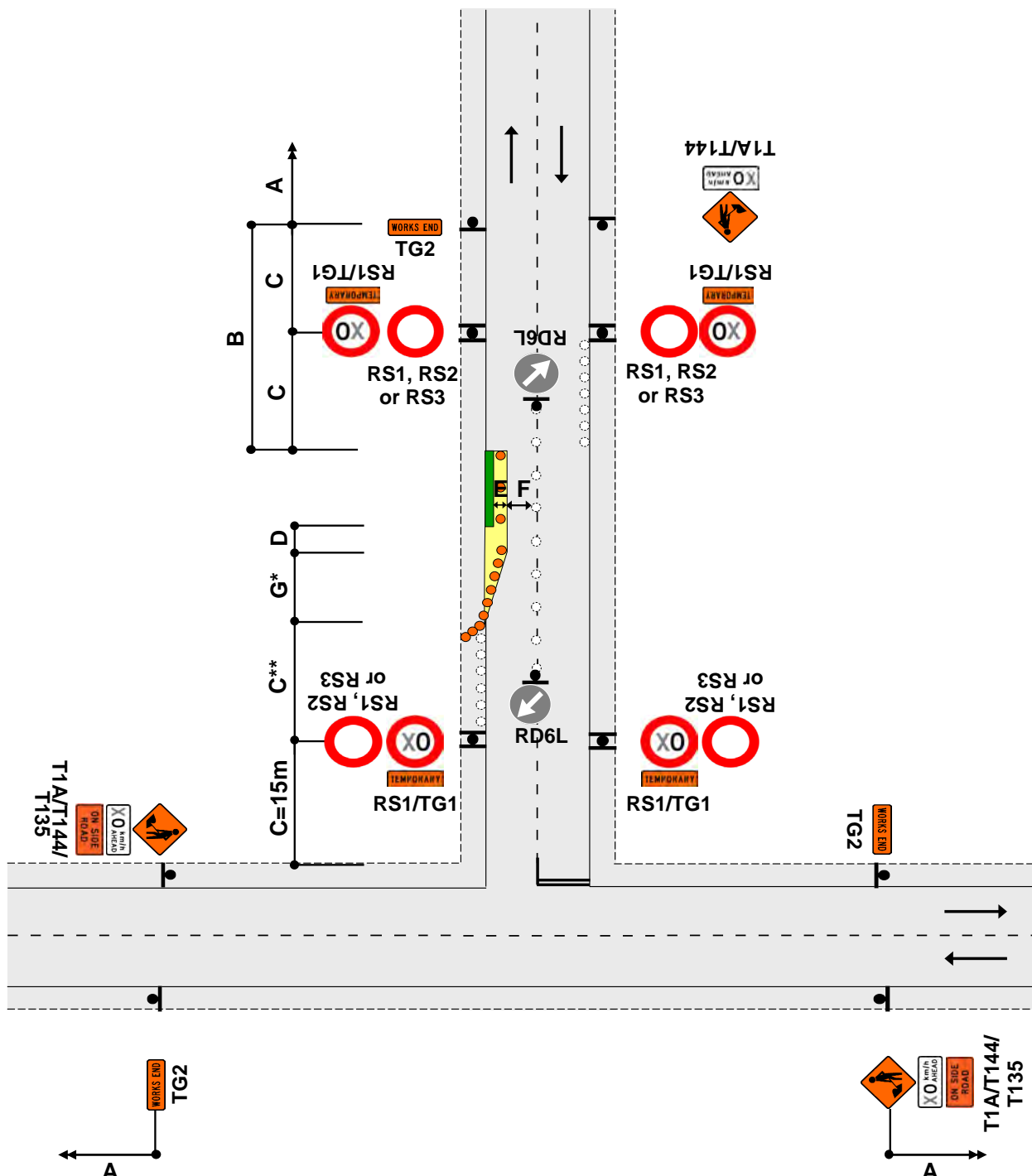


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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout
Road works on side road after intersection - TSL on side road
Traffic not crossing road centre

F2.19
Level 1



Notes

1. Sign spacing of TSL at the intersection can be reduced as per the table shown below
2. Where minimum dimensions cannot be achieved TMD F2.20 is to be used
3. Advance warning signs on main road must be at least the warning distance away from first cone in taper
4. *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$
W = Width of lateral shift
G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
5. If traffic likely to cross the centreline, place cones on the centreline with RD6L signs at each end
6. Use TSLs as required by TSL decision matrix
7. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional

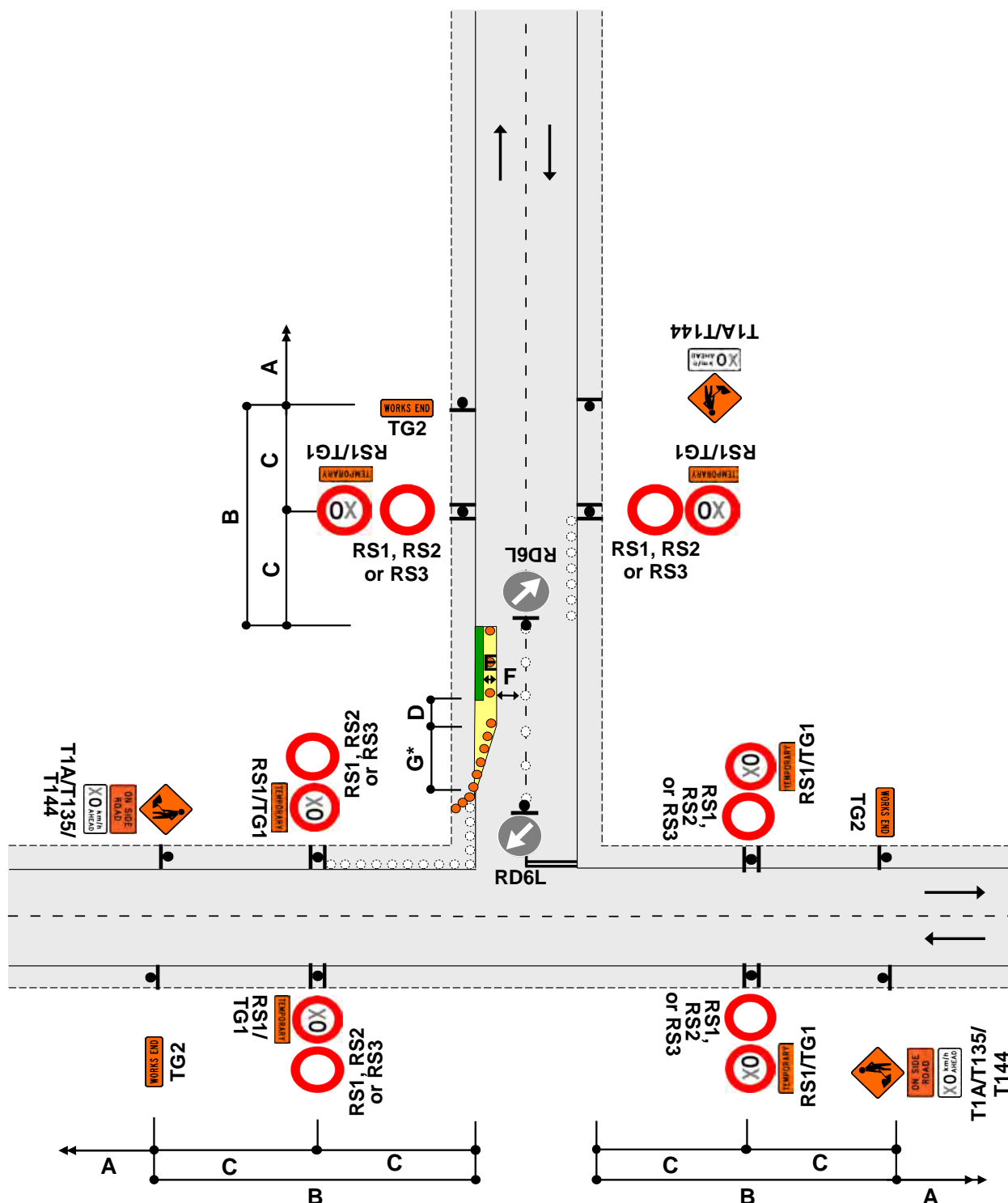
Speed (PSL)	Intersection to TSL	C** TSL to taper	Total
<50km/h	15m	15m	30m
60km/h	15m	25m	40m
>70km/h	15m	40m	55m

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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout
Road works on side road after intersection - TSL on main road
Traffic not crossing road centre

F2.20
Level 1



Notes

- *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

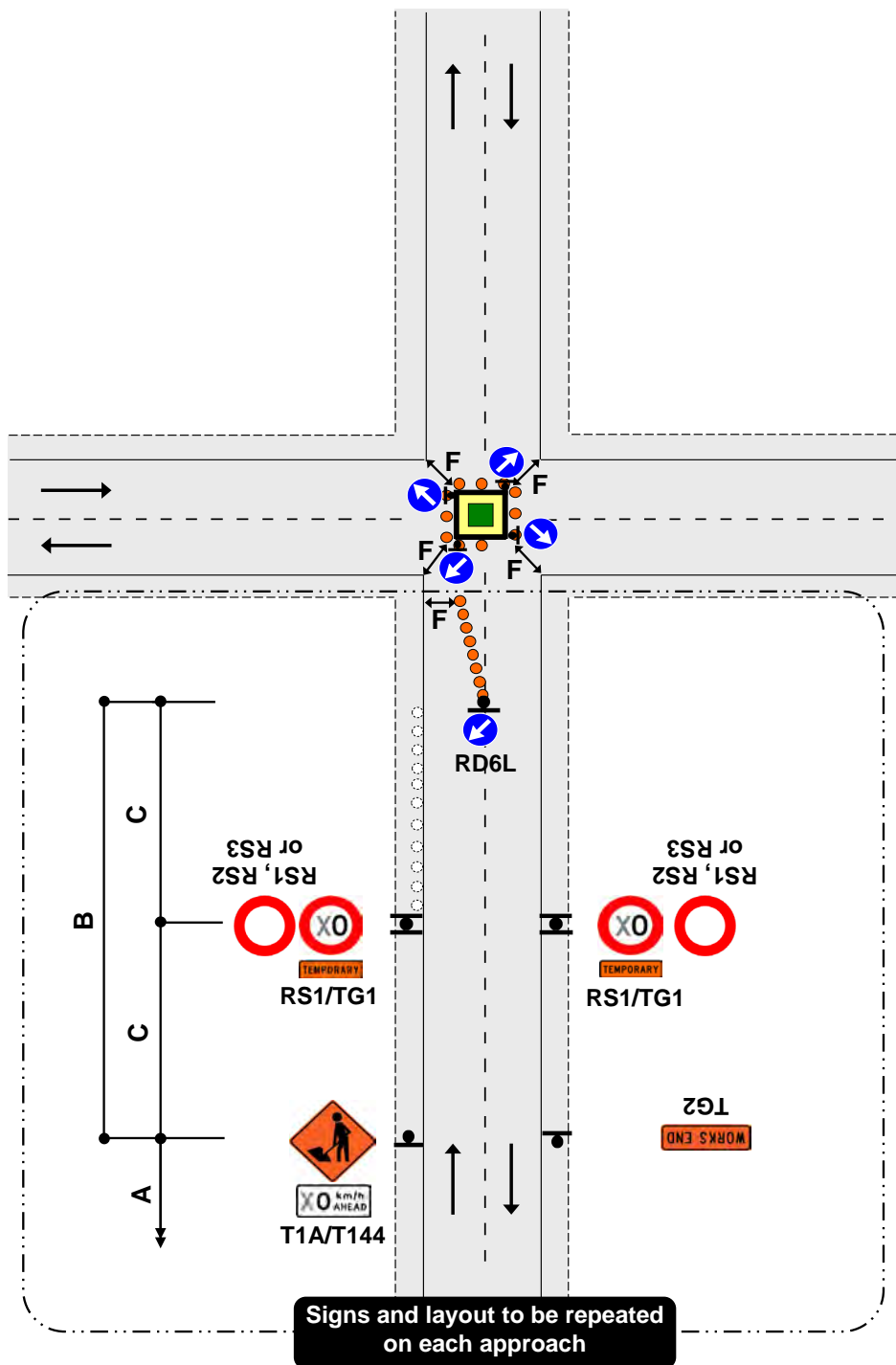
W = Width of lateral shift
 G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
- If traffic likely to cross the centreline, place cones on the centreline with RD6L signs at each end
- Use TSLs as required by TSL decision matrix
- The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout

Work in middle of intersection

F2.21
Level 1



Notes

1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
2. Signs and layout shown in the box at the bottom of the diagram is to be repeated on each approach
3. RD6L signs are not required at an existing roundabout
4. Cone tapers are optional at existing roundabouts
5. Lane widths, F, may need to be increased to allow for turning movements of larger vehicles
6. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
7. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout

Closure at corner of an intersection

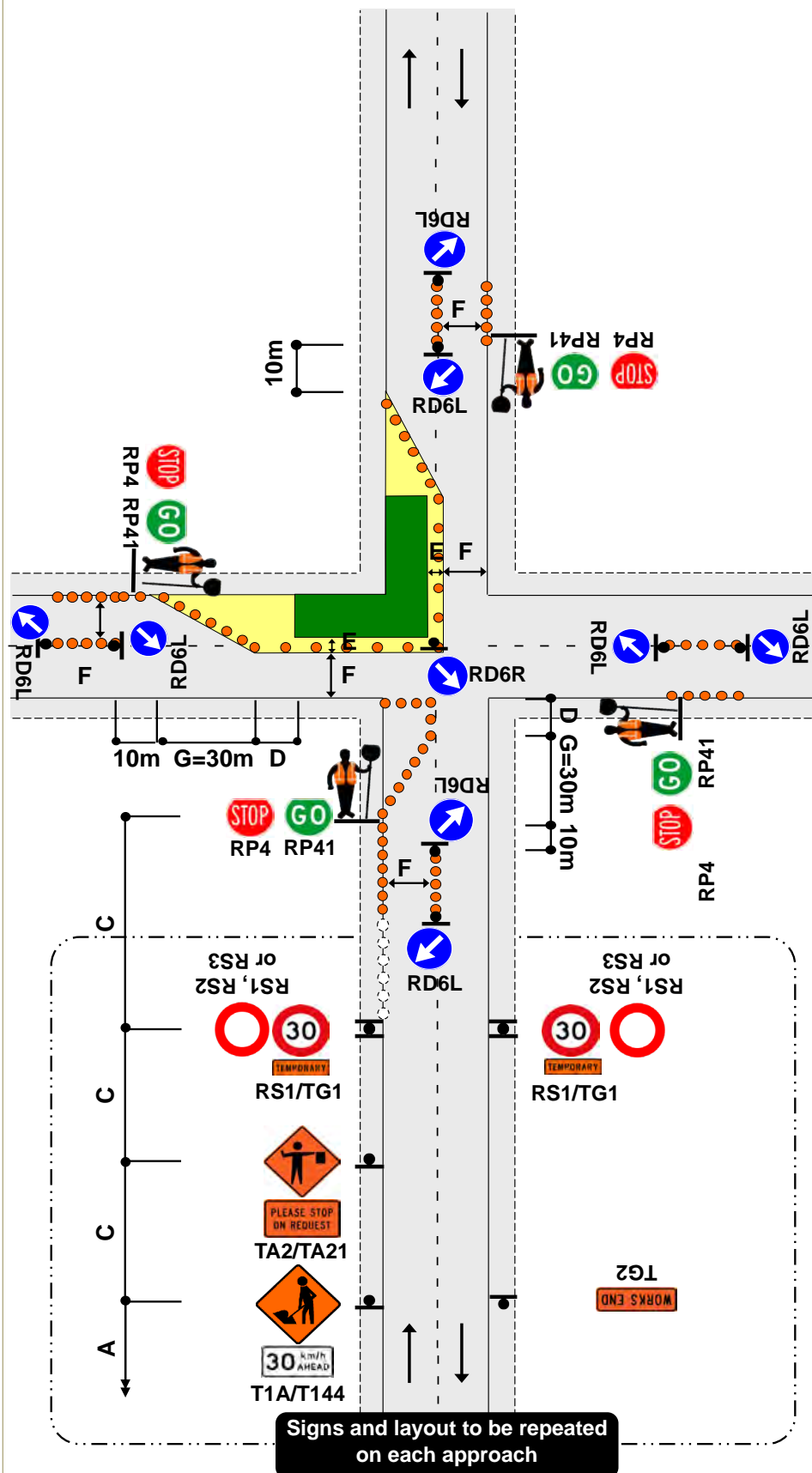
Manual traffic control (Stop/Go or Stop/Slow)

F2.22

Level 1

Notes

1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
2. Signs and layout shown in the box at the bottom of the diagram is to be repeated on each approach
3. A 30m return taper at the end of the closure is mandatory
4. Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary
5. MTC with RP4/RP41 STOP/GO or RP4/RP42 STOP/SLOW paddle on road shoulder located between 1st and 2nd cone in the cone threshold closest to the working space
6. Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold at:
 - 2.5m centres - less than 65km/h
 - 5m centres - more than 65km/h
7. Refer to C10.2.3 MTC essentials for further information
8. On roads with a permanent speed limit of 100km/h, cones are required from the TSL to the taper if the speed is reduced by more than 30km/h
9. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Road closures and detours

Road closure - detour route

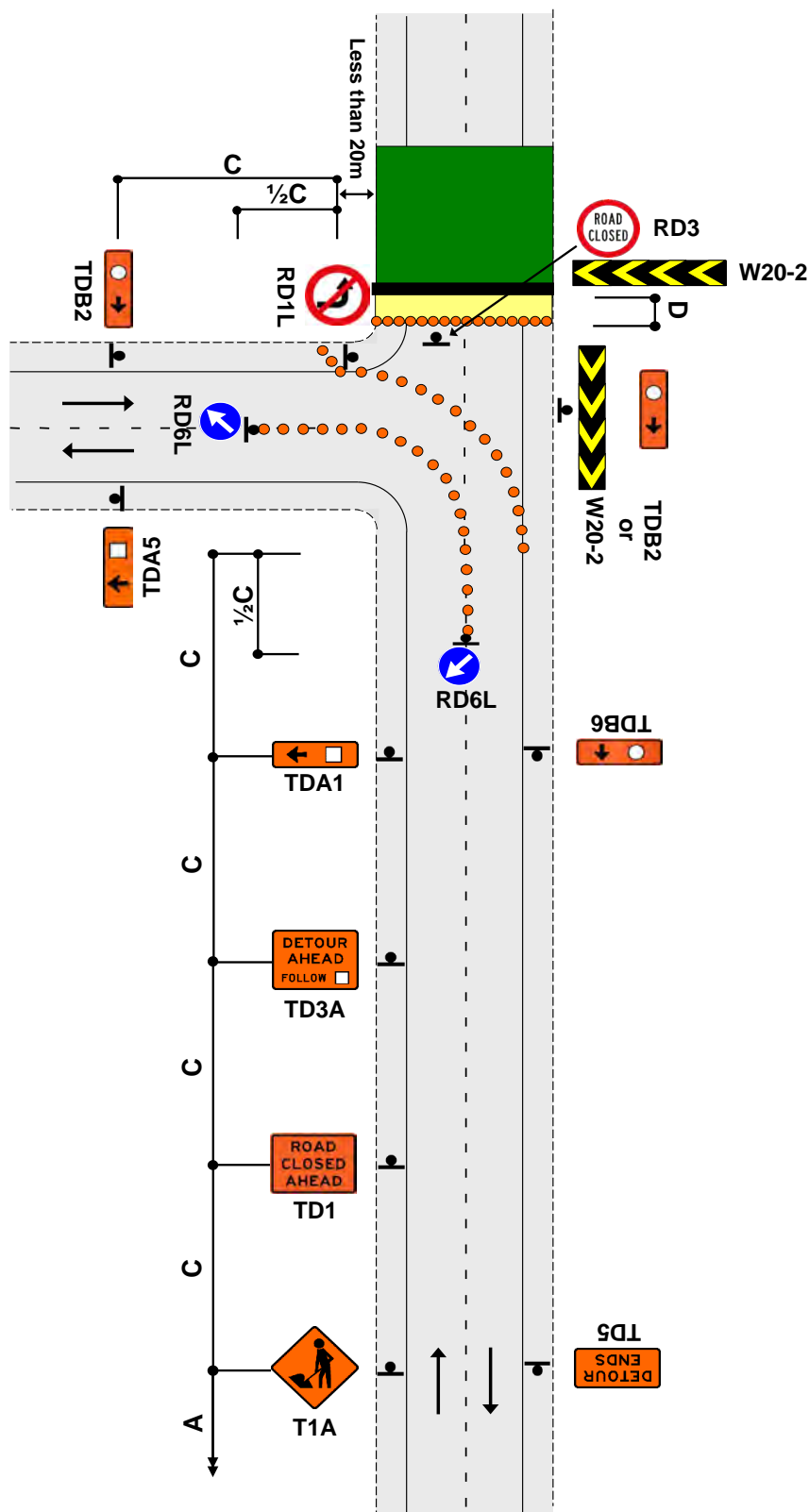
Example

F2.24

Level 1

Notes

1. Block access to road with barricade
2. If a longer term site, use chevron sight board to direct traffic



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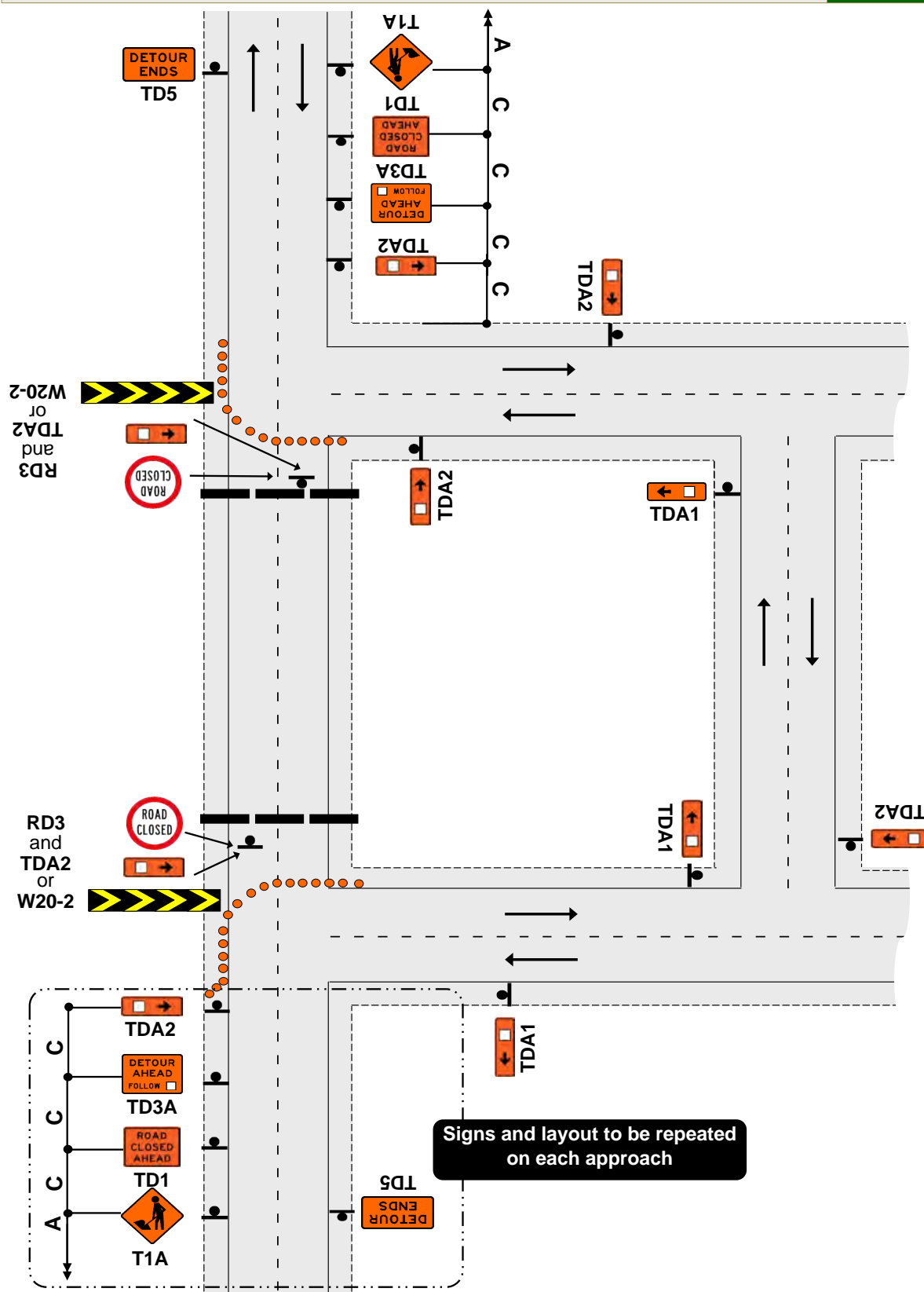
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Traffic control devices manual part 8 CoPTTM

Section F

4th edition, November 2018

01 November 2024



Notes

1. Signpost all intersections to return diverted traffic back to normal/intended route:
 - Use appropriate sign to indicate detour ahead (eg TD3A)
 - Use appropriate route signs before each intersection and on long straights (eg TDA1)
 - Use TD5 signs to advise end of detour
2. If detour to operate for more than 48 hours:
 - Use chevron sight board to direct traffic
 - Add destination signage as appropriate

Approved by
CARP
Amalgamated
Wellington City Council

TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Other hazard

Flooding, washout, slip, slippery surface






F2.26

Level 1

Notes

1. This diagram is for initial response only. Appropriate long term TTM must be installed as soon as practical

2. Use one of the following signs and/or supplementary plates:

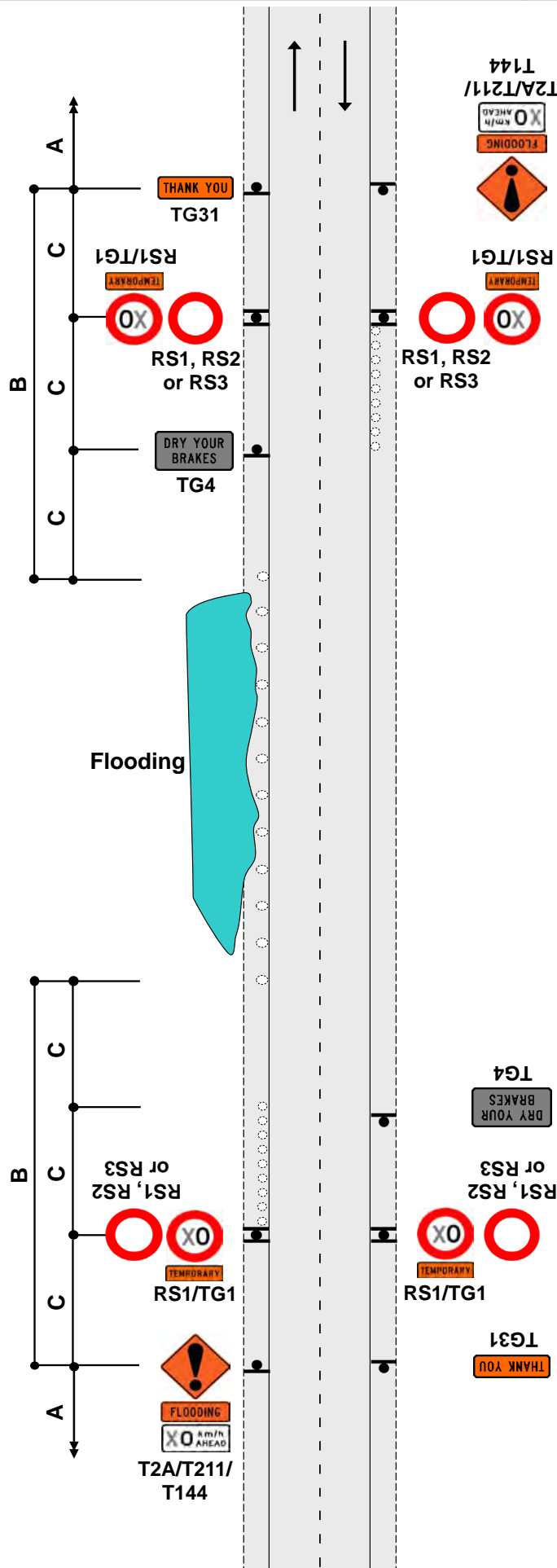
T211		Flooding
T212		Washout
TR1L/R		Slips
TR2		Slippery Surface
TR4		Uneven Surface

3. If necessary, erect TG4 DRY YOUR BRAKES sign

4. Delineate hazard if hazard extends onto lane

5. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix

6. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD






Unattended worksites

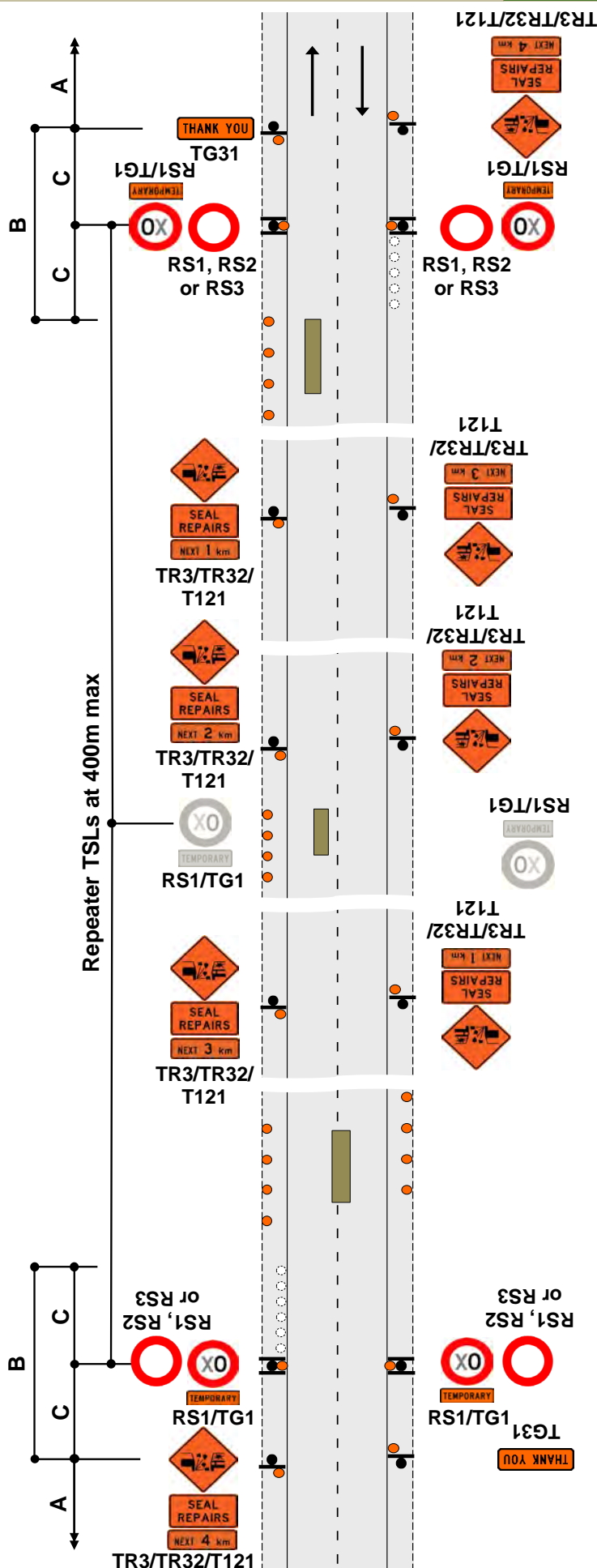
Surface hazard

F2.28

Level 1

Notes

1. This layout must not be used on an alignment with horizontal curves (corners) or when repairs are carried out on or near horizontal curves. See TMD F2.29
 2. On long worksites, use 'Next X km' plates, repeat temporary speed limit signs at not more than 400m intervals
 3. Signs for some alternative situations:
- | | | |
|------|---|-------------------------|
| TR4 |  | Uneven Surface |
| TR2 |  | Slippery Surface |
| TR3 |  | Gravel/Unsealed Surface |
| TR31 |  | New Seal |
| TR32 |  | Seal Repairs |
4. Cones to be placed on left of carriageway for full length of hazard at 10m centres or at least 3 cones, whichever is the greater
 5. Cones on the trafficked side of signs for sites to be left unattended overnight
 6. Worksites need positive traffic management to ensure all road users travel at the TSL
 7. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
 8. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Unattended worksites

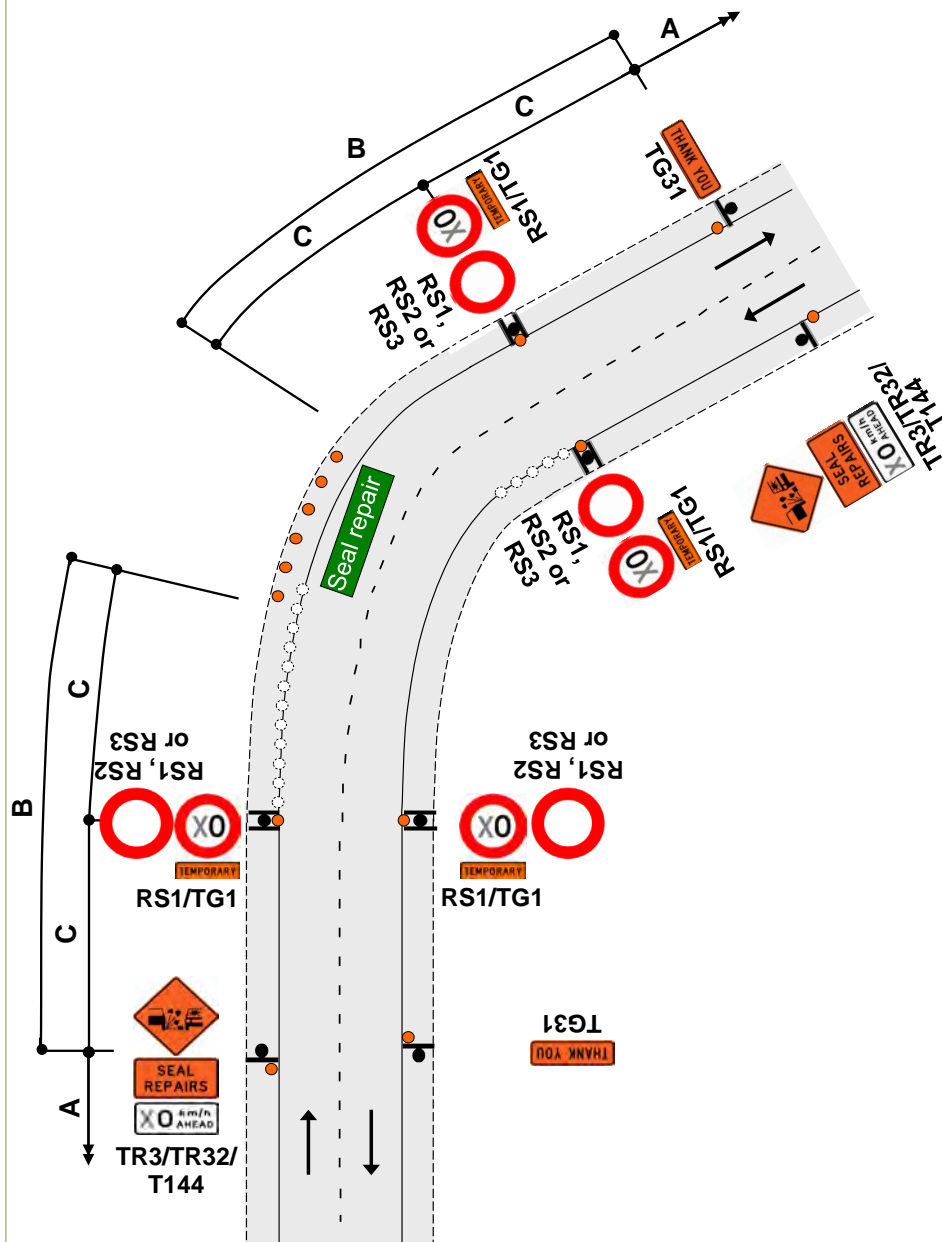
Seal repairs on a curve

F2.29

Level 1

Notes

1. Cones on edge of seal - minimum 3 cones, maximum spacing 10m, next to each repair area
2. Cover any curve advisory speed sign that has a higher speed than the TSL
3. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
4. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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ONE-WAY TWO-LANE DIVIDED OR TWO-LANE ROAD

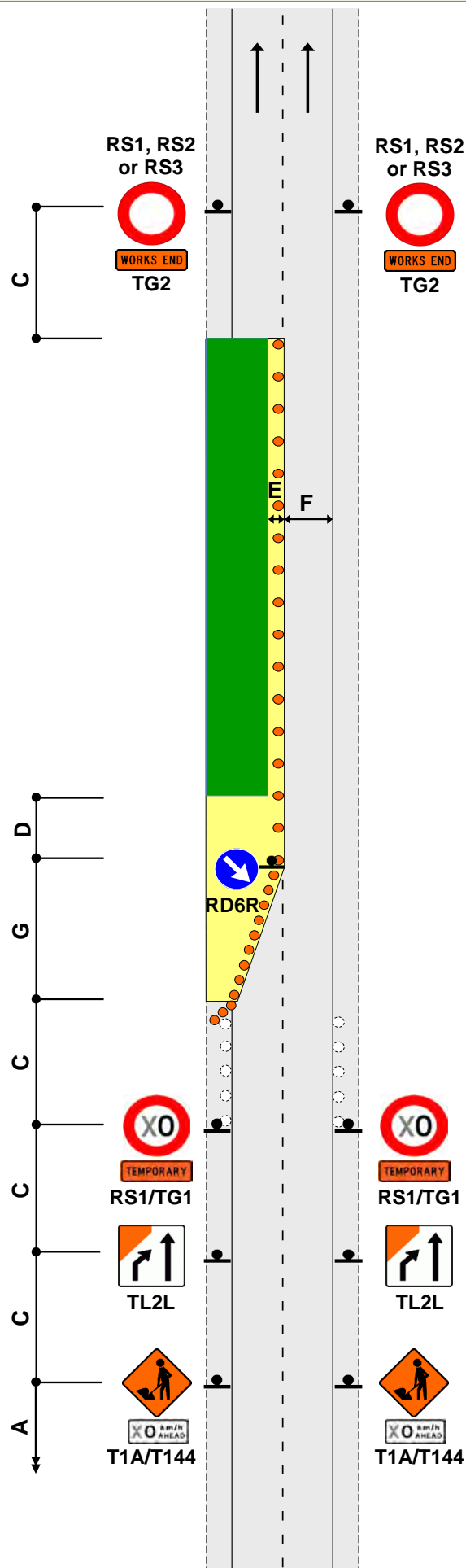
Left-lane closure

F2.30

Level 1

Notes

1. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
2. On roads with a permanent speed limit of 100km/h, cones are required from the TSL to the taper if the speed is reduced by more than 30km/h
3. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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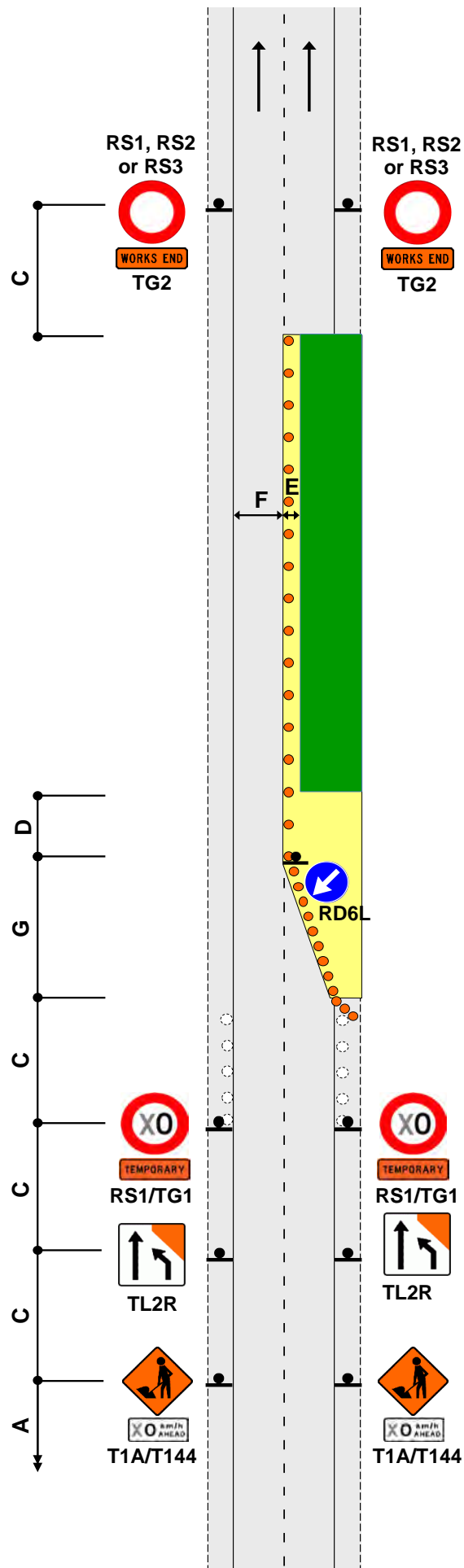
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ONE-WAY TWO-LANE DIVIDED OR TWO-LANE ROAD
Right-lane closure

F2.31
Level 1

Notes

1. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
2. On roads with a permanent speed limit of 100km/h, cones are required from the TSL to the taper if the speed is reduced by more than 30km/h
3. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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ONE-WAY THREE-LANE DIVIDED OR THREE-LANE ROAD

One-lane closure

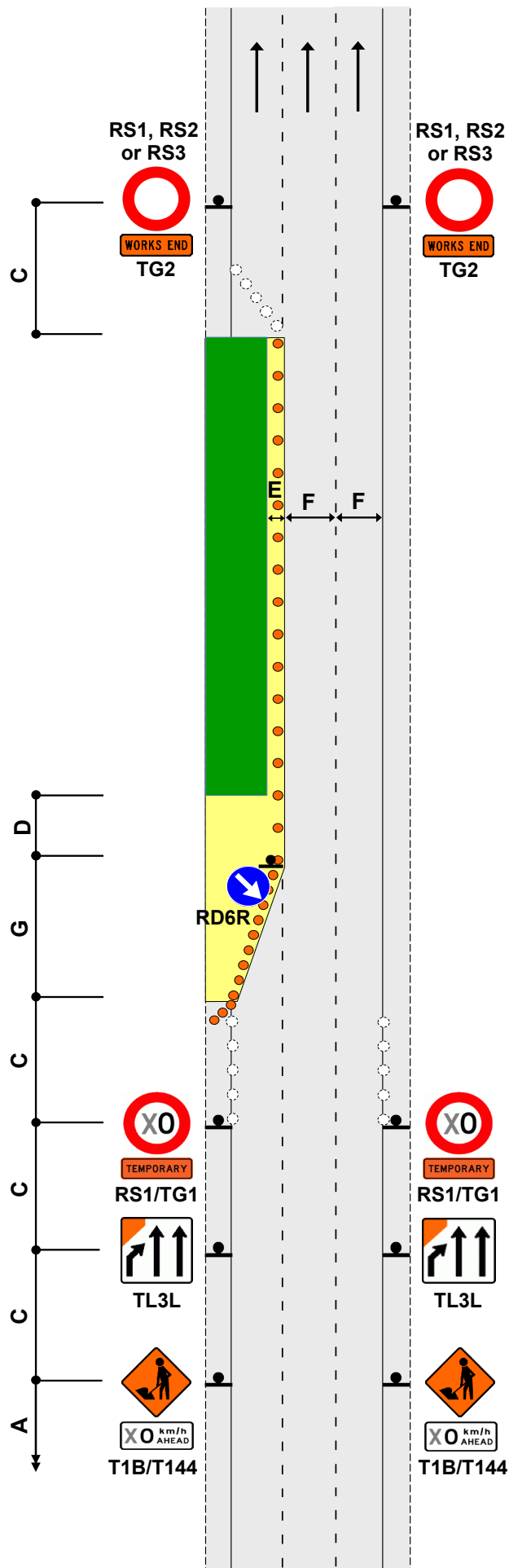
Left lane

F2.40

Level 1

Notes

1. Full end taper may be added if required
2. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
3. On roads with a permanent speed limit of 100km/h, cones are required from the TSL to the taper if the speed is reduced by more than 30km/h
4. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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ONE-WAY THREE-LANE DIVIDED OR THREE-LANE ROAD

Two-lane closure

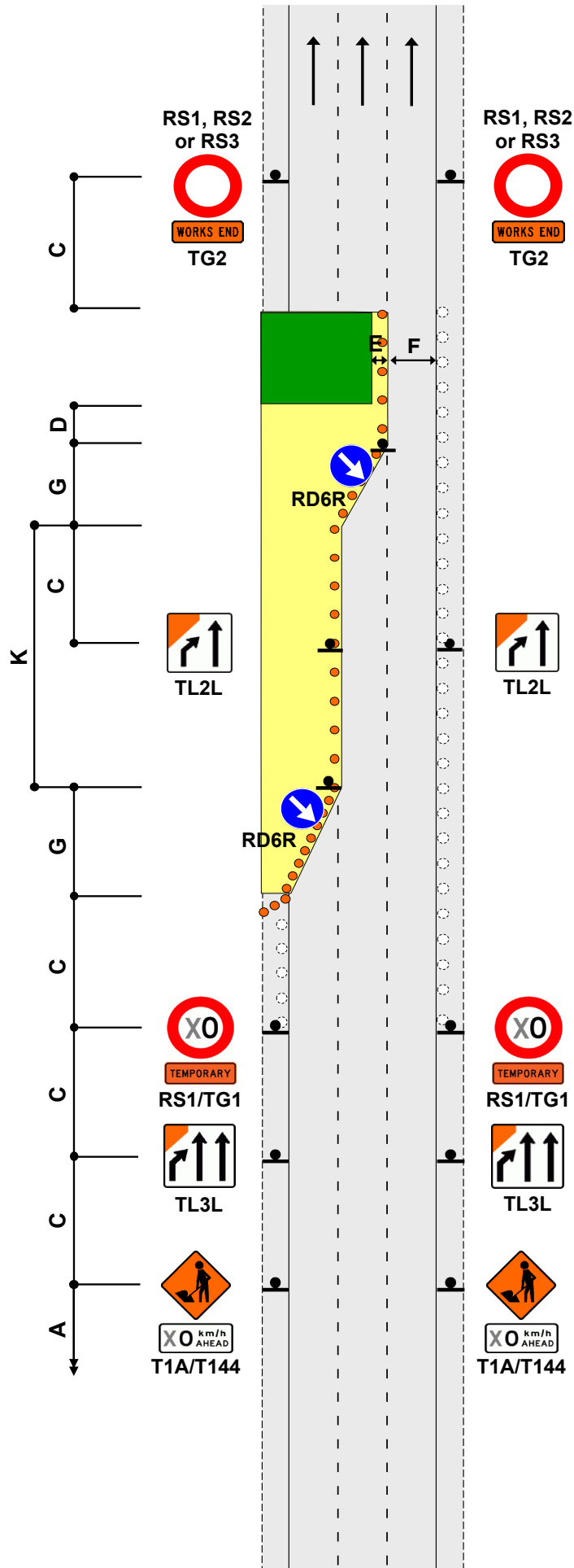
Left and centre lanes

F2.41

Level 1

Notes

1. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
2. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
3. On roads with a permanent speed limit of 100km/h, cones are required from the TSL to the taper if the speed is reduced by more than 30km/h
4. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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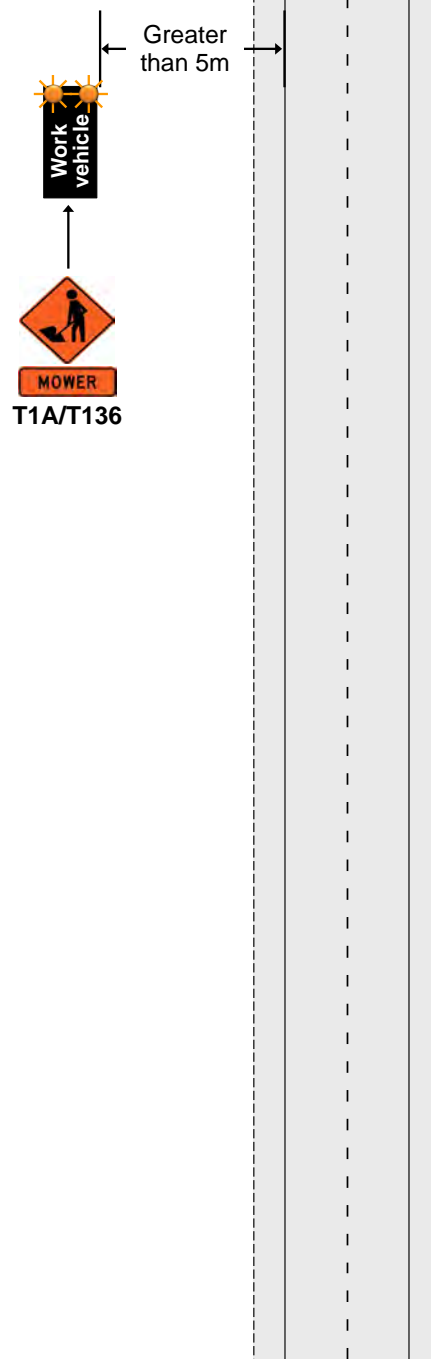
TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Work vehicle is more than five (5) metres from the edgeline

Any speed

F4.1

Level 1



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Work vehicle is within five (5) metres of the edgeline

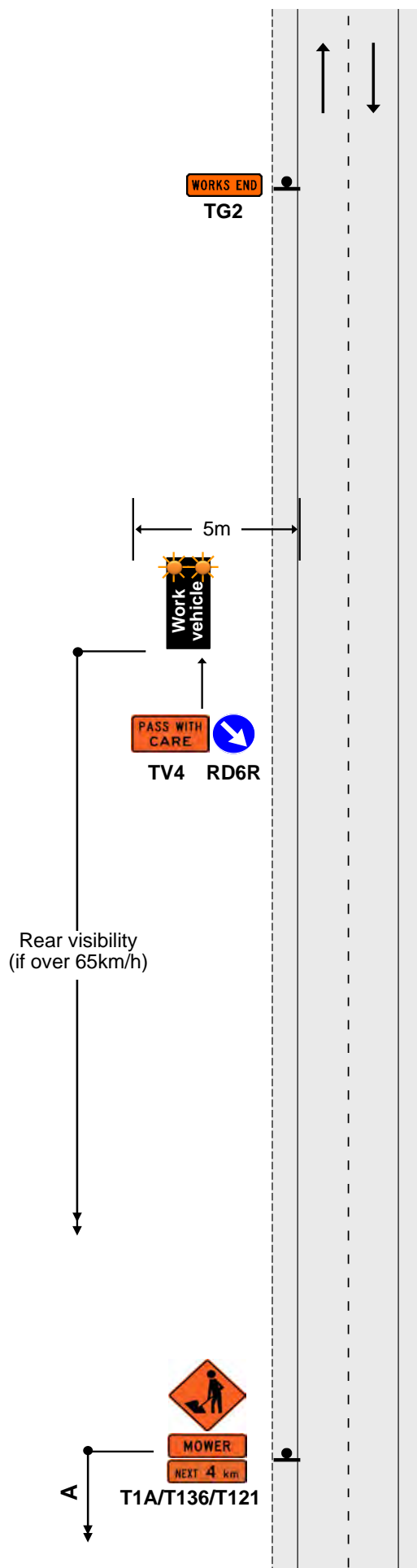
CSD to work vehicle - not required under 65km/h, required over 65km/h

F4.2

Level 1

Notes

- 1.If permanent speed is **under** 65km/h, rear visibility to the work vehicle is **not** required
- 2.If permanent speed is **over** 65km/h, rear visibility to the work vehicle is required
- 3.A tail pilot vehicle equipped with T1A advance warning sign, appropriate supplementary plate and RD6R may replace the static signs if the permanent speed is under 65km/h (see TMD F4.3)



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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Work vehicle is within five (5) metres of the edgeline

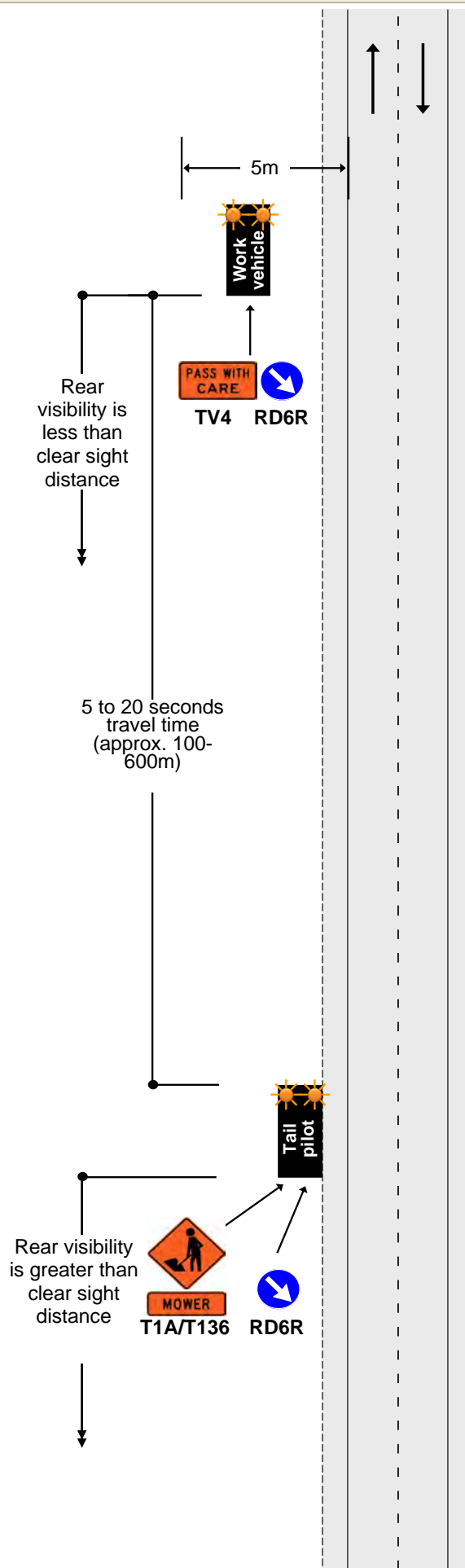
Speed limit over 65km/h - the rear visibility is less than CSD

F4.3

Level 1

Notes

1. This TMD can replace TMD F4.2 when permanent speed is under 65km/h. In these situations, static signs are not required

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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Work vehicle is in a lane

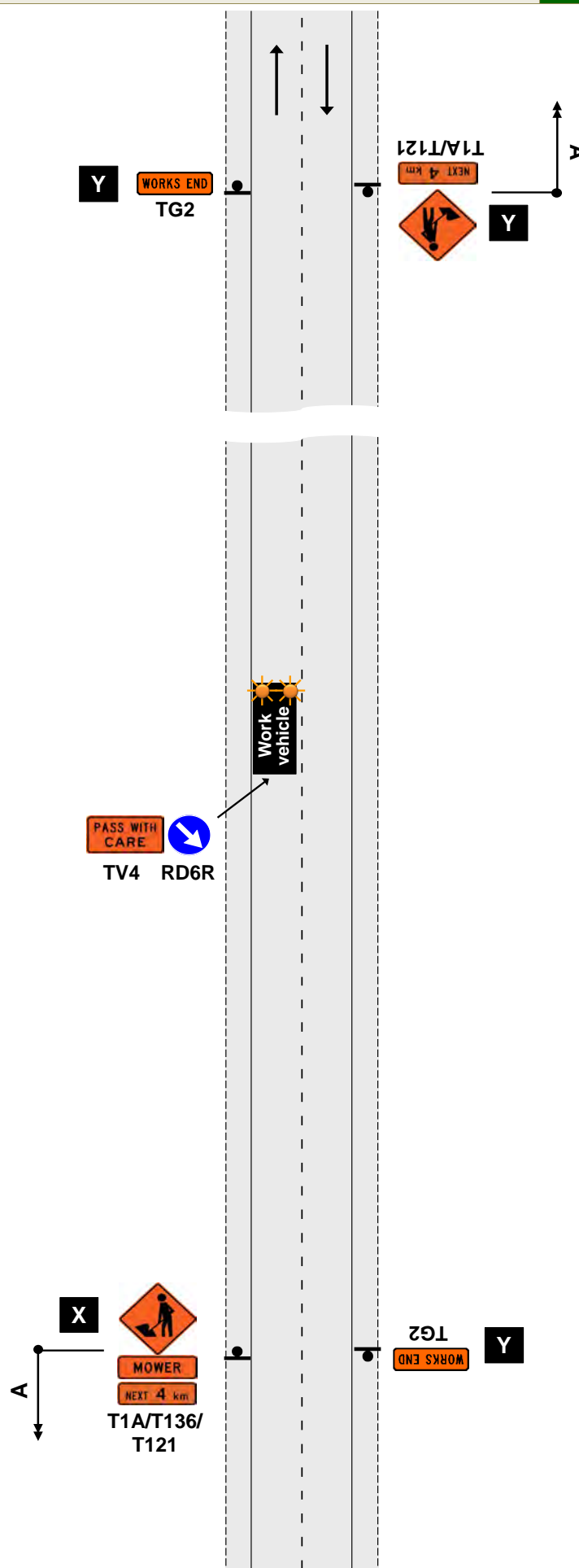
Permanent speed under 65km/h

F4.4

Level 1

Notes

1. Advance warning sign X may be replaced by tail pilot equipped with T1A advance warning sign and appropriate supplementary plate
2. In this case, signs marked with Y do not need to be erected
3. If using static advance warning signs and the operation is on the lane, then static advance warning signs must also be placed on any intersecting roads



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INSPECTION ACTIVITIES AND NON-INVASIVE WORKS

On shoulder and on the live lane

This TMD may also be applied on level LV roads

F4.10

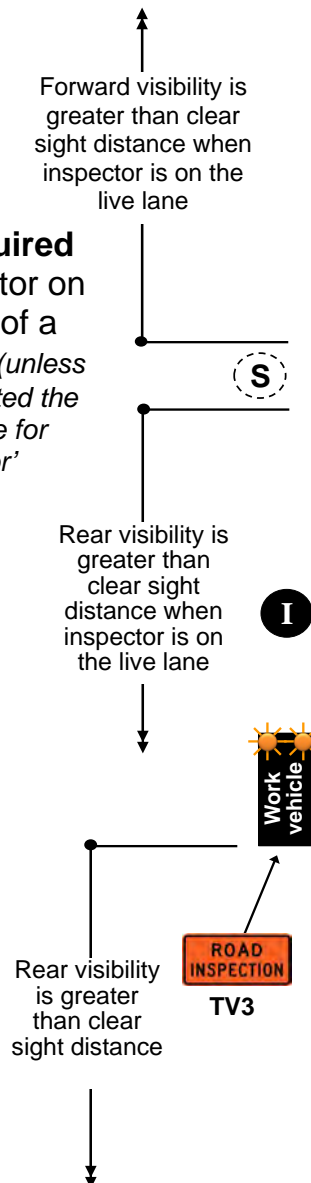
Level 1

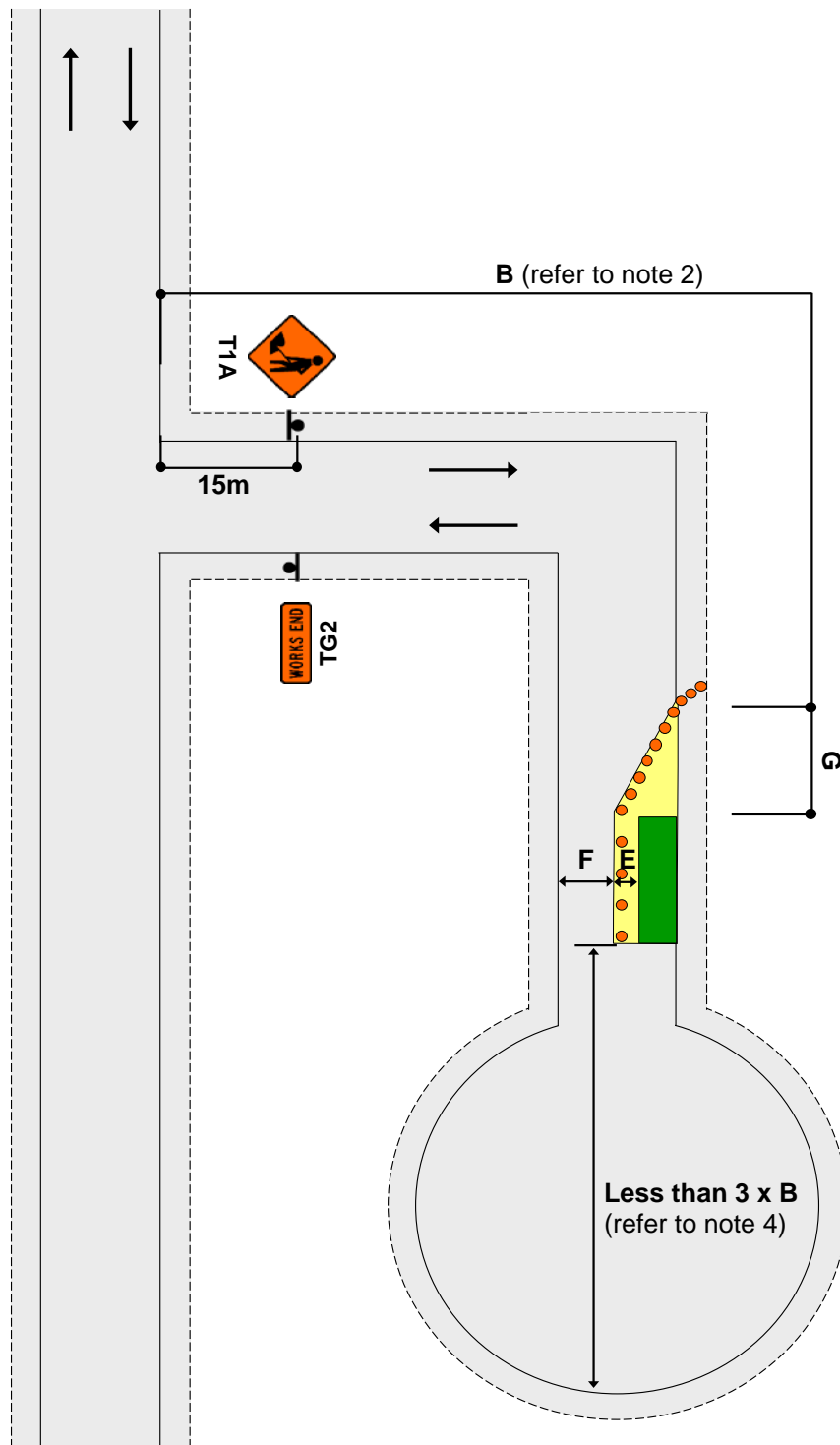
Notes

1. Inspectors must move from live lanes to avoid traffic. They must not expect traffic to drive slowly or drive around them
2. On level LV and level 1 roads, a person completing an inspection or non-invasive works cannot be on a live lane for more than 5 minutes
3. Unless otherwise approved by the RCA, all inspections on the live lane of level 1 roads require a spotter. The RCA may provide a list of roads, times and/or activities suitable for inspection by a single inspector
4. There must be CSD to the inspector when on the live lane. If this cannot be achieved, a spotter must be placed in a position where CSD can be attained and verbal instructions be given to the inspector. If this is not possible, a static or mobile operation is required.
5. A spotter is not required for inspections and non-invasive works on level LV roads or working off the live lane of a level 1 road
6. Where an unaccompanied inspector is not able to maintain adequate attention (eg due to work tasks or poor visibility), a spotter will be required or another type of traffic management operation used
7. For inspection activities that are carried out by a TC on level LV and level 1 roads the STMS must be immediately contactable but does not have to be within 30 minutes travel time of the worksite
8. An unaccompanied inspector may walk across a level LV or level 1 road
9. A vehicle is not required on a level LV or level 1 road with a permanent speed of less than 65km/h if the inspector remains on a footpath
10. On roads with a permanent speed of less than 65km/h an amber flashing beacon is not required on the vehicle if the inspector or non-invasive works is on an unsealed shoulder (or further away from the carriageway - including a footpath)

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Spotter required when inspector on the live lane of a level 1 road (unless RCA has selected the road as suitable for 'single inspector' inspections)





Notes

1. T1A sign to be placed at least 15m from the intersection
2. Where less than B, T1A/T135 and TG2 signs required on main road
3. Working space to be less than 100m
4. Signage is not required past the worksite where there is less than 3 x B from the end of the working space to the end of the road

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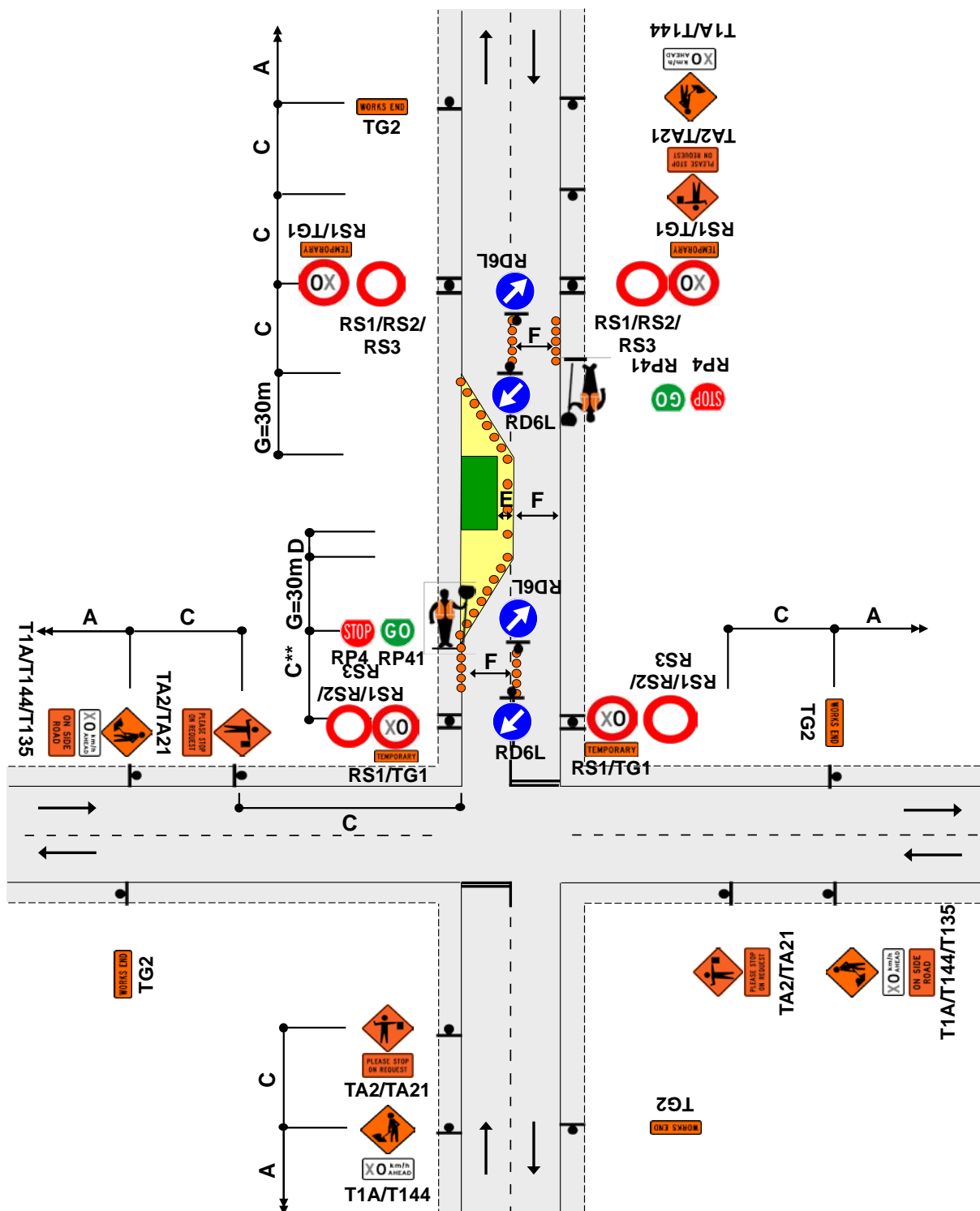
A. Wolfaardt

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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout
Major obstruction close to intersection
Allows shorter sign spacings and MTC operation

J2.19a

Level 1



Notes

1. Sign spacing of TSL at the intersection can be reduced as per the table shown
2. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
3. MTC at intersection to be in charge of MTC operation
4. Use TSLs as required by TSL decision matrix
5. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional

C**	DISTANCE		
	Intersection to TSL	TSL to taper	Total
Speed (PSL)			
<50km/h	15m	15m	30m
60km/h	15m	25m	40m
>70km/h	15m	40m	55m

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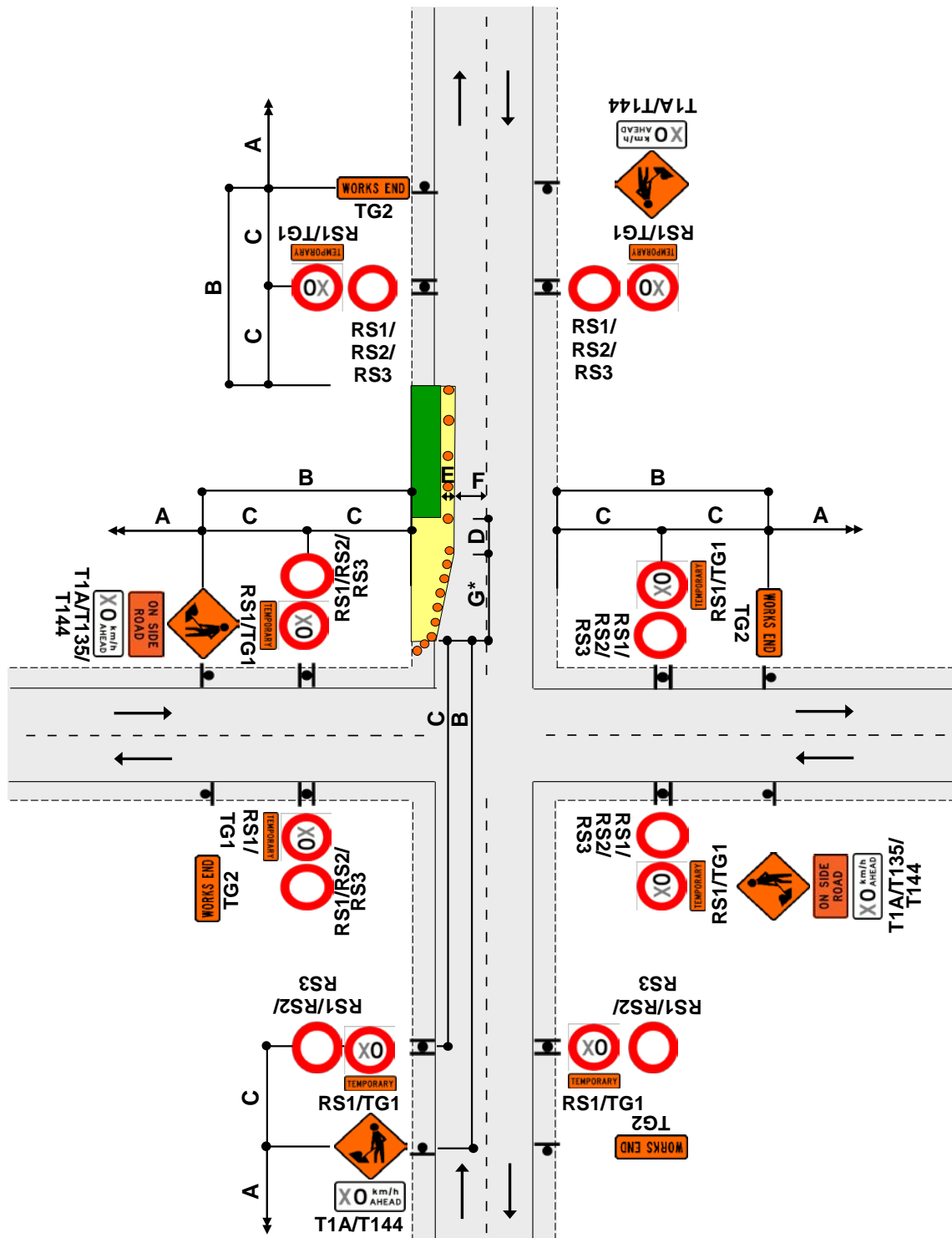
Traffic control devices manual part 8 CoPTTM

Section J

4th edition, October 2014

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01 November 2024



Notes

1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
2. Taper length may be reduced by adding a RD6R sign
3. *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

W = Width of Shoulder G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table

4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

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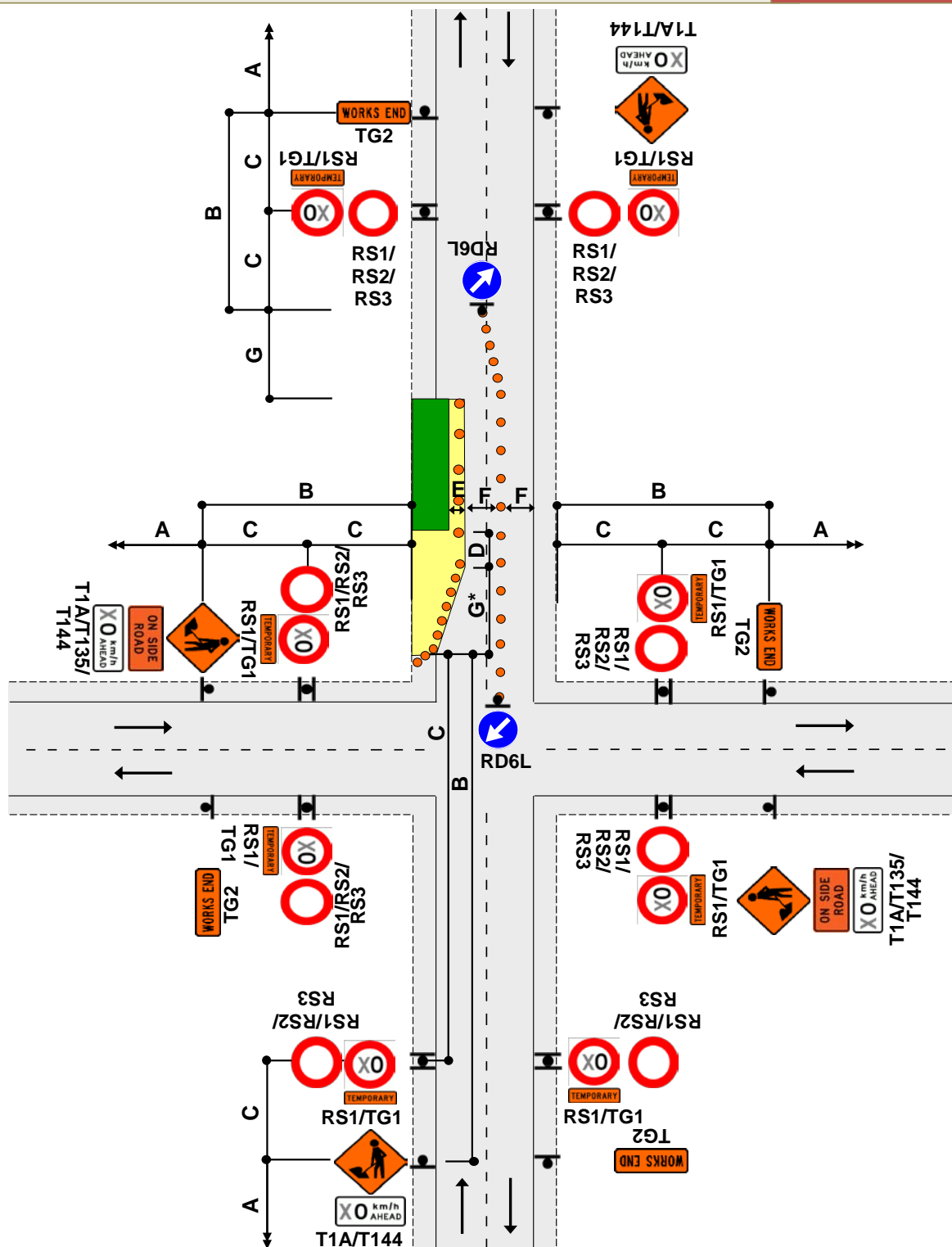
Traffic control devices manual part 8 CoPTTM

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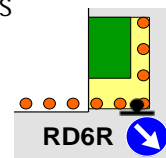
Notes

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$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

~~W = Width of Shoulder G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table~~

4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



4. Use TSLs if n

5. The T144

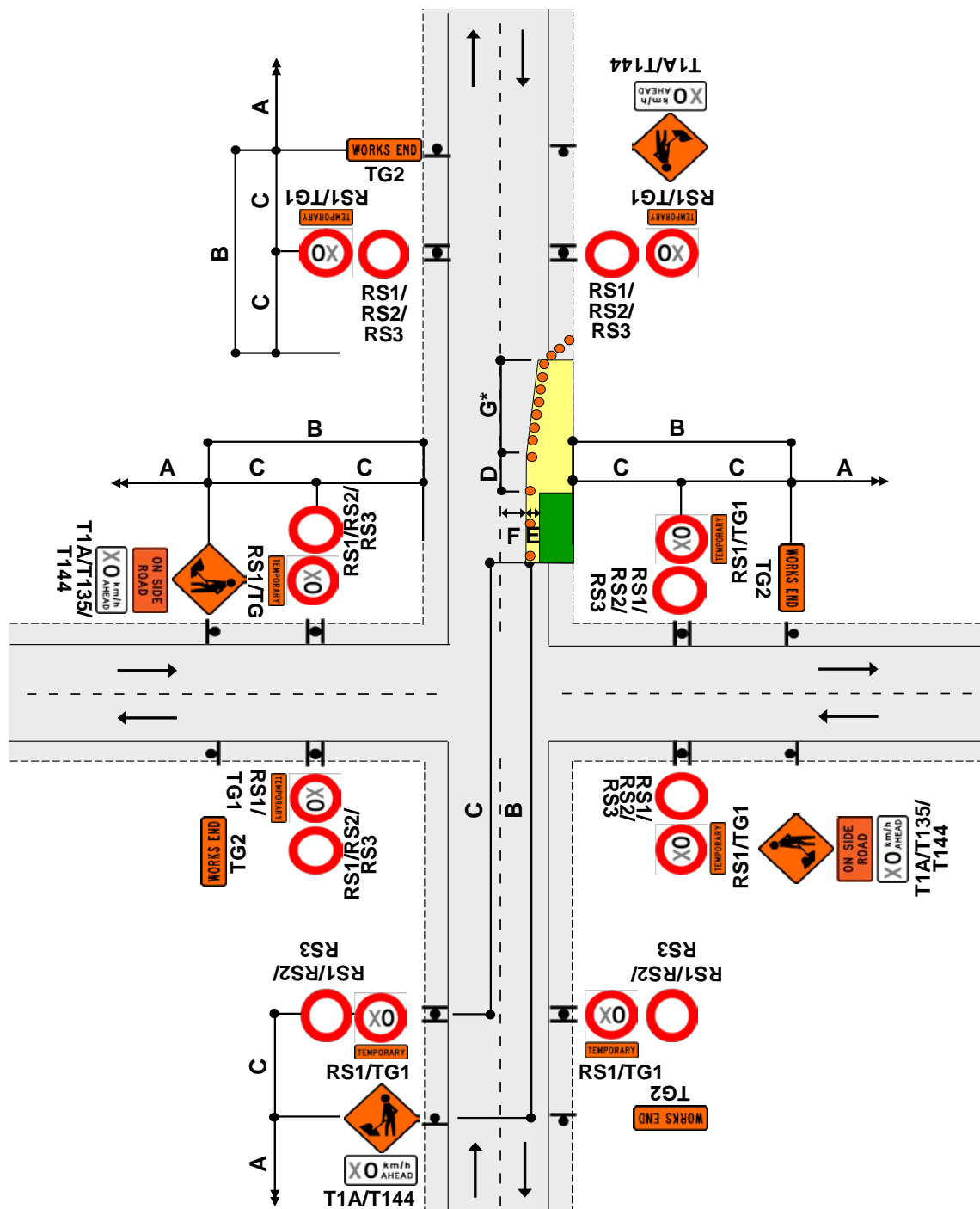
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Section J

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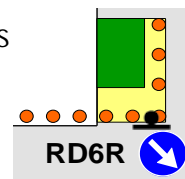


Notes

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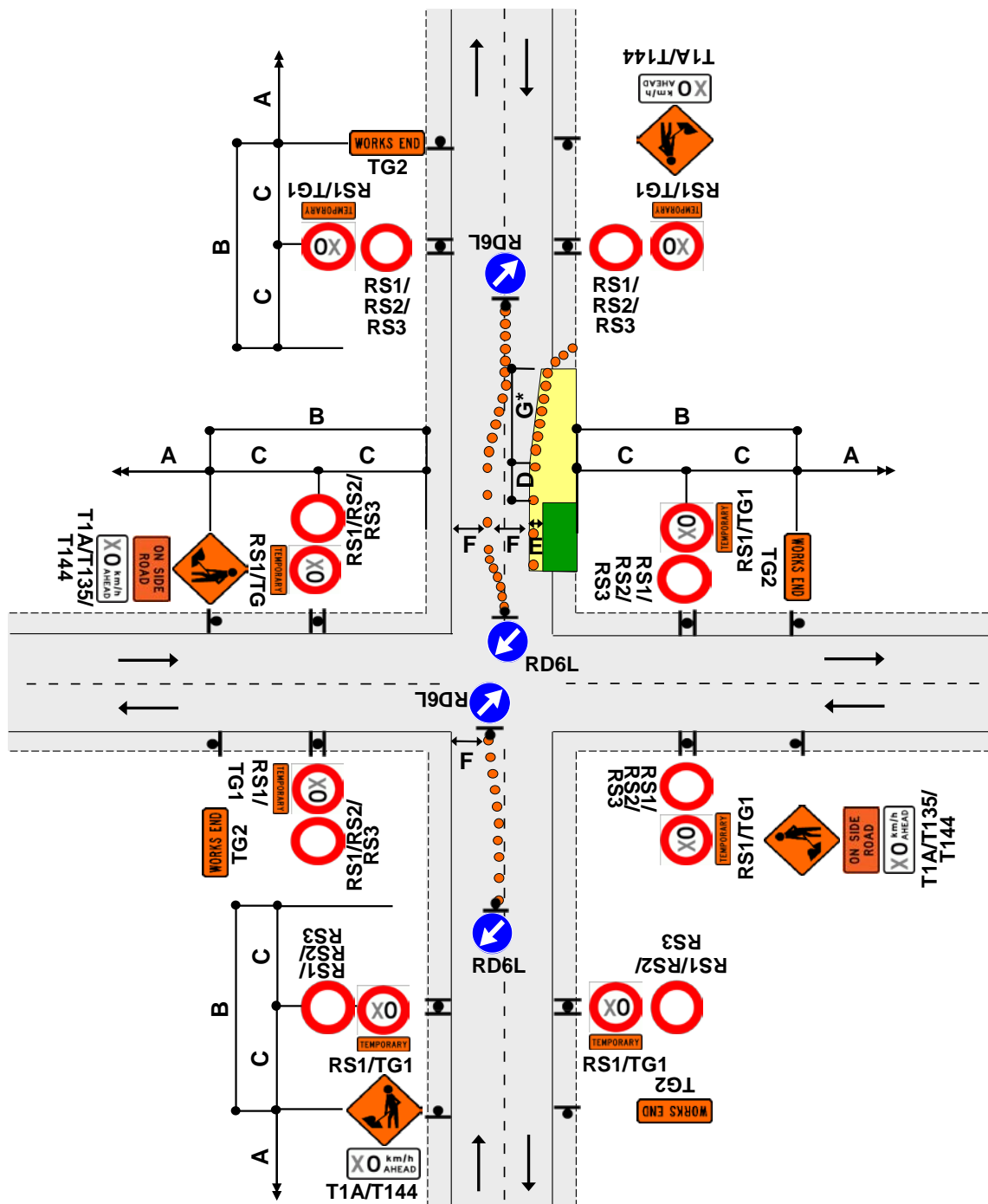
Traffic control devices manual part 8 CoPTTM

Section J

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Notes

1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
2. *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

3.5

W = Width of lane G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table

3. Install shifting taper to move road users into the new alignment
4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

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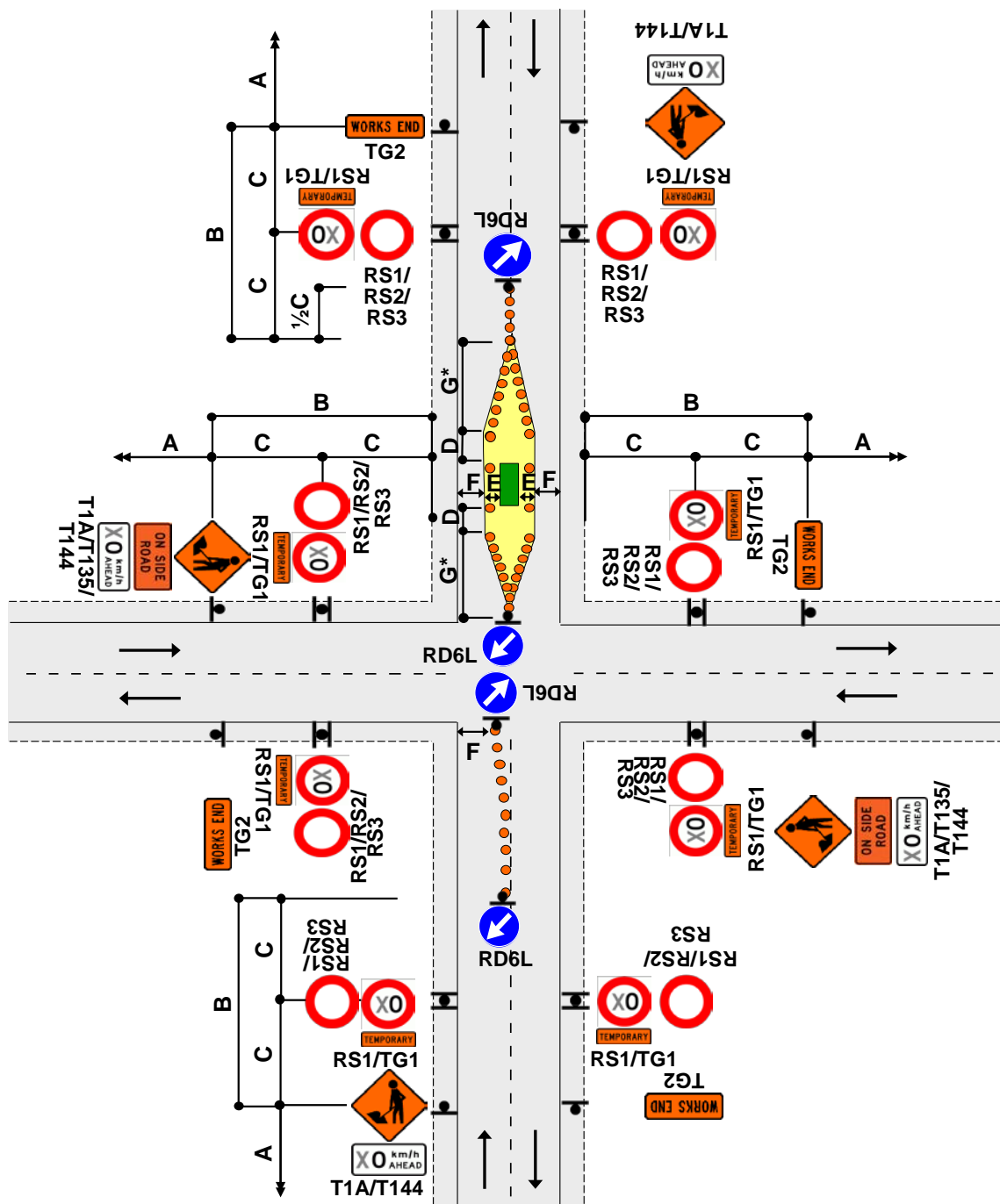
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Notes

1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
2. *Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

$$\frac{W \times G}{3.5}$$

3.5

W = Width of lane G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table

3. Install shifting taper to move road users into the new alignment
4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

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THREE LANES ONE WAY ROAD

Middle lane closed on roads 50km/h or less

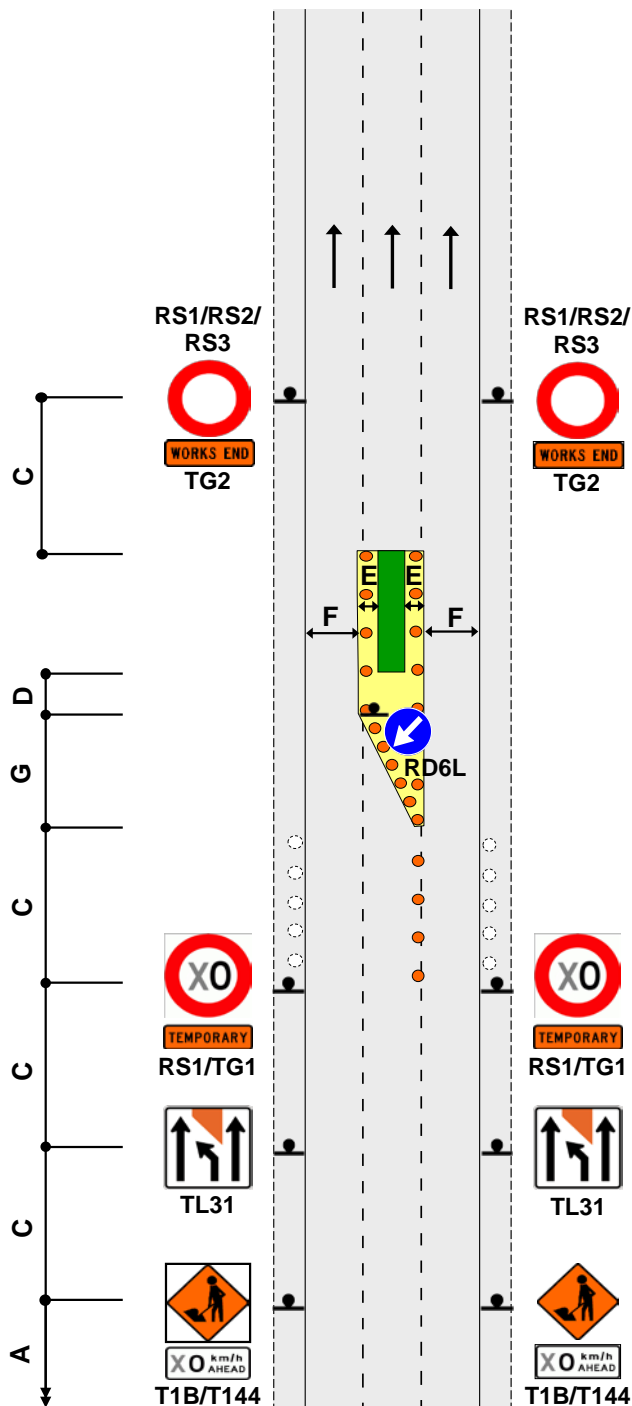
Not for use on state highways

J2.42a

Level 1

Notes

1. Not to be used on roads with permanent speed above 50km/h
2. Not to be used on state highways
3. Traffic must merge in one direction only
4. There must be a definite lane shift (either left or right)
5. Tapers must move traffic to the side of greatest capacity
6. Use either TMD F2.41 or TMD J2.41a in preference to this TMD, unless their use would likely cause traffic delays
7. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
8. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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Traffic control devices manual part 8 CoPTTM

Section J

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01 November 2024



TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

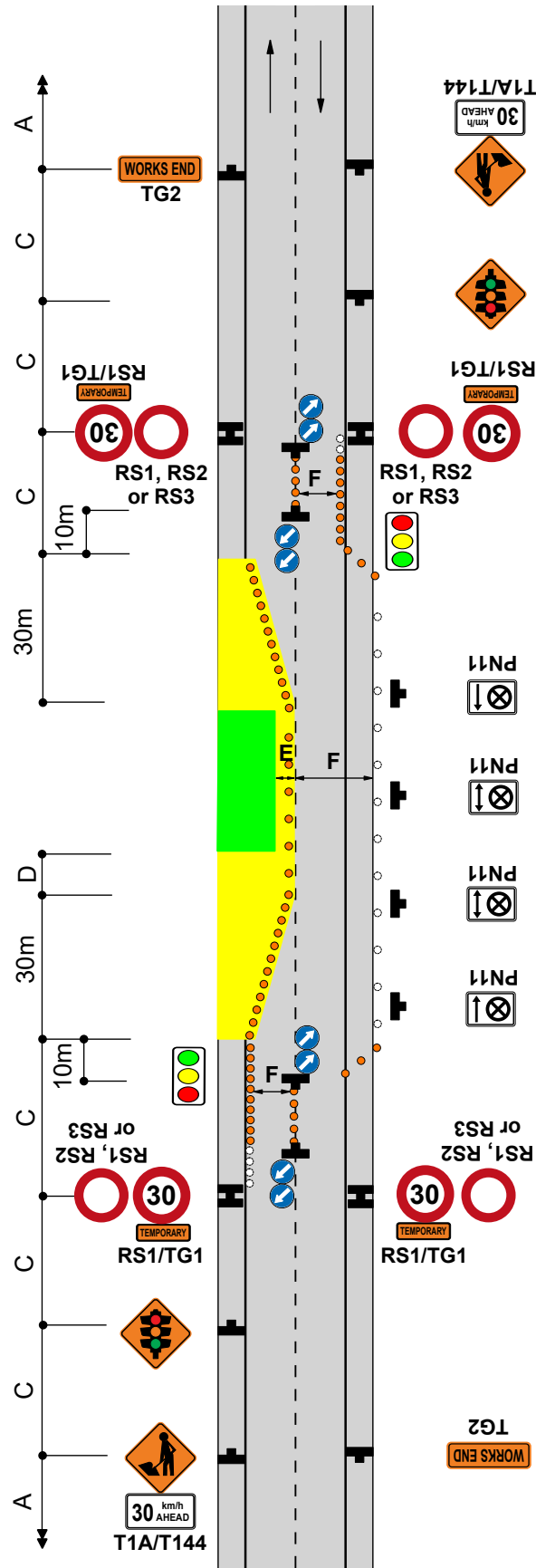
Single-lane alternating flow

Portable e-STOP

ATMS02
Level 1

Notes

1. Provide details of make and model of portable traffic signals in the TMP
2. Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary as per the approved TMP
3. Install temporary RP61/RP62 signs
4. Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold.
5. Extend or place extra advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues
6. CONTINGENCY PLAN:
F2.14 to be implemented should issues arise with e-STOP/ adverse weather conditions or where stop go is unsuitable.
ex; Short term stoppages is defined as "stopping traffic for a short period of time within a static site, at inconsistent intervals to assist with the entry/exit of vehicles or small tasks required to be undertaken in the live lane".
7. In circumstances where for safety reasons, the use of stop/go operations is deemed more appropriate, a site specific safe work method statement must be prepared.
8. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional on roads under 65km/h
9. e-STOP can only be used on an attended site. e-STOPS must be manned at all times.



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01 November 2024

CYCLE LANE
Cycle lane closed
Poratable e-STOP

ATMS03
Level 1

1. Merge of cycle lane with live lane must be delineated with cones at 1.0m centres for at least 10m
2. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional on roads under 65km/h
3. Signs and layout shown in the box at the bottom of the diagram is to be repeated on each approach that requires cycle lane signage. ATMS01 or ATMS02 to be used on all non cycle lane approaches.
3. Provide details of make and model of portable traffic signals in the TMP
4. Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary as per the approved TMP
5. Install temporary RP61/RP62 signs.

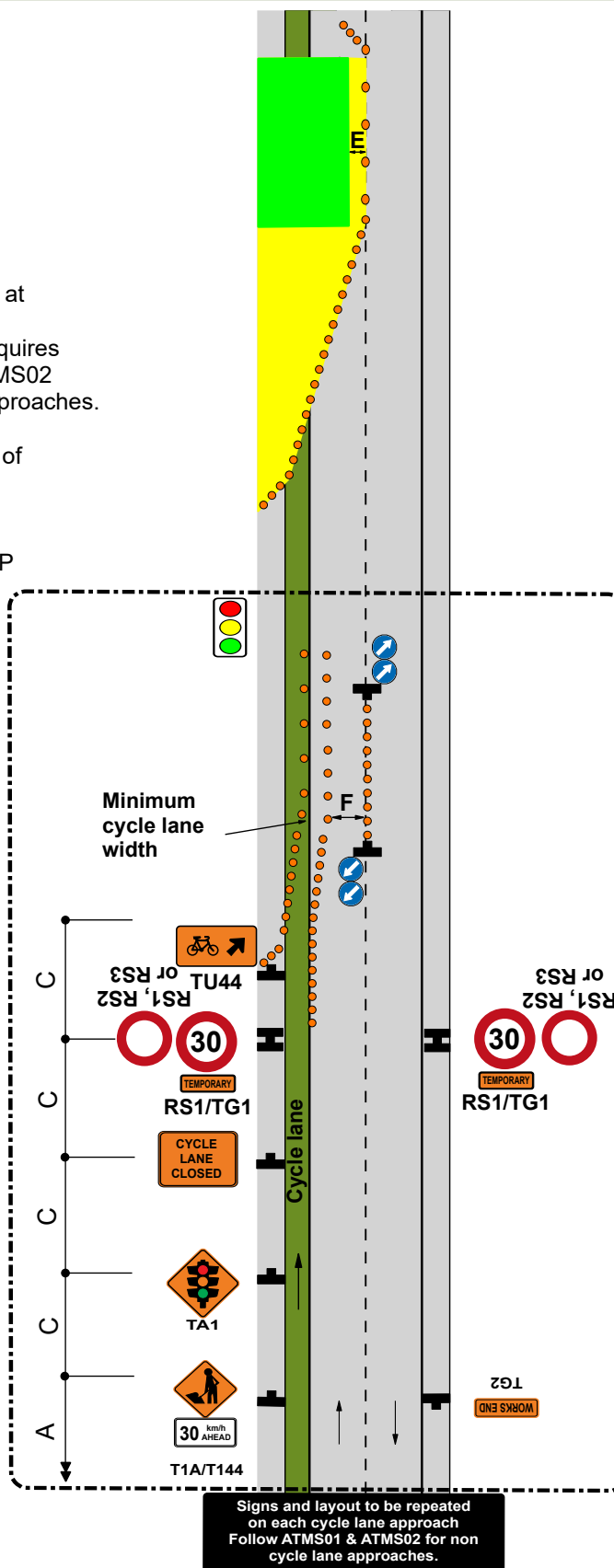


STOP
ON RED
SIGNAL



**STOP
HERE
ON RED**

7. Extend or place extra advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues.
8. CONTINGENCY PLAN:
F2.14 or F2.22 to be implemented should issues arise with e-STOP/ adverse weather conditions or where stop go is unsuitable.
ex; Short term stoppages is defined as “stopping traffic for a short period of time within a static site, at inconsistent intervals to assist with the entry/exit of vehicles or small tasks required to be undertaken in the live lane”.
9. In circumstances where for safety reasons, the use of stop/go operations is deemed more appropriate, a site specific safe work method statement must be prepared.
10. e-STOP can only be used on an attended site. e-STOPS must be manned at all times.



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Wellington City Council

01 November 2024

**TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout
Closure at an intersection
Portable e-STOP - with MTC on side roads**

**ATMS04
Level 1**

Notes

1. This plan can be used at a 3 way intersection by removing one of the approaches. If you require a temporary traffic light/MTC set up, which is greater than a four way, you will require a site specific TMP.

2. Signs and layout shown in the box at the bottom of the diagram is to be repeated on each approach.

3. Provide details of make and model of portable traffic signals in the TMP

4. Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary as per the approved TMP

5. Install temporary RP61/RP62 signs



6. Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold.

7. Extend or place extra advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues

8. CONTINGENCY PLAN:

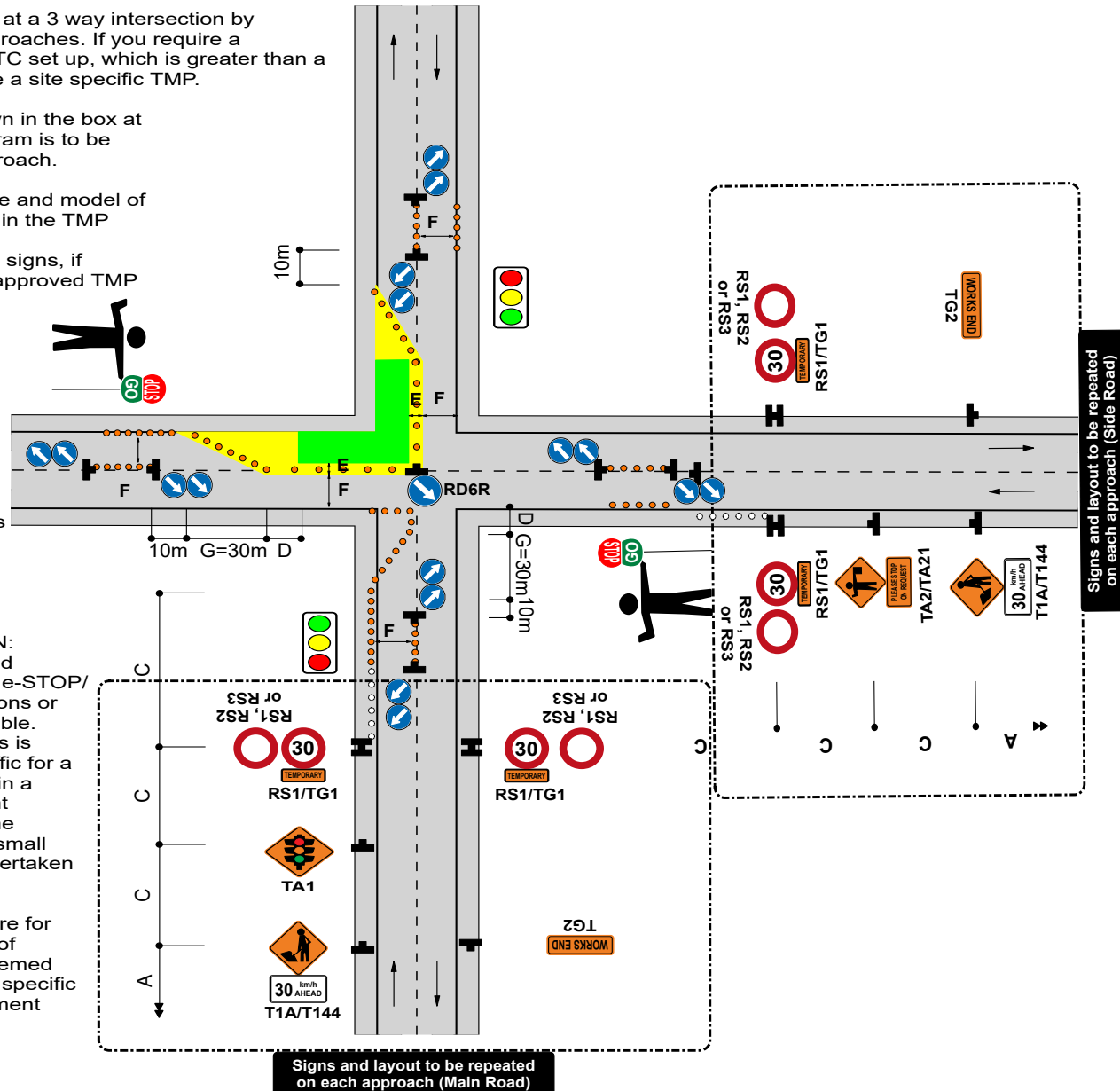
F2.22 to be implemented should issues arise with e-STOP/ adverse weather conditions or where stop go is unsuitable. ex; Short term stoppages is defined as "stopping traffic for a short period of time within a static site, at inconsistent intervals to assist with the entry/exit of vehicles or small tasks required to be undertaken in the live lane".

9. In circumstances where for safety reasons, the use of stop/go operations is deemed more appropriate, a site specific safe work method statement must be prepared.

10. The T144 30km/h

AHEAD sign is optional on roads under 65km/h

11. e-STOP can only be used on an attended site. e-STOPS must be manned at all times.



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CAR R1042

Amanda Welford

Wellington

11 November 2024

01 November 2024

Methodology:

PEDESTRIAN PROVISION

Detail:

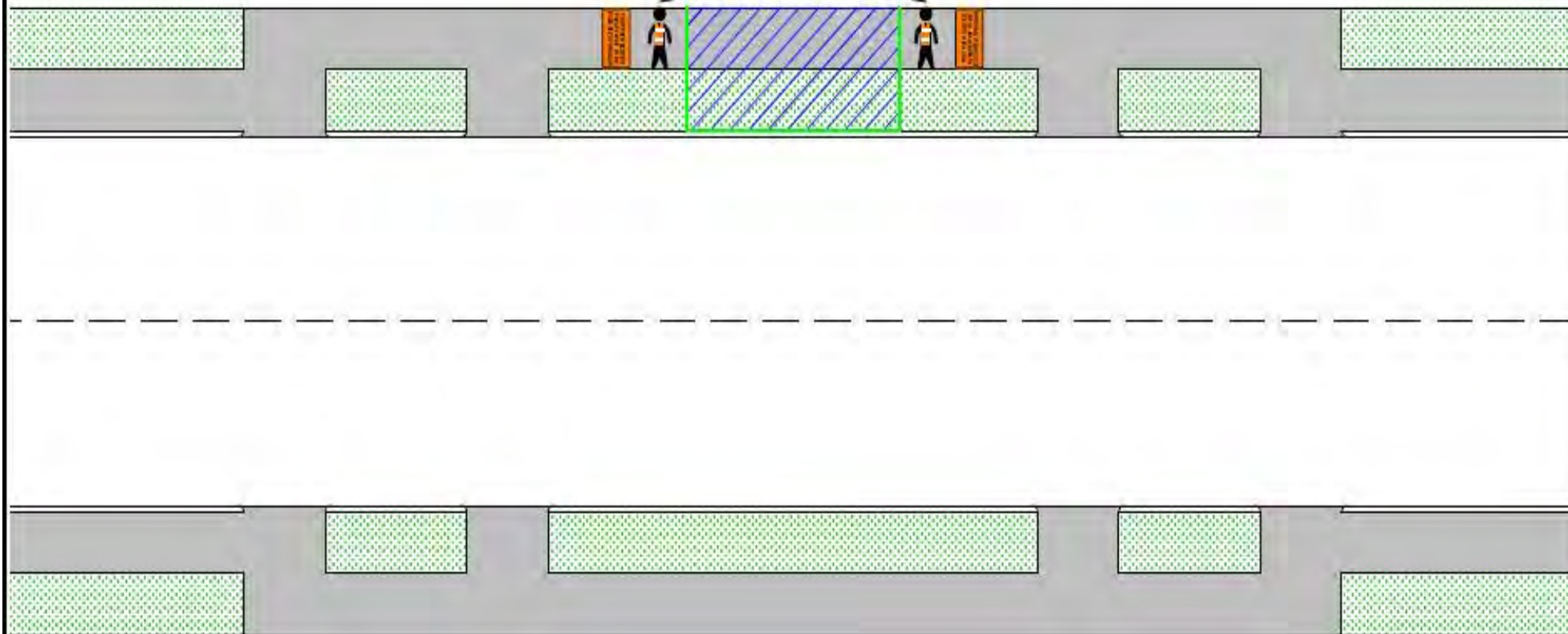
FOOTPATH CLOSED - PEDESTRIANS ESCORTED

Restrictions:

ROAD LEVEL:
ALLSPEED LIMIT:
ALL**ATMS05**

STMS to consider if additional safety measures are appropriate to protect hazards / guide pedestrians past the site e.g. safety fencing / cone bars. This is particularly important around excavations. In some instances requirements may change between attended and unattended sites.

Spotters

**Notes:**

- One spotter can be used over short distances where they can suitably control pedestrians through the working space i.e. 20m.
- This plan can ONLY be used during attended times.

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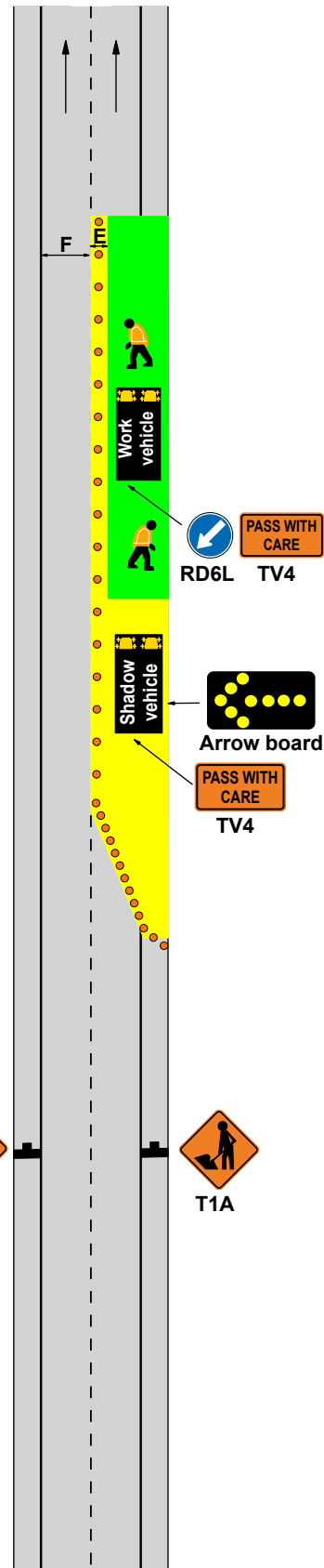
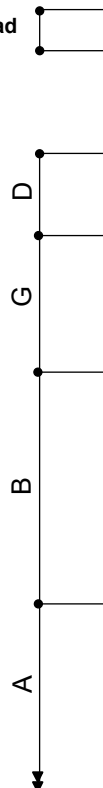
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**FOOTPATH CLOSED
PLEASE WAIT TO BE
ESCORTED THROUGH**

Mobile operations**ONE-WAY TWO-LANE DIVIDED OR TWO-LANE ROAD****Part or all of a lane occupied****Semi-static closure - work for up to 1 hour****ATMS06****Level 1****Notes**

1. Only use this TMD when activity can be completed within 1 hour (excluding set up and removal of worksite)
2. The T1A advance warning signs may be replaced by a tail pilot vehicle with a T1A sign, appropriate supplementary plate and a RD6R/L
3. If shadow vehicle is fitted with a TMA, the longitudinal safety zone (D) is not required
4. If using static advance warning signs and the operation is on the lane, then static advance warning signs must also be placed on any intersecting roads.
5. This site can be used on the opposite (left) lane also.

10m roll ahead

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Mobile operations

INSPECTION ACTIVITIES AND NON-INVASIVE WORKS

Inspection Activity - Centre Of Road

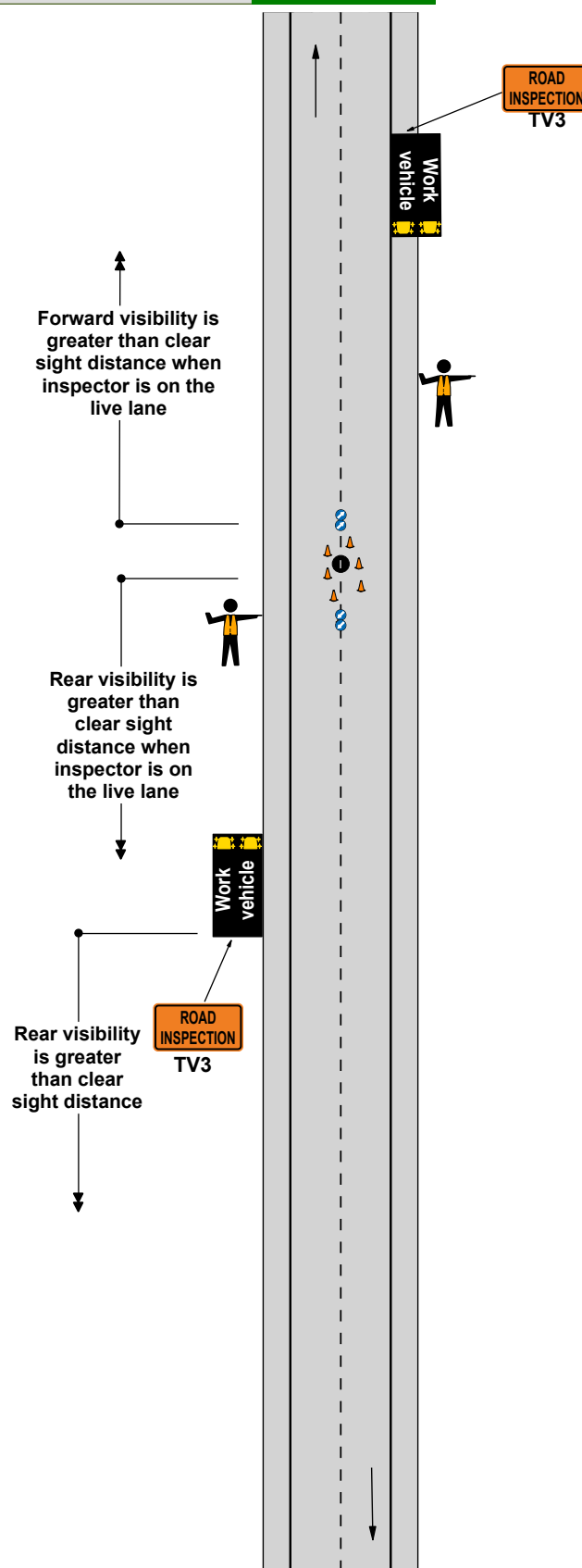
This TMD may also be applied on level LV roads

ATMS07

Level 1

Notes

1. Inspectors must move from live lanes to avoid traffic. They must not expect traffic to drive slowly or drive around them
2. On level LV and level 1 roads, a person completing an inspection or non-invasive works cannot be on a live lane for more than 5 minutes
3. Unless otherwise approved by the RCA, all inspections on the live lane of level 1 roads require a spotter. The RCA may provide a list of roads, times and/or activities suitable for inspection by a single inspector
4. There must be CSD to the inspector when on the live lane. If this cannot be achieved, a spotter must be placed in a position where CSD can be attained and verbal instructions be given to the inspector. If this is not possible, a static or mobile operation is required.
5. Where an unaccompanied inspector is not able to maintain adequate attention (eg due to work tasks or poor visibility), a spotter will be required or another type of traffic management operation used
6. For inspection activities that are carried out by a TC on level LV and level 1 roads the STMS must be immediately contactable but does not have to be within 30 minutes travel time of the worksite
7. Inspectors MUST use 2 vehicles placed on either side of road shoulder. Inspector & spotter will use footpath to carry cones and cross when way is clear. Cones will be placed (min of 4 each direction) for protection. Spotter must not engage in work activities.



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Static operations

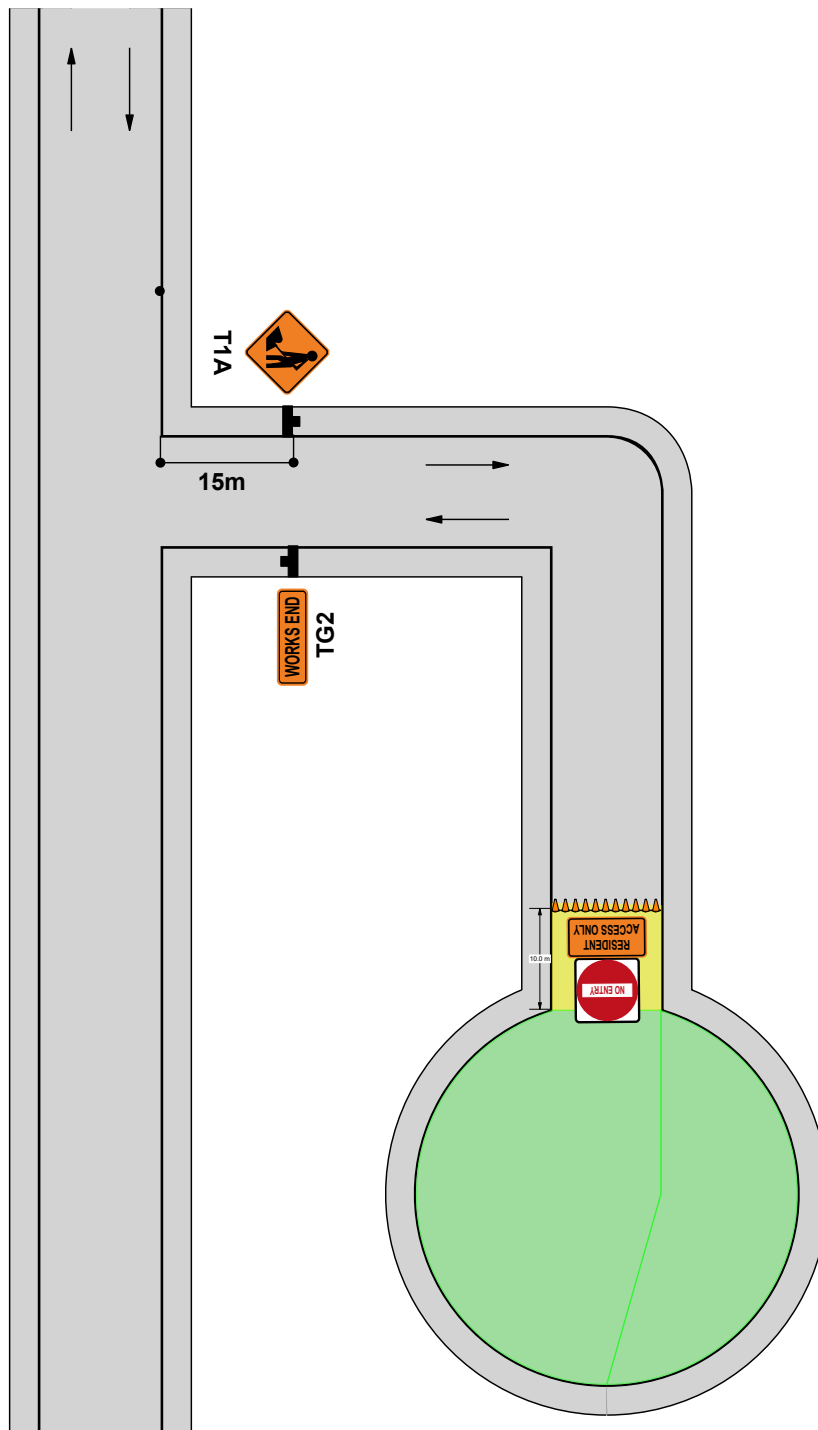
TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Cul De Sac - Closure

Access to maintained for Residents/Couriers/Emergency Services

ATMS08

Level 1



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Static operations**BUS STOP**
Bus Stop Relocation**ATMS10**
Level 1**Notes**

1. Inform Bus Stop users on site by:

- Covering existing Bus Stop sign(s)
- Ensuring Bus users have clear visibility of Temporary Bus Stop.

2. Distance between permanent and temporary stop is variable but temporary stop should be visible to passengers from existing stop. If not visible additional signage is required.

3. Temporary pad and/ or ramps to be used for pedestrian safety.

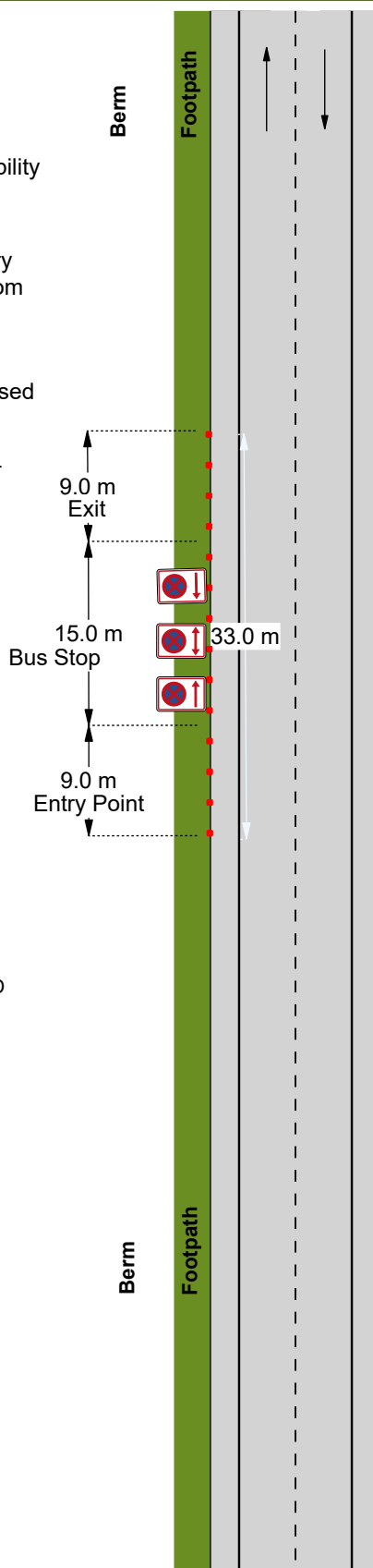
4. No parking signage (PN11 signage or Parking restriction signage with dates and times) to be clear and attached to cones.



Provide TEMPORARY BUS STOP sign (near the front of the stop)



Provide TEMPORARY BUS STOP [x]M AHEAD sign in advance of temporary bus stop.



Section F

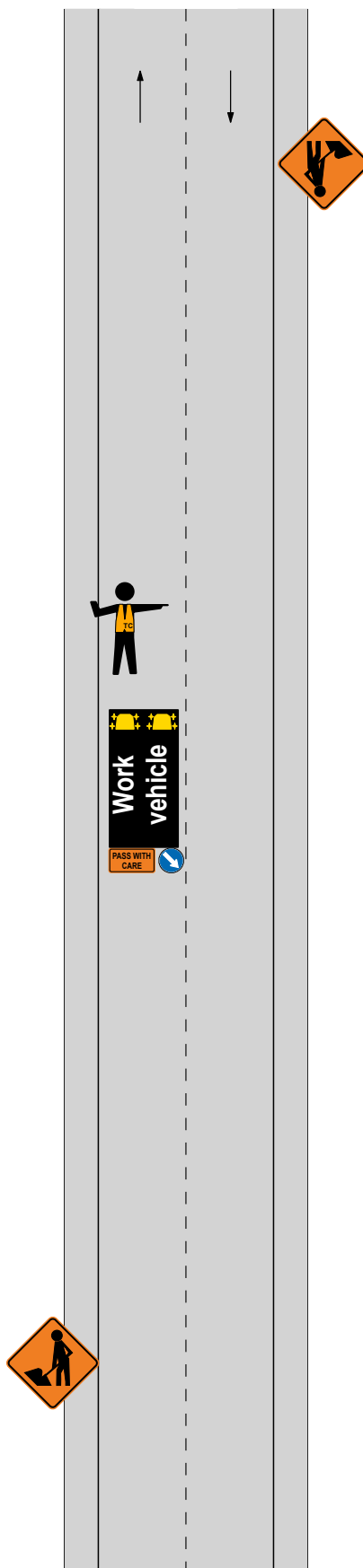
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Wellington City Council

Traffic control devices manual part 8 CoPTTM

01 November 2024



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Closure: Level 1 Mobile Closure

CAR RT042766

Level: 1 Wolfaardt
Wellington City Council

TMP Ref: Mobile L1 - TTM Install/Removal



01 November 2024

Main Roads List

Main Roads are the principal roads that connect the suburbs with each other, and connect the suburbs to the city. Main Roads also include many central city streets which get busy during peak traffic times. Streets which are part of the NZTA New Zealand State Highway Route from The Terrace tunnel to the Airport are also identified by **(State Highway)**. Streets which are part of the Over height route are identified in ***bold italics***.

Abel Smith St Adelaide Rd Aotea Quay Aro St Barnard St Bassett Rd Bay Rd Bidwell St Birdwood St Blackbridge Rd Boulcott St Bowen St Box Hill Bracken Rd Brandon St Britomart St Broadway Broderick Rd Brooklyn Rd Brougham St Buckle St (State Highway) Buller St Bunny St Burma Rd Cable St Calabar (State Highway) Cambridge Tce Carlton Gore Rd Cashmere Ave Centennial Highway Chaffers St Chaytor St Childers Tce Churchill Dr Cobham Dr (State Highway) Cockayne Rd Constable St Courtenay Pl Crawford Rd Crofton Rd Cuba St Curtis St Customhouse Quay Dixon St Dufferin St (State Highway) Elizabeth St Ellice St (State Highway) Evans Bay Pde Featherston St Garden Rd Ghuznee St	Glasgow St Glenmore St Grafton Rd Grant Rd Grey St Grosvenor Tce Hankey St Harriett St Harris St Hataitai Rd Hawker St Hawkestone St Helston Rd Hunter St Hutt Rd Jervois Quay John St Johnsonville Rd Johnston St Kaiwharawhara Rd Karo Dr (State Highway) Karori Rd Kelburn Pde Kent Tce (State Highway) Kenya St Khandallah Rd Kilbirnie Cres Kupe St Lambton Quay Lennel Rd Luxford St MacDonald Cres Maidavale Rd Main Rd Majoribanks St Manners St Mein St Mercer St Middleton Rd Miramar Ave Molesworth St Moorefield Rd Moxham Ave Mulgrave St Murphy St Newlands Rd Ngaio Gorge Rd Northland Rd Ohiro Rd Old Karori Rd Onepu Rd	Onslow Rd Oriental Pde Ottawa Rd Palliser Rd Panama St Park St Paterson St (State Highway) Perth St Raroa Cres Raroa Rd Riddiford St Rintoul St Rongotai Rd Ruahine St (State Highway) Rugby St (State Highway) Salamanca Rd Station Rd Stout St Sussex St (State Highway) Takapu Rd Tasman St Taranaki St (State Highway) Taurima St (State Highway) The Crescent The Parade The Rigi The Terrace Thorndon Quay Tinakori Rd Troy St Tory St Upland Rd Victoria St Vivian St (State Highway) Wadestown Rd Waikowhai St Wakefield St Wallace St Waring Taylor St Waterloo Quay Webb St Wellington Rd (State Highway) Whitehead Rd Whitmore St Willeston St Willis St Willowbank Rd Wilton Rd
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